The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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THE NEWS—Indexed and Summarized.

THE WEATHER— THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901.
Generally fair Thursday and Friday.
Sun rises at 5:05; sets at 6:51. Moon sets at 0:50 a. m.

SUMMARY OF
The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL.

R. D. Houghteling and Patrolman William Messenger badly wounded in revolver fight at Harrison Street Police Station, in which Desk Sergeant Scully took part. Messenger likely to die.

Mayor Harrison keeping his own counsel on the subject of the successor of Chief Kipley. He declared his choice would not be announced until next Council meeting.

Stephen Adamski's body found in the lake. Worry over the strike at the Mills novelty works believed to have caused suicide.

Bridgeport pumps started again as result of compromise between drainage trustees and Canal Commissioners.

Witness in grand jury investagation told how a nurse struck her when a patient at the County Hospital.

Sophomores of Rush College who attempted to break up freshman dance arrested for disorderly conduct.

Jury acquitted saloonkeeper of violating Sunday law because Chicago custom had killed the statute.

W. J. Bryan addressed Catholic Woman's National league in Handel Hall. Said he is out of politics.

Old building at Maxwell street and the Burlington tracks fell, killing one and injuring four.

Navajo, Pima, and Pueblo Indians passed through the city on way to Pan-American Exposition.

Potter Palmer gave use of two blocks in the Twenty-first Ward for a children's play ground.

Oriental Consistory observed 100th anniversary of establishment of supreme council.

Farragut Naval association celebrated anniversary of capture of New Orleans.

DOMESTIC.

Former friends of Professor Herron of Grinnell, Ia., told why he was forced out of Iowa College. His influence of the students was considered harmful. His actions scored.

In the Eastman murder trial the court ruled out the dying accusations of Grogan that Eastman was his slayer.

Electrician at Portland, Me., shot four persons in an insane frenzy, killing two of them. The others likely to die.

Black Jack, who was to be executed at Clayton, N. M., respited by the President. Mob may lynch him.

Two men killed and twelve hurt in Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton wreck near Dayton, O.

Body of Lincoln again placed in the reconstructed tomb at Springfield, Ill.

Son of a Kansas farmer said to be rightful heir to Servian throne.

NEW YORK.

Leading commercial associations to make vigorous protest to Governor Odell against bill granting elevated road privileges to New York and New Jersey Bridge company.

Daughter of Millionaire J. J. McComb said to have secretly married Louis Herzog a year ago.

Controller Coler in address before St. Vincent De Paul society scored Legislature.

Kearsarge, Massachusetts, and Alabama returned from practice cruise.

Classes in spelling may be started at Columbia College.

LEGISLATIVE.

Senate approved bond issue of $2,500,000 for small parks in Chicago; House granted Sanitary District permission to raise funds for widening Chicago River, and passed new primary election law for Chicago.

Governor Yates appointed William Thiemann, an Allen law supporter, member of Live Stock commission. Other appointments announced.

Herts and Smyth interests getting together on Senatorial reapportionment for Cook County.

WASHINGTON.

President and Secretary of War to confer today with the Cuban delegation, who will present the views of the islanders.

General Wood held long conference with Secretary Root, explaining situation in Cuba.

Secretary of War announced list of new Lieutenants in reorganized army.

BULLETIN OF
The Daily Tribune.

Pages.

1 **Pass the Small Parks Bill. New Playgrounds on North Side. Shooting in Police Station. Anonymous Letter Arouses Women. Cuban Plea to Be Heard Today.**

2 **Kaiser's Son at Bonn. New Life to an Old Law. War Not Ended in Samar. Claims on China Growing.**

3 **General News of New York. Eastman Gains Point in Trial. Shoots Four in Insane Frenzy. Suicide Because of Labor Trouble. Crowd Dismantling House Crushed.**

4 **Wm. Thiemann Given Good Post. Redistricting of State Certain. Lincoln's Body Rests at Last.**

5 **Herron's Friends Turn from Him. News of the Theaters. Cudahys Testify in Case.**

6 **American League Season Begins. Play on a Flooded Field. New World's Bowling Record.**

7 **O'Connor Fail to Appear. Century Celebration by Masons. May Lease Union Pacific.**

8 **Market for Harness Horses Booming**

9 **Talk of Successor to Kipley. "Tribune" Garden Contest. Naval Veterans Honor Farragut. Grand Jury Hears Hospital Plaints.**

10 **Chicago Commercial News. May Corn Up 1 5-8 Cents.**

11 **In the Financial World.**

13 **In the Society World. Short Story of the Day.**

FOREIGN.

Foreign envoys in Pekin say the Chinese indemnity will reach $325,000,000. Missonary boards arrived at partial basis for a settlement.

Crown Prince of Germany enrolled as student at Bonn University. Emperor and his son entertained at a Kommers.

Transport Kilpatrick, which recently sailed from San Francisco, quarantined at Hawaii because of smallpox.

Philippine commission unable to establish civil rule in Samar because insurgents are too belligerent.

British defeated slave raiding Emirs of northern Nigeria after heavy fighting.

Two Americans sent to prison in Jamaica for swindling laborers.

Irving's London theater may become variety hall.

King Edward to sail Shamrock II. in trial race.

Brilliant comet reported from Australia.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Northwestern said to be seeking control of the Union Pacific. This is believed to be the cause of tremendous deal in Union Pacific stock yesterday.

May corn reached 48¼ cents, the highest point so far in the Phillips bull movement.

Western Indiana stockholders hold meeting today to consider new issue of bonds.

SPORTING.

Chicago team made 993, the world's record for high average in three games, at State bowling tournament.

Comiskey's White Stockings signalized opening of its season by beating Cleveland 8 to 2.

American Pugilist Smith died from effects of his fight with Roberts in London.

Chicago University beat Beloit 9 to 8.

Cincinnati, 10; Chicago, 9.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOSTON		New England.
CHERBOURG	Deutschland	
GIBRALTAR		Werra
HALIFAX	Laurentian	
LIVERPOOL	Cufic	
LIZARD	Pretoria	
NEW YORK	Anchoria	Oceanic
NEW YORK	Armenian	St. Louis
NEW YORK	Teutonic	Lahn
NEW YORK		Kensington
QUEENST'WN		Saxonia
PHILADELP'A	Belgenland	
PLYMOUTH	Pretoria	
SAN FR'ISCO	Mariposa	

MR. KIPLEY'S GENERAL ORDER.

"JOE, I'LL HAVE TO LET YOU GO."

HOUSES APPROVE CHICAGO BILLS.

Senate Passes Plan for Small Parks, Authorizing Bond Issue in the Sum of $2,500,000.

DRAINAGE BOARD WINS.

Increase in Indebtedness for Purpose of Widening the River Is Given Indorsement in Lower Branch.

AMENDS THE PRIMARY LAW.

Polls in Cook County to Be Open from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., and Size of Districts Reduced Under the New Rules.

TAX LIMIT BILL IS UP TODAY.

SPRINGFIELD BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Springfield, Ill., April 24.

Action of importance to Chicago was taken in each branch of the State Legislature today. The Senate gave practically unanimous approval to the measure authorizing a bond issue of $2,500,000 to form small parks in Chicago, while the House by a vote of 101 to 6 passed the bill granting the Sanitary District Trustees permission to issue additional bonds to raise funds to widen the Chicago River. The claim was made in the debate on the latter measure that $5,000,000 is the limit that can be realized, while at least $80,000,000 will be needed, but after a lively discussion the opponents were defeated.

The House also by unanimous vote passed the primary election bill prepared by the Election commissioners of Cook County. It applies only to that county, the features of it being the changing of the districts to 700 population and requiring the polls open from 7 to 7. It also modifies the punishment to make convictions for fraud more probable.

The 5 per cent tax limit bill was taken up in the House, and after several amendments, which do away with the objections to its provisions, it was left on the order of second reading until tomorrow.

Senate Votes for Small Parks.

The small park bills which were introduced by Senators Hall and Milchrist were passed by almost unanimous vote of the Upper House. Together they permit the formation of a system of small parks in the north, west, and south Chicago districts. They authorize the district to issue bonds aggregating $2,500,000 for these small parks, provided the bond issues are approved by popular vote.

Mr. Beitler in the House today asked unanimous consent to have the Senate bill (Juul's) authorizing the creation of small parks on the West Side in Chicago read a first time and advanced to second reading without reference. Mr. Nohe objected and said he wanted the bill to take its regular course. Mr. Beitler was about to make a motion to suspend the rules when it was discovered that the bill had been sent to the printer and could not be read. Mr. Beitler then called up the Senate bill (Milchrist's) known as the South Side small park bill, and the Senate bill from the Senate Committee on Municipalities known as the North Side park bill, and the Senate bill (Milchrist's) which is the enabling act to carry out the small park theory. He had them read a first time and advanced to the order of second reading without reference.

Hot Debate on Drainage Plan.

When Mr. Bowles' bill, providing for the additional bond issue by the trustees of the Sanitary District for the purpose of raising funds to widen the Chicago River, was read a third time and placed upon its passage in the House today the author said the additional funds sought to be raised are necessary to place the river in condition to stand the 300,000 cubic feet flow per minute required by the United States government, and also to cause the water of the Illinois River to stand the chemical test, which will prevent litigation with the City of St. Louis. He explained that the required flow of the river in its present condition makes a current too strong for navigation, and that this improvement should be made in order that the river might be utilized for that purpose.

Mr. Christian opposed the bill on the ground that the amount of money which can be raised from the issue of bonds will not be sufficient to carry out the plans of the Sanitary Trustees. He said the additional bond issue could not net more than $5,000,000, while the lowest estimate which he had heard of the widening of the river is $80,000,000.

Declares Channel Is Completed.

He said the sanitary channel had been practically completed for drainage purposes and that he did not think it was proper to ask additional funds from the taxpayers to prepare the channel and the river for navigation purposes.

Mr. Bowles replied to this attack upon the bill, and said unless the change is made and pure water is given, the people of Will County will object and will see that the channel is closed. He said it was only a question as to whether the County of Will and other territories south should have pure water or whether the channel and the drainage of Chicago should be turned into the lake, from which the water is obtained for the use of citizens of Chicago.

Mr. Drew spoke in behalf of the bill and reiterated practically what Mr. Bowles had said regarding the effect in Will County, and what Will County might be depended upon to do if the relief is not granted.

The bill was passed by a vote of 101 years to 6 nays. Those voting in the negative were Messrs. Backus, Christian, Crawford, McDonough, Moran, and Morley.

Cicero Opposition Explained.

A committee consisting of W. A. Hutchinson, E. S. Conway, and O. W. Nash appeared before the Senate Committee on Waterways and Drainage to explain the position of the Cicero people regarding the bills of the Chicago drainage district. They said they had intended to oppose the new tax measure on the theory that their territory would be taxed specially for enlarging the Ogden ditch, which empties into Mud Lake. They had learned, however, after a conference with the drainage trustees, that the drain-

(Continued on fourth page.)

PALMER GIVES PLAY LOTS

ALDERMAN'S FATHER DONATES TWO LAKE SHORE BLOCKS.

Vacant Land on the East Side of Lincoln Park Boulevard Will Be Converted Into Amusement Grounds for Boys and Girls — Property Will Be Fitted Up and Equipped by the Twenty-first Ward Representatives for Their Young Constituents.

Aldermen Honoré Palmer and John Minwegen have joined forces for the improvement of the Twenty-first Ward. After an arm-in-arm tour of the ward they decided that it needed two playgrounds for children. Potter Palmer had two blocks on the east side of Lincoln Park boulevard which they concluded would serve the purpose admirably. At the suggestion of Alderman Minwegen Alderman Palmer put the proposition to Mr. Palmer, and the use of the ground has been secured.

One block, between Delaware place and Walton place, will be equipped as a playground for boys. The other, between Delaware place and Chestnut street, will be fitted up with apparatus as a playground for girls. The work of cleaning and scraping the girls' playground was begun yesterday. Both lots are 250x225 feet. They will be equipped with "flying Dutchmen," "merry-go-rounds," a small automobile, and everything the two Aldermen can think of. In the boys' ground a baseball field will be laid out. The use of the ground has been given indefinitely by Mr. Palmer.

Step Toward Beautifying Ward.

By establishing the play grounds the two Aldermen expect to reach two results. They expect to give the children of the lower portion of the ward a place which will keep them off the streets, and they expect to aid the movement towards beautifying the houses of the residents. So long as the boys play in the streets, Alderman Minwegen said, it was impossible to grow a grass plot in front of the house. He expects to get the boys off the street and give the grass a chance.

The tour of the ward which the Aldermen undertook was for the purpose of making Alderman Palmer as well acquainted with its alleys and its nooks as Alderman Minwegen is. While making the rounds the two Aldermen met the Mayor, who joined them in the opinion that the ward needed play grounds.

Palmer Will "Stick" to the Boys.

"The children of the ward stuck to me in my campaign," said Alderman Palmer to Alderman Minwegen, "and I intend to stick to them. It is too far for them to walk to Lincoln Park, and they can't pay carfare."

"We can keep our grass plots in front of our houses now," said Alderman Minwegen. "While the boys had to play in the streets in was heartbreaking to sod and plant trees. It had to be done all over again every year, and they could not be kept in condition. There has been no place but the street for the children of the lower end of the ward. In the upper end they could reach Lincoln Park. With the improvement of Green Bay Park and Bellevue Park with drinking fountains and shelter houses these two small places have been taken away from the children, and they had nothing. The streets were too dangerous for them."

The two playgrounds are within a short distance of the lake, there being no buildings between them and the shore, so that bathing places probably will be established in connection with the grounds.

HENRY IRVING'S THEATER FAILS TO PAY DIVIDENDS.

Stockholders Suggest a Variety Show or a "Cheery Burlesque" as More Profitable than Shakspearean Plays.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—At the meeting of the shareholders of the Lyceum Theater company (Sir Henry Irving's) today the fact that no dividend could be declared led to an acrimonious discussion.

Several of the stockholders said they were not in a position to pay for cultivating the higher form of drama, and suggested that lighter works be substituted. One shareholder suggested that it would be a good scheme to turn the house into a variety theater.

The chairman of the meeting expressed the hope that Sir Henry Irving's tour of the United States would alter the state of affairs in 1902.

An attempt was made to secure the appointment of a Committee of Inquiry, but it failed.

The chairman attributed the poor financial showing to the war and to the death of the Queen. The shareholders retorted that the directors ought to have insured against so likely a contingency as the death of the Queen, and, if Shakspeare were unprofitable, they ought to have tried something else. It was suggested that when the nation was depressed by war cheery burlesque ought to have been produced, not Shakspeare. The report was, however, finally adopted.

The shareholders also expressed dissatisfaction at the fact that Sir Henry Irving was not present, and criticised the board's general attitude towards him.

Replying to a question, the chairman said they had insured Sir Henry Irving's life while he was in the United States, but it would not pay to do so now, with the diminished receipts of the theater, for the premium would be enormous. It was due to an oversight that Sir Henry's name did not appear in the report, though he was still an adviser and they were not at loggerheads with him.

DR. F. W. GUNSAULUS TAKEN ILL

Helped from Train at Warsaw, Ind., Returns to Chicago, Canceling Lecture at Manchester.

Warsaw, Ind., April 24.—[Special.]—The Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus, pastor of Central Church, Chicago, was assisted from the train here tonight, ill. He was en route to North Manchester, Ind., where he was to have delivered a lecture. He was compelled to cancel his engagement, and on the advice of Dr. A. C. McDonald he took the next train back to Chicago.

At Dr. Gunsaulus' residence, 2618 Prairie avenue, it was stated last night that the clergyman was suffering from a severe cold, but was not seriously ill.

FOUND: THE SATISFIED MAN.

Sends $2 to the Water Department Because He Got Too Much Value for His Money.

For the first time since Chicago became a city a man has been found who is willing to admit that he got too much water for his money. In an anonymous letter received yesterday by Superintendent Nourse the penitent inclosed a $2 bill and explained that it was due the Water department for service rendered. The Superintendent gasped and at once established a conscience fund.

PISTOL FIGHT IN POLICE STATION.

Fourteen Shots Exchanged in Armory; Patrolman Messenger and R. D. Houghteling Are Hurt.

FORMER LIKELY TO DIE.

Desk Sergeant Scully Fires Several Times at Comrade's Assailant, Knocking Pistol from His Hand.

MOTIVE FOUND IN QUARREL.

Fourteen shots were exchanged by Richard D. Houghteling, Desk Sergeant James J. Scully, and Patrolman William Messenger in the Harrison Street Police Station shortly after noon yesterday. Houghteling was shot in the side, while Messenger received two wounds, one in the chest and the other in the left side. Houghteling was taken to the County Jail hospital and Messenger to St. Luke's Hospital. Both are seriously wounded. Houghteling probably will recover. Messenger early this morning was worse and it was said his wounds might prove fatal.

One of the bullets from Desk Sergeant Scully's revolver struck the cartridge chamber of the weapon held by Houghteling, and disabled it. Houghteling evidently had it turned toward himself, because the bullet struck back of the cylinder, in the opening through which cartridges are slipped into the chambers, wedging itself against the cylinder in such a way that it was immovable. The position of Houghteling's revolver is borne out by a statement made by him after the shooting that he intended to commit suicide. Scully's bullet knocked the pistol out of Houghteling's hand.

All the shots were fired at close range. The room was filled with smoke, while from half a dozen passageways policemen ran to the scene of the fusillade. As Lockupkeeper James Meaney, Bailiff John Griffin, and Fireman Michael Hurley took charge of Houghteling, Operator William Mahoney led Patrolman Messenger to an inner room.

"I guess I am done for this time, Billy," faltered the wounded patrolman.

"O, you're worth a dozen dead men," was the encouraging response of the operator.

Few People in the Station.

The shooting occurred at 12:20, while but few people were in the station. Desk Sergeant Scully and Patrolman Messenger, who was to be acting desk sergeant during the afternoon, were checking up the court sheets. Houghteling entered and exchanged a few words with Messenger, apparently referring to a quarrel earlier in the day.

"I want you to take back what you said to me," he called to Messenger through the wicket.

Messenger passed out of the door and told Houghteling to get out of the station, as he did not want any trouble with him. Houghteling drew his revolver as the policeman approached and fired. Scully looked up, and, drawing his revolver, fired through the wicket window at Houghteling. Then Scully ran through the wicket door and continued firing. Messenger also fired several times as Houghteling backed toward the Pacific avenue entrance, working his revolver as rapidly as possible, firing apparently at Scully and Messenger. Scully fired four shots, Messenger six, and Houghteling four. Finally, finding that his revolver would not work, Houghteling started down a corridor, but ran into the arms of Lockupkeeper Meaney and Bailiff Griffin, who dragged him back into the office and put him on the floor. Later he was moved to the steps, where he lay until taken to the hospital.

Wrongly Identified at First.

Considerable mystery surrounded the shooting until 4 o'clock, when Patrolman J. F. Riecks entered the station. Until that time it was believed another man than Houghteling had done the shooting. Riecks informed Inspector Hartnett that two girls had requested him and Messenger to keep an unknown man from following them at 12 o'clock near Clark and Harrison streets. Messenger, he said, told the man to move on, and some words passed between them. This statement led to the identification of Houghteling, who, Riecks said, was the man who was following the girls.

Houghteling's wound is serious. The bullet is lodged in the right lung, and the attempt of Dr. D. M. Brecker of the County Jail Hospital to probe for it was abandoned as dangerous. Houghteling was conscious during the examination of the physician and talked freely.

Houghteling Denies Any Motive.

"The bullet is now in the right lung," said Dr. Brecker. "I will attempt to remove it tomorrow when he has partially recovered from the shock. The man was under the influence of liquor when brought here and told me that the policeman whom he had shot was unknown to him. He declared that he had wandered into the station, and, after an altercation with the policeman, was shoved away from the desk.

"As he turned to remonstrate, he says, he was slapped in the face by the policeman, and, infuriated by the blow, fired at the policeman. Instantly realizing what he had done, he said, he lifted the weapon again to shoot himself, when it was struck from his hand by the bullet fired by the desk sergeant. He asserted that he had no grievance nor any reason for entering the station. The man probably will recover."

For five years Houghteling had resided in the Spain House, 177 Illinois street, and until two months ago had been a motorman on the Lake Street Elevated road. He was one of the first employés of the line, running a steam locomotive previous to the introduction of the electric system. Two months ago he resigned.

Houghteling had been heard at the Spain House to talk of revenge on some policeman.

"We never discovered who the policeman was," said William Spain, proprietor of the hotel. The only information given us was that he belonged on the South Side. During his stay here Houghteling drank little, and was quiet and reserved."

MISHAP ON SOUTH SIDE "L."

Train Runs Into Roundhouse at Sixty-second Street and Traffic Is Delayed.

While switching a South Side "L" train in the yards at Sixty-second street last evening, the train crew lost control of the cars, which crashed through the roundhouse. North-bound traffic was delayed over an hour.

STIR OVER SECRET LETTER

CHICAGO WOMAN'S CLUB ON TRAIL OF A MYSTERY.

Committee Appointed to Endeavor to Learn the Identity of the Person Who Has Been Making Anonymous Charges Against Mrs. Robert B. Farson—Election Pending, and Politics May Be Factor—Candidate Attacked on Personal Grounds.

The Chicago Woman's club took cognizance yesterday of an anonymous letter that has been circulated persistently about Chicago newspaper offices of late attacking Mrs. Robert B. Farson. The club passed a resolution appointing a committee to find out who wrote the letter, and declaring that the author would be expelled from the club if she is a member of it.

While the handwriting apparently is disguised, it is said that enough of the characteristic twists and turns of the pen remain to identify the writer, and, as a result, lively times are expected when the committee reports.

Mrs. Catharine Waugh McCulloch, Mrs. James L. Frake, and Mrs. Henry Solomon constitute the committee. The resolution follows:

That a committee of three be appointed by the chair to investigate and find out the writer of the anonymous letter, and, if she be a member of the Chicago Woman's club, that she be ignominiously expelled from its membership.

Makes Personal Attack.

The letter, which is signed "A Club Member," contains a bitter personal attack upon Mrs. Farson, relating to alleged business deals and, in effect, asking the club members whether they think Mrs. Farson is thoroughly qualified to be their President.

Especial zest is lent to the affair since the letter attacks one of the candidates for the Presidency of the club, with the election scheduled for Saturday. The opponent of Mrs. Farson is Mrs. Otto Matz, and the race between them is close and exciting.

Women Deal in Theories.

While none of the members of the club will say whose hand is suspected of writing the letter, theories of a general nature are advanced. Some say that an adherent of Mrs. Matz, misguided in her zeal, wrote the letter to defeat Mrs. Farson. Others say that one of Mrs. Farson's supporters wrote it in the belief that the odium of authorship would rest naturally on Mrs. Matz's supporters, thus injuring Mrs. Matz's chances of election. Both of these explanations were advanced at the club meeting yesterday.

When this meeting assembled a copy of the letter was read and those who had not received it personally became aware of its contents. There was a division on the question of appointing a committee to investigate the matter. One faction wanted to drop it, arguing that it was giving undue importance to a thing deserving no serious consideration.

Mrs. Lucy L. Flower, who presented the matter to the club, said she had consulted several members and found them to be agreed that something should be done. The charges against Mrs. Farson, she said, had been investigated by a lawyer and found to be absolutely false. After some discussion the club voted affirmatively on the resolution.

See Trouble in Prospect.

Prominent members of the club expressed the hope last night that the guilty member would not be found. They foresee a great deal of trouble should such a thing happen, in hearing and passing upon the evidence, whether satisfactory or not.

The club made every effort to suppress news of its action. The Press committee met for half an hour after the session, and a member asked Mrs. John D. Sherman, the chairman, to announce that no action had been taken on the anonymous letter. Mrs. Sherman refused to thus deny the facts, but agreed to say that such action as had been taken would be kept secret.

The anonymous letter writing began a year ago at the Milwaukee biennial, and then, as now, was directed at Mrs. Farson. Mrs. Farson was to be a candidate for the Board of Directors, although no nominations had been made. Before her name could be put in nomination the letter writing began. There was a cessation of letter writing, but the attack was resumed when the contest for the Presidency between Mrs. Matz and Mrs. Farson became sharp.

HANGS BY HIS CHIN FROM LIVE WIRE HIGH IN AIR.

John Carroll, a Commonwealth Electric Lineman, Has Narrow Escape While Working in Wilson Avenue.

Suspended from a live electric wire by his chin, John Carroll, a linesman employed by the Commonwealth Electric company, hung yesterday afternoon unconscious until, his face scared with burns, he was taken from his position by Leo Shunk, a fellow-workman. Then Carroll dangled at the end of his life line for ten minutes before assistance was secured and he was lowered to the ground. He was removed to the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, where it was said that there is a chance of his recovery.

Carroll, who is 25 years old and lives at 808 West Chicago avenue, was making repairs at a cross beam on a pole forty-five feet high at Wilson and East Ravenswood Park avenues. His chin came in contact with a live wire. He lunged forward, and with a cry caught the wire with his hand.

Shunk, on the opposite side of the cross beam, clambered across and pulled Carroll from the wire. Both workmen wore life lines six feet in length, which were attached to the beam, and Carroll hung by his life line till Shunk summoned assistance.

BLACK JACK RESPITED AND HE MAY BE LYNCHED.

His Guards Disgusted at the New Lease of Life Given the Desperado and Are Likely to Hand Him Over to a Mob.

Trinidad, Colo., April 24.—[Special.]—Tom Ketchum, or, as he is better known, "Black Jack," will be lynched at Clayton, N. M., before morning. He was to be hanged on Friday morning and arrived at the scene of execution today.

Late this evening a respite signed by President McKinley was received through Governor Otero. This had the effect of altering the sentiment of the citizens, who declared that the outlaw should swing to the nearest telegraph pole as soon as he could be taken from the officers of the law who brought him here from Santa Fé.

The officers are willing to surrender their prisoner, as they are only too anxious to have him put beyond further trouble. They will not have anything to do with the Sheriff if the latter wants to carry out the law. This means that the prisoner will be surrendered to the mob after a feint of resistance, and there will be no further need for Executive clemency.

CUBAN PLEA TO BE MADE TODAY.

President and War Secretary Ready to Give Hearing to Commissioners from Island.

GREETED BY OFFICIALS

Trade Relations with the United States to Be Discussed in Asking Favorable Terms.

LOW TARIFF DUTY URGED.

This Will Be Declared Impossible If It Is Necessary to Support the Government from the Customs Revenue.

NEWS FROM NATIONAL CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Washington, D. C., April 24.

Cuban Delegates to Be Received by the President.

The Cuban commissioners will have conferences tomorrow with the President and Secretary of War, at which they will present the views of the convention and the Cuban people. The delegates will make a strong plea for an independent government without any supervision by the United States. They attach much importance to the trade relations between Cuba and the United States, and will lay great stress upon this in the hope of securing terms which will do much toward developing the industries of the island.

The delegation arrived this morning. It consists of Diego Tamayo, member of the National party; Gonzales Llorente, a lawyer, who has achieved distinction as a scientist; Pedro Betancourt, Rafael Portuondo, and Domingo Mendez Capote, President of the Cuban constitutional convention.

The delegates, who were accompanied by an interpreter and two representatives of the Havana press, were met at the Pennsylvania station by Assistant Secretary of State Hill, Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, and Captain Sawtelle and Lieutenant Overton of the United States army, detailed for that purpose, and escorted to the Shoreham.

Almost the entire day the Cubans remained at their hotel. They were called upon by Assistant Secretary Hill and Assistant Secretary Sanger. They were reticent and declined to discuss with freedom the purposes of their mission until after seeing the President, but Señor Portuondo, in defining the attitude of the Cubans, repeated the statements made by him at Jacksonville, Fla., yesterday that a vast majority of his people are in favor of absolute independence, although they desire friendly relations with the United States. Regarding trade relations with the United States, General Portuondo said:

"We should not desire free trade with the United States if the independence of our country were established. We should require revenues to support our government and we would find it necessary to raise them by customs duties. What we would wish would be a specially devised system of tariff duties between the countries, making the rates as low as practicable and to the mutual advantage of both countries."

Gen. Wood Gives Facts on Affairs in the Island.

General Wood, the Governor of Cuba, arrived this morning. He was accompanied by his wife. He did not come with the Cubans, but for the purpose of informing the administration of the conditions in the island and giving the delegates the benefit of his assistance. General Wood was closeted with Secretary Root four hours, and he explained the complicated situation in Cuba. He is perfectly informed as to the desires of the delegation, and by acquainting the Secretary of War with the exact nature of the errand of the commission, Secretary Root is now prepared to deal with the questions which will arise during the discussion tomorrow.

Senator Platt, the author of the Cuban resolutions, was present at the conference, so he will be informed of exactly what the executive branch of the government is doing in regard to Cuba and to give the benefit of his knowledge of Cuban affairs.

The location of coaling stations was under consideration, and Rear Admiral Bradford of the Bureau of Equipment was called into the conference. He has made a special study of the subject, and has made recommendations in this connection.

Cut in Tariff on Sugar and Tobacco the Chief Plea.

Commercial relations between Cuba and the United States are regarded by the delegates as almost as important as the political relations. The Cubans have lost the market in Spain which they had before the Spanish war, and in the future the market for Cuban products will undoubtedly be found in this country. Sugar and tobacco are the principal products of Cuba, and a great deal of these products comes to this country.

The delegates will, therefore, endeavor to secure some concessions in the matter of tariff, at least on these two products. At present all Cuban sugar coming into this country pays the full tariff rate. The only advantage enjoyed by Cuban sugar is the fact that on nearly all foreign sugar coming into the country is imposed a countervailing duty equal to the export bounty paid by the country from which the shipments are made.

This advantage is not sufficient, in the judgment of the Cuban planters, to restore prosperity in the island and to justify working the plantations destroyed during the rebellion. The commission will try to secure some concessions which will be advantageous to the Cuban planters. If this cannot be done they would like to have the duty removed gradually, reducing it a certain percentage each year until the sugar is free of all duty.

The Cubans are extremely anxious to obtain a considerable reduction in the tariff on tobacco now imposed by the Dingley law.

This rate is extremely high and imposes great hardships upon the islanders.

When the commissioners confer with the President tomorrow he will explain to them the difficulties of securing concessions of this kind and will advise the delegates that Congress is the body which legislates on tariff, as well as on all other matters, and it is not a function of the executive branch of the government to increase or decrease tariff rates.

Annexation the Only Way to Gain Concessions.

With Cuba as an independent nation the difficulties will be great, and it will be easily seen that Congress will be slow to make any concessions in this direction, especially as there is much opposition from the sugar and tobacco interests to make any reductions in favor of Cuban products which in the slightest degree conflict with the interests of this country.

In addition to this, there is no disposition on the part of Congress to tinker with the tariff. With Cuba annexed to the United States, however, it will be an entirely different proposition, and if the Cubans should ask to be annexed and their wishes acceded to of course Congress would be disposed to deal more generously with the island, as it would then be a part of the United States.

President McKinley will explain to the delegates at the conference tomorrow that the Platt amendment is now a law of the land, and that it is impossible for him to change it. He will point out that the independence of the people will not be interfered with, but that the right of this government to intervene in the event of trouble, the establishment of coaling stations, and the other conditions imposed by Congress are for the benefit of the Cubans and in the interest of a stable government.

Platt Amendment Now Law and No Change Is Possible.

The President will impress upon the Cubans the importance of accepting the conditions and will inform them the only alternative will be for the troops to remain in Cuba until the conditions are accepted. He undoubtedly will give the Cubans to understand, in a way that will not injure their pride, that Congress considers it has redeemed its promise made in the Teller resolution, and as the Cubans have refused to acquiesce in the will of Congress that body may provide for a protectorate over the island, go even a step farther and perhaps annex Cuba to the United States.

There is a great deal of misunderstanding on the part of the Cubans in regard to the situation. The President and Secretary of War will explain these matters in such a plain way that the delegates will have a better understanding of it and will, it is believed, return to the convention and recommend the immediate acceptance of the conditions as the quickest and best solution of the problem confronting Cuba.

Of course the President will make it clear to the commissioners that it is the intention of the government to give the Cubans their independence when the guarantees are made which will insure a stable government in the island. He will also convince them there is not the slightest intention on the part of the United States to act in bad faith, but Congress and the people wish to give Cuba its freedom. If, however, the people of the island choose to cast their fortunes with this country after they have gained their independence that is a matter for them to determine.

Friends of Representative Babcock of Wisconsin were somewhat surprised when it was announced today that he is to be married tomorrow afternoon at White Plains, N. Y., to Mrs. Kate W. King. Mr. Babcock has served four terms in Congress. The bride-elect is a friend of long standing of Mr. Babcock's family. She is an accomplished musician, is a woman of wide literary culture, and, while a student, is also well versed in current topics, and can discuss politics with her husband, who, as chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign committee, has devoted the last eight years to the service of his party.

Congressman Babcock Will Be Married Today.

Mr. Babcock has a home on Capitol Hill, where he and his wife will reside next winter. Mr. and Mrs. Babcock will sail on the Aller on Saturday for Naples, and will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Babcock. The party will remain abroad until September, and will visit the principal cities on the continent.

Rural free delivery service will be established on June 1 at Greenwood, Johnson County, Ind. The route will be fifty-one miles long, cover an area of sixty-two square miles, and will have a population of 2,190. Two carriers will be assigned to the route. This service also will be established at Nora, Marion County. The route will be twenty-one miles long, cover an area of 30 square miles, and have a population of 500. One carrier will be assigned to this service. In Iowa a route will be established at Wapello, Louisa County, seventy-six miles long, covering an area of seventy-eight square miles, and having a population of 1,515. Three carriers will be assigned to the route.

Three More Rural Free Delivery Routes Arranged.

SELECTS NEW LIEUTENANTS.

Secretary of War Issues List of Those Entitled to Take Examinations for Army Appointments.

Washington, D. C., April 24.—The Secretary of War today made public the names of 588 men selected for First and Second Lieutenants in the regular army under the army reorganization bill. All of these men have had service either in the State or national volunteers or in the regular army. They have been ordered for examination, and should they pass will be appointed. Those named from the northwestern States are:

Illinois (24)—Richard H. Sutherland, Charles Cook, Kirkwin Taylor Smith, Edward Y. Miller, Harrison S. Kerrick, W. Lee Capps, James A. Ruggles, Frank B. Wood, Francis P. Machler, William R. Courtney, D. E. Moreland, Albert F. Gebert, Sebring C. Megill, A. C. Voris, Eben Swift, Joseph R. McAndrews, Hugh Kirkman, William E. W. MacKinlay, Milosh R. Hilgard, George P. Tyner, George A. F. Trumbo, Eugene E. Barton, Andrew W. Jackman, Frank W. Barber.

Indiana (14)—Charles S. Tarlton, John S. Johnston, George W. Biegler, Quincy E. McDowell, Charles R. Wood, Charles E. Dorlety, George E. Goodrich, Fred Alexander, Walter D. Bowman.

Iowa (12)—Francis H. Lincoln, Fred Shiras, Edward A. Kreger, Joseph Matson, Frank S. Long, Guy B. G. Hanna, W. H. Point, William E. Parvin, Edward W. Clark, Wilson G. Heaton, Robert T. Crawford, George A. Densmore.

Michigan (13)—William B. Wallace, William R. Downey, Frank D. Buckingham, William F. Pack, Fred Bury, Roy J. Taylor, Albert E. McCabe, Robert J. Bates, George H. White, William G. Fleischhauser, Robert S. Welsh, Frank H. Burton, Arthur W. Orton.

Minnesota (8)—James G. Taylor, Ralph Emerson Herring, Fred H. Parks, George L. Becker, Alfred S. Morgan, Walter H. Johnson, John N. Love, A. W. Bjornstead.

Nebraska (7)—Henry M. Morrow, Clarence C. Culver, Wallace C. Taylor, Orville R. Perry, Lewis S. Ryan, Charles C. Pulis, William G. Doane.

North Dakota (1)—W. R. Moffatt.

Ohio (23)—Walter Harvey, George Brandle, Frederick E. Coe, Richard T. Ellis, William F. Herringshaw, Henry C. White Jr., William M. Goodale, Fred J. Herman, William A. Castle, Lorenzo D. Gasser, Philip Yost, Charles G. Bickham, J. F. Bishop, David A. Snyder, Carl K. Mower, Anawell Deltsch, Harry D. Mitchell, Percy H. Hawkins, Guy E. Manning, Edward P. Barber, Arthur T. Balentine, William E. Gilmore, David M. Dodge.

Wisconsin (11)—John B. Shuman, Frank L. French, Harry W. Newton, John H. Baker, Reuben D. Blanchard, Edward K. Massee, John C. Ohnstan, Frederick P. Cook, Robert F. Woods, John H. Lewis

KAISER'S SON IN SCHOOL AT BONN.

Crown Prince of Germany Enrolled at the Famous University.

GIVEN A WARM WELCOME.

Event Celebrated by a Kommers with a Brilliant Assembly.

JOINS AN EXPENSIVE CLUB.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

BERLIN, April 24.—The enrollment of the Crown Prince as a student at the Bonn University was performed with brilliant and picturesque ceremony in the great hall of the university today. Tutors in academic gowns, military visitors in uniform, and students' corps filled the place with color. The enthusiasm of the participants vented itself in continuous cheering. The rector, in an address, welcomed the Crown Prince, and said he hoped he would unite serious study with the buoyant spirits of youth.

"The strong arm of the Emperor," said Rector La Valette, "secured Germany's frontiers and the German flag waved over all seas. Art, science, trade, and commerce flourished under the wise protection of their genial Emperor. Just as the Emperor, as a student, had won the hearts of all, so would the Crown Prince soon learn how truly and warmly all hearts beat in unison with his."

The Crown Prince then entered his name on the register, and the rector grasped his hand and greeted him as the youngest member of the university.

Kommers in the Evening.

The Borussia corps entertained Emperor William and the Crown Prince at a kommers in the evening. His Majesty made a speech, in which he referred to his own happy student days. He told his hearers:

"You are now Germans in a German land, citizens of a strongly defined German nation, to labor for which you are all here to be trained. Splendidly grown and developed the empire now stands before you. May a firm, manly resolve to work for Germania—to raise, strengthen, and uphold her—keep your hearts aglow. The future awaits. You will need your strength, but not simply to squander it in cosmopolitan dreams, nor in the service of one-sided party tendencies, but to foster stability of national thought and ideals.

Old Empire and the New.

"You must rejoice at being young Germans as you traverse the country from Aix la Chapelle to Mayence—that is: from Charlemagne to Germany's time of splendor under Barbarossa. But why did all that splendor come to naught? Because the old empire was not founded upon a strong national basis.

"The universal idea of the old Roman kingdom did not permit the German nation to develop in the German national sense, therefore Barbarossa's splendor had to fade and the existence of the old empire had to cease because it was hindered by its universalism from crystalizing into a nation, and it developed instead into a number of strong principalities which furnished the groundwork for the new structure of state.

"These coming into conflict with the Emperor and the empire, eternal peace was lost to the ever-weakening empire.

"The Princes envied the Emperors their power as they once did Arminius in spite of his victory. The nobility envied the towns which had become rich and the peasantry envied the nobility. What unhappy results and heavy misfortunes has our dear, beautiful Germany suffered?"

Crown Prince Is Welcomed.

The kommers was attended by all the students of the university, by Prince Schaumberg-Lippe, Dr. Studt, Prussian Minister of Public Instruction and Public Worship, the curator and the rector of the university, and many other prominent persons. Herr Trendelburg, member of the university rowing club, formally welcomed the Crown Prince and drank his health. Responding, the Crown Prince expressed his thanks and said he could give his word for it that the years spent at Bonn would be happy ones. He concluded exclaiming: "Vivat crescat et floreat die studenchaft Bonns."

Thereupon the Emperor, amid loud and prolonged hurrahs, gave the signal for the toast.

The Crown Prince was subsequently enrolled as a member of the students' corps known as the "Borussia," an exclusive and expensive corps, which has its own sumptuous clubhouse and possesses the identical armchair in which Beethoven died. At present this corps consists of only eight members, most of whom are Princes, but it is expected that many others will be attracted now that the Crown Prince has joined.

Emperor William has a beautiful castle at Brunn, near Bonn, but it has been decided that the Crown Prince shall reside in a modest villa in town.

SPLIT IN BRITISH CABINET.

Daily Mail Says Hicks-Beach Offered to Resign Because Opposed by Chamberlain.

LONDON, April 25, 3 a. m.—The date of Lord Salisbury's return to London from the Riviera is still problematical, and the rumors of Cabinet trouble over the budget are increasing.

According to the Daily Mail, the framing of the budget revealed considerable dissension. Mr. Chamberlain, the Colonial Secretary, wanted the whole cost of the war raised on the credit of the south African colonies.

To these schemes, however, with the exception of the coal duty, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach turned a deaf ear, and, on being pressed, he offered to resign. Mr. Chamberlain, according to the Daily Mail, favored the resignation, but Lord Salisbury and Mr. Balfour strongly opposed it.

Mr. Chamberlain is credited with urging the resignation of the Cabinet, with the double object of getting rid of Sir Michael Hicks-Beach and of proving to the country that there is no alternative government, as the opposition would, under existing conditions, decline the task of forming a Cabinet.

SEE COMET IN SOUTHERN SKY.

Stellar Visitor Is Reported Simultaneously from Australia and South Africa.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

SYDNEY, N. S. W., April 24.—A brilliant comet was seen throughout Australia tonight. It was near Aldebaran.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

CAPE TOWN, April 24.—A large comet was seen in the eastern sky here tonight.

Humbert's Assassin Now Insane.

PARIS, April 24.—A dispatch to the Rappel from Rome says that Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has become mad in consequence of the ill treatment of his jailers

SPANISH PRINCESS MAY BE DIVORCED.

Infanta Eulalia, defendant in action brought by her husband, Don Antonio de Bourbon.

NEW LIFE TO OLD LAW.

DECEASED WIFE'S SISTER MARRIAGE BILL AGAIN UP.

British House of Commons, After a Long Debate, Passes the Long Contested Measure on Second Reading by a Vote of 279 to 122—King Edward Said to Favor It and Its Friends Believe It Will Finally Pass—Feature of the Discussion.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—In the House of Commons this evening the second reading of the deceased wife's sister marriage bill was carried by a vote of 279 to 122.

The debate on the bill consumed a large part of today's session. When the bill last reached its second reading stage in the House of Commons, in 1891, it was carried by 202 to 155 votes. In 1896 the bill passed its third reading in the House of Lords by 142 to 104 votes, but it was afterward blocked in the House of Commons.

King Edward's well known interest in the adoption of the measure, it is hoped by its supporters, will help it through on this occasion.

Sir William Gordon, Liberal, in moving the second reading today, urged in support of his motion that such marriages were permitted throughout the United States. The opponents of the bill asserted that it was only introduced in the interest of certain rich and influential people who had broken the law and desired to be whitewashed. The women of England were opposed to the measure, as they considered it would be destructive of the framework of civilization.

Lord Hugh Cecil, son of Premier Salisbury, was among the most vigorous opponents of the bill. He reiterated the statement of a previous speaker that its purpose was to whitewash wealthy persons who had broken the law. The bill, he said, violated the Christian law of marriage. After further debate Sir William Gordon moved the closure, which was carried by 290 to 106 votes, and the bill then passed its second reading.

ENDS A WAR IN WEST AFRICA.

British Expedition Defeats the Slave Raiding Emirs of Northern Nigeria with Native Troops.

LONDON, April 24.—Brigadier General Sir Frederick Ludgard and Colonel G. V. Kembell, with a force of west African frontier troops, have completed a campaign against the slave-raiding Emirs in northern Nigeria.

The British defeated the Emir of Kontagora after heavy fighting, 5,000 natives frequently charging the British square. The British captured the capitals of both Bida and Kontagora and released thousands of slaves.

The Emirs have been the terrors of the country for years and killed thousands of natives during the last year. They are now entirely powerless, and this was brought about without the assistance of white troops.

SWINDLE MANY IN JAMAICA.

Two Americans Sent to Kingston Prison for Making False Contracts with Laborers for Cuba.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, April 24.—Frank Fuller and Thomas Smith, Americans, have been sentenced to six months' imprisonment for having made false contracts here with Jamaican laborers to work in Cuba. A police investigation showed that a large swindle had been perpetrated, Fuller and Smith exacting passage money from each laborer with whom they made contracts. Fuller is also held on a charge of forgery.

OPENS THE JOHN BROWN ROOM.

King Edward Converts the Scotch Gillie's Memorial Apartment into a Billiard-Room.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—The apartment occupied by John Brown, the Queen's famous Scotch gillie, at Windsor Castle, which has been kept rigorously closed for eighteen years, has been reopened, cleared out and redecorated, and will probably be converted into a second billiard-room.

KING WILL SAIL SHAMROCK II.

British Ruler to Manage Lipton's New Yacht in One of the Trial Races.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

GLASGOW, April 24.—The Evening News says King Edward will sail Shamrock II. in one of the trial races early in May.

Morgan to Go to Aix-les-Bains.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan is about to leave London for Aix-les-Bains.

A pure article of champagne is a healthy beverage. Get Cook's Imperial Extra Dry, 40 years' record.

WAR NOT ENDED IN SAMAR

REBELS TOO ACTIVE TO WARRANT CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

Philippine Commission Finds Six Hundred Insurgents Still in the Field—Friendly Natives Urge Military Occupation of Thirty-three Towns—One Hundred and Fifteen Officers and 2,157 Bolomen Surrender at Narbacan—Revolt Is Ended at Panay.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

MANILA, April 24.—The Philippine commission left the Island of Samar without organizing civil governments. There are said to be 600 insurgents with rifles still out there. Seven companies of the First Infantry and one light battery are garrisoning seven of the forty towns. The commission met representatives of these seven towns, who asked that the Americans garrison the remaining thirty-three.

The commission promised to ask for an increased military force on its return to Manila.

The insurgents fired from the hills into Catbilogan yesterday before the arrival of the commission at that place. The firing caused no damage, and troops went out this morning to disperse the rebels.

Many Surrender at Narbacan.

One hundred and fifteen insurgent officers and 2,157 bolomen surrendered to the Americans at Narbacan on April 22. They also presented rolls of membership which showed that the secret organization known as the Katipunan society existed in all barrios.

Rebellion Ends in Panay.

Major Noble, Adjutant General of the Department of the Visayas, has received the surrender of Quentin Salas and three of his officers. All the insurgents under Salas will surrender soon. It is claimed this will terminate the insurrection in the Island of Panay.

COMPLAINS OF MILITARY LAW.

Former Treasurer of Cape Colony Addresses the Liberal League in London.

LONDON, April 24.—J. X. Merriman, the former Treasurer of Cape Colony, and who is now a representative of the Afrikander bond in England, speaking at a meeting of the League of Liberals today against aggression and militarism, said military law was established in Cape Colony. The newspapers had not heard of the treachery and espionage going on. Respectable people were committed on the evidence of natives alone. They were brought up and fined for harmless observations, called seditious, and the town guards harried them. These things created greater irritation and indignation than actual violence. The press was deliberately stopped, and four editors had been sent to jail. The fruits of this policy would be bitter, as the memory of these insults burned the hearts of the people.

Martial law and the censorship throughout Cape Colony prevented the people of England from knowing the hardships of the Dutch. As an Englishman, Mr. Merriman said, he viewed the policy pursued in Cape Colony with the blackest dismay. If persisted in, south Africa was lost to the British empire. The only thing that could save it was recognition that the people wanted self-government, and were determined to have it.

Boers Loot British Camp.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

CAPE TOWN, April 24.—Fifteen Boers under the command of a local Cape Colony rebel have looted the camp of the Cape police at Allemans Poort, near Dordrecht. They succeeded in stealing several horses.

BURY FIVE IN ONE GRAVE.

French Farmer Believed to Have Murdered His Children in Order to Marry a Widow.

CHARTRES, France, April 24.—The bodies of the five murdered children of the farmer named Briere who were killed on April 21 were buried this afternoon in a common grave.

Briere, who claimed that the murders were committed by two tramps, but who is suspected of having slain the children himself in a fit of drunken madness, has not yet confessed, but the authorities are satisfied he is the murderer.

The motive of the murders appears to be that Briere wanted to marry a widow who had rejected him on account of his large family. The crime has caused a tremendous sensation throughout France.

Must Pay $5,000 for Libel.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—In court here today Charles McCarthy was awarded $5,000 damages in his libel suit against the Evening News. This paper made a statement to the effect that McCarthy deserted a company which he had taken to Paris to play "The Big Fire in New York" during the exposition last year.

CLAIM ON CHINA GROWS LARGER.

Foreign Envoys in Pekin Say Amount Will Be $325,000,000 July 1.

AGREE ON THREE POINTS.

Missionary Boards Reach a Partial Basis for a Settlement.

CHAFFEE DOES NOT EXPLAIN

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

PEKIN, April 24.—Three officers who were assisting Li Hung Chang in the negotiations conferred with the British, German, French, and Japanese Ministers, who told them that the amount of the indemnity claims would reach $325,000,000 by the end of June. If matters were not settled by that time they would increase at the rate of $500,000 per month on account of the expense of maintaining the military forces. It is still uncertain how China is to raise the money.

Chou-Fu, Provincial Treasurer of Pao-Ting-Fu, who is helping Li Hung Chang, was appointed to confer with the missionaries for a separate settlement of their claims for losses in Chili Province. Bishop Favier represented the French Catholic missions, the Rev. Mr. Owen the British Protestant missions, and the Rev. Dr. Tewksbury the American board. The meeting was an informal one.

Three Points of Agreement.

The points established were three. First, China's willingness to indemnify native converts for any losses they may have sustained if arrangements to that end have not already been made; second, that an attempt would be made to meet all the losses sustained by the missions outside Pekin; and, third, that it would be impossible for the local authorities to meet the losses sustained by missionaries and converts in Pekin itself. Such an arrangement is satisfactory, though it will afford the officials a chance for exacting commissions.

In making an estimate of their losses the Rev. Dr. Tewksbury presented a list of articles which had been confiscated since the siege and the price at which they had been sold. This amount will be deducted from the claims of the American board. Similar action was taken by Bishop Favier some months ago through a depufy.

Germans Cause Indignation.

The Germans have been ordered back from the Pao-Ting-Fu expedition. Their behavior for the last week or so has caused great indignation in Pekin, not only among the Chinese, but among the foreigners as well. Carts, horses, mules, and ponies have been impressed for transportation purposes; coolies have been made to work for nothing, and even educated Chinamen have been impressed. A contractor working for an American Quartermaster was impressed while at work and was only released on proof that he was working for the Americans. An employé of the British legation had a similar experience.

Find Nineteen Krupp Guns.

TIEN TSIN, April 24.—The British have discovered nineteen Krupp field guns, with a quantity of ammunition, buried in the vicinity of Shan Hai Kwan.

Chaffee's Action Not Understood.

Washington, D. C., April 24.—Nothing is known here officially of the reported issue between General Chaffee and Count von Waldersee as to the possession of the gate to the Forbidden City, now held by the American troops.

The officials are not able to offer any definite theory in explanation of General Chaffee's action. On one hand it is suggested that this particular gate may give access to the place selected by Minister Rockhill and Mr. Squire for the future American Legation.

On the other, it is recalled that the American troops were the first to possess themselves of this gate, and General Chaffee may feel it to be his duty, when he relinquishes his position, to turn it over to the Chinese, its original possessors. No one here is aware of any special title in this property possessed by the Germans.

QUARANTINE TROOPS AT HAWAII.

Army Transport Kilpatrick, from San Francisco, Detained on Account of Smallpox.

HONOLULU, April 17, via San Francisco, Cal., April 24.—The transport Kilpatrick arrived here on the 18th from San Francisco with two cases of smallpox on board, and several cases of mumps and measles. It is in quarantine outside the harbor, and will not leave Honolulu until it has been thoroughly cleaned and fumigated. All the soldiers on board will be transferred to another vessel.

The native home rule party has changed its name to Independent Home Rule Republican party, in accordance with the suggestion made by Delegate Wilcox that the natives join the Republican party. Wilcox is now a Republican, and a majority of the leaders of the independent party of the last campaign have followed his change.

The House has killed the bill to give ex-Queen Liliuokalani $150,000, owing to a discovery that the measure was illegal.

HEARS BOERS INFECT HORSES.

Animals Shipped from America Full of Disease, According to Report to London Paper.

LONDON, April 25, 3 a. m.—"It is reported," says the Daily Chronicle this morning, "that the British agent in New Orleans has discovered that Boer agents, employed as cattlemen, have infected horses destined for south Africa with glanders and other diseases. Hundreds of these animals are said to have died on the way to the Cape, while many on their arrival have had to be killed.

"The government has wired the British agents in Texas and elsewhere to take some precautions, and it is hoped that the United States authorities will also take measures."

The Daily Chronicle refers to the report as "incredible."

The correspondent of the Globe in Bermuda, writing under date of April 9, says Tucker's and Darrel Islands have been taken over by the British government and will be prepared for the reception of Boer prisoners.

Honor for James McNeill Whistler.

BERLIN, April 24.—Mr. James McNeill Whistler, the painter, has been elected a member of the Dresden Academy of Arts.

Earthquake Shock in Rome.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

ROME, April 24.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here this afternoon. It is reported it damaged the Raphael Loggia in the Vatican.

France Honors Russian Minister.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 24.—M. Delcasse, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, has presented the Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honor to M. Sipiaguine, the Russian Minister of the Interior.

TO RENT

The Tribune Twentieth Century Building.

Stores, Banking Rooms, and Offices.

To be ready for occupancy about April 1, 1902.

The Tribune Building,

Southeast Corner Dearborn and Madison-sts.

THE TRIBUNE BUILDING will occupy 6 city lots, or twice the area of the present building. The dimensions will be 144 by 120 feet on the ground, and height about 170 feet.

The building will be twelve stories, and will equal, if not surpass, the finest office building in Chicago.

IT IS TO COST ABOVE $1,000,000, and the Geo. A Fuller Company, the Contractor, is under a guarantee to have it finished by April 1, 1902.

The architects are Holabird & Roche, whose names are a sufficient guarantee of thorough workmanship.

The approach to the building will be through a magnificent entrance of marble and mosaic, containing two broad, easy flights of stairs to the second floor.

The entire building will be finished in mahogany, the corridors will have mosaic floors and marble wainscoting. The building will be wired for electric lights and every room will have outside light and air, making it the best lighted building in the city.

Hot and cold water, vaults, and coat closets will be supplied with each suite of offices.

Partitions will be arranged to suit tenants.

Seven hydraulic elevators of the best and most rapid type and equipped with the most approved form of safety devices will give access to the upper floors. Large freight elevator will be placed in the rear with access from the alley.

All glass in the building will be polished plate glass.

Storage space can be had in the attic for the use of tenants.

THE FIRST FLOOR will be finished in STORES.

THE SECOND FLOOR will be suitable for financial institutions requiring large space and vaults, and will have mosaic floors.

THE THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS will be occupied entirely by The Tribune Company.

THE UPPER EIGHT FLOORS will be divided into offices, and, if applications for space are made in time, the ROOMS WILL BE ARRANGED TO SUIT TENANTS.

Further information can be obtained by applying to the agents,

William D. Kerfoot & Co.,
85 Washington Street.

Edelweiss BOTTLED BEER

A good beer is wholesome, poor beers are harmful. Edelweiss Beer is absolutely pure, both in its ingredients and its brewing. Rigorous care is exercised in maturing and bottling it, thus making an ideal family beverage.

Doctors indorse it.
Everybody likes it.

Bottled only by
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KNOX HATS.
Swell Styles Ready for Spring
LADIES' SAILORS AND SOFT FELTS FOR 1901
JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.

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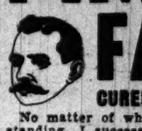

CURED NOW STAY CURED

No matter of what origin or how long standing, I successfully treat and permanently cure pimples, eruptions, blackheads, enlarged pores, and all disorders affecting the skin, the scalp, complexion, and nerves by scientific treatments specially prepared by me to meet the requirements of each individual case. Full information with book free.

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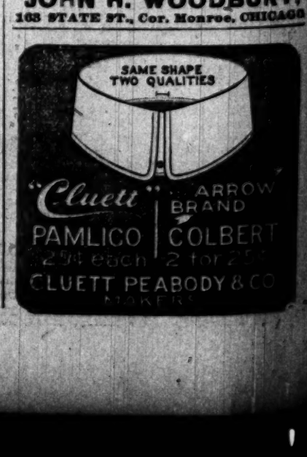

PREPARE ATTACK ON BRIDGE BILL.

Protests Are Formulating Against New York-New Jersey Franchise.

ODELL TO GIVE HEARING.

Controller Coler Enlists the Co-operation of Many Strong Industrial Organizations.

GENERAL GOSSIP OF GOTHAM.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, April 24.

A protest as vigorous and bitter as it is unusual is to be made to Governor Odell against the bill granting elevated railroad privileges to the New York and New Jersey Bridge company. Leading commercial associations of the city have united with the municipal officials to oppose the measure. Governor Odell has set as the time for a hearing on the bill next Tuesday at 12:30 o'clock. Mayor Van Wyck and Controller Coler had a long conference about the matter. The Controller said after the conference:

Will Fight Bridge Bill at Albany.

"The city should build and own the elevated railroad approach along West street to the North River bridge, renting or leasing the right to use it to any individual or corporation. The value of such a franchise is so great that the city should retain the property and obtain the revenue from it. The city has already expended $40,000,000 on dock improvements along the North River water front, and the property improved is now worth $100,000,000. It would be absurd to turn over the use of this great public property to a private corporation.

"As I understand the bill, if the company should earn $10,000,000 a year from the operation of the bridge and approaches it would pay to the city only a percentage on $1,000,000 of the amount. The bill gives the company a complete monopoly of freight business along the North River water front from Fifty-ninth street to the Battery."

Delos E. Culver, one of the men who is most interested in the terminal plan, and who devised the plan in 1895, said today that only one railroad company could be behind the scheme, and that only Benjamin W. Wright, George Young, G. H. Bauschall, General James S. Clarkson, and Dr. Edward Mallory Culver were interested in it. He also said that the plan was to float $100,000,000 worth of gold bonds for the construction of the bridge.

Dr. Culver is a son-in-law of United States Senator Clark of Montana.

Controller Coler, who delivered an address on "Greater New York and Its Possibilities," under the auspices of the St. Vincent de Paul society, at Carnegie Hall tonight, denounced in unmeasured terms legislation at Albany which he considered adverse to the city's interests and inimical to the principls of home rule. He bluntly called such legislation "thievery," and branded the men behind certain schemes as "thieves." He findirectly said good things of Tammany. "There is," he cried, while discussing the New York and New Jersey Bridge bill, "$10 stolen at Albany where there is $1 stolen by the officials of this city." Continuing, he said:

Coler Delivers Address on Legislative Reform.

"If the people of New York do not wake up, if they don't quit straining at gnats and swallowing camels, there will soon be no money left on Manhattan Island for patrons of poolrooms to gamble with, no virtue left for special committees to protect.

"We profess to be greatly scandalized by petty lapses of honesty within our gates, and close our eyes to a palpable steal involving $50,000,000 to $100,000,000 at Albany. We don't adopt the proper methods always. The destruction of personal liberty by a policeman's club may intimidate and anger men, but it will never reform them. Prohibitive laws may have their uses, but if they place in the hands of cranks the power to scourge humanity they are disastrous."

John Schuck, 29 years old, shot himself tonight in the home of Mrs. Mary O'Donnell. Two days ago Schuck came here from Kansas City and went to work in Park Row as a bookkeeper. He seemed oppressed by the thought of the fierce competition here among all classes, and more than once he expressed regret at leaving such a quiet little place as Kansas City.

M. de Routkowsky, the financial agent of Russia in the United States, is in this city on his way to St. Petersburg. In speaking of the financial situation in Russia and the probability of a Russian loan being offered in New York City, M. de Routkowsky said: "A press dispatch from Berlin speaks of the supposed intention of the Russian government to float a loan in the United States. M. de Witte, the Minister of Finance in St. Petersburg, has given most emphatic and official denials of the stories that the imperial treasury needs any money.

Russian Agent Says Nation Needs No Loan.

"The official declarations of the Minister of Finance in St. Petersburg have been supplemented by independent statements which I have made for the press, in which these rumors have been declared to be incorrect. It may be said emphatically that the imperial Russian treasury is not in need of money, notwithstanding its large expenditures in the far East.

"Where the United States during the Spanish-American war borrowed $200,000,000, where the British government during the Transvaal war borrowed, and is borrowing, over $400,000,000, and where the German government for its operations in China has sold German bonds to the amount of $20,000,000, the imperial Russian government has declined all offers made to float a bond issue, because the revenues from the government for the last eight years have been far in excess of ordinary expenditures.

"Not only have ordinary expenditures been met by the imperial revenues, but the government has been able to construct from its surplus revenues the whole of the Transsiberian railway, which will be worth when finished $400,000,000, and to continue to construct other railroads."

The four-story brown stone house at South Oxford street and De Kalb avenue, Brooklyn, which has long been the home of the Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage, was sold today at auction for $12,500. This is a little over half what Dr. Talmage paid for it.

The story of the robbing of the treasure-room of the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse on its last voyage from this port and the disappearance of three gold bars worth about $23,000, was told in detail today by Theodore Magers, a bedroom steward of the second cabin just after the Kaiser, in from Bremen on Tuesday night, tied up at the foot of Gansevoort street. Magers found the missing bullion while he was cleaning a cornice in an alleyway of the upper deck on the starboard side, well aft, between the second cabin dining saloon and the second cabin staircase.

Tells Story of Finding Stolen Gold Bars.

The place where the bars were hidden is between two steel stanchions, which were identified by pencil marks. It was not until the ship was within two hours of Cherbourg that it was discovered that the treasure-room had been entered. The lock had been forced, apparently with a jimmy. It was not until the ship had been three days in Bremen that Magers found the gold bars.

Purser A. Tielbaar, ho had charge of the two keys of the treasure-room, said:

"It is probable that the gold was stolen and secreted the night before the ship left this port."

The Finance committee of the United States Steel corporation is reported to have arranged with a number of local banks to meet the cash necessities of the corporation. The National City Bank and the National Bank of Commerce will arrange with a system of banks outside of New York, so that the demands of the steel corporation will be met at all times without affecting the money market.

A disfigured mailroom envelope, bearing an address in childish hand, was delivered by a Newark postman to 6-year-old May Bertl of 492 High street, Newark, today. The letter was addressed "Mr. Santa Claus, Joyville, Iceland," and had been written by the little girl last November. It was with no thought of her ever seeing the letter again that the child's aunt advised her where to direct it to the mythical place. The envelope contained a request for Christmas gifts. The appearance of the missive as it was returned, however, indicates that it had a long journey, including a trip to the dead letter office at Washington.

Child's Letter to Santa Claus Is Returned.

By means of the postmarks on the envelope the letter's journeying was traced. It went from Newark to New York, thence to Copenhagen, Denmark; and then to Scotland. Other localities stamped on the envelope were Reykjavik and Pinzeycarsysia, Iceland.

As Mr. Santa Claus was not known at the village store or blacksmith shop there, the letter was sent back the way it came, making a stop at Liverpool. It was opened at the dead letter office and returned to the writer.

Walter W. Price, formerly a member of the brokerage firm of Price, McCormick & Co., was married today to Ysobel Haskins, the actress. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's uncle, Charles F. Hennington. The Rev. E. M. Deems of Hornellsville, N. Y., performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Price will reside on Staten Island.

The Union League club, by a vote of nearly three to one, decided tonight not to dispense with colored servants in the club. The meeting was one of the largest in the club's history. Members attended who do not often attend the annual elections. They seemed to think attendance at this meeting was a duty not to be shirked, and kept coming until the assembly-room was crowded. The meeting was a special one, called at the request of thirty members, and its only object was to decide whether or not colored servants should be dispensed with. The club has employed colored servants since it was organized.

Negro Servant Question in Union League.

John S. Wise, an ex-confederate, whose father held slaves, was one of the champions of the negroes. Mr. Wise offered a resolution, the substance of which was that it was the sense of the meeting that colored servants be not dispensed with. Mr. Wise is said to have made a strong and eloquent speech in which he referred to the history of the club during the war, and reminded the members that from the day of the club's organization to the present it had given employment to negroes. Two or three speeches were made in reply to Mr. Wise, and then the vote was taken. The vote was said to be 296 to 100, but that is not official.

Of the total number of servants in the club's employ about fifty are negroes.

At a final conference today between the officials of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Conference committee of its employés there was an agreement in regard to the demand of the telegraphers. The main feature in the new schedule for the telegraphers is as follows: The fours of work to run from eight to twelve per day; minimum wages to be not less than $40 a month on any part of the system. This is the present minimum, but the extra pay for Sunday work and overtime has been so fixed that the actual minimum will not fall below $45 a month.

If Miss Fanny McComb, daughter of the late James Jennings McComb, a multimillionaire of Dobb's Ferry, was secretly married a year ago to Louis Herzog, an artist in Philadelphia, from whom her father, by the provisions of his will, sought to separate her, neither she nor the members of her family will admit it. Neither will they deny it. Granville W. Garth, President of the Mechanic's National Bank, and Dr. Davies Cox, who married daughters of the dead millionaire, and George A. Strong of 50 Wall street, the family lawyer, all refused to discuss the matter.

McComb Family Silent Regarding Secret Wedding.

Acquaintances of the McComb family who were seen at Dobb's Ferry today expressed their belief in a secret marriage.

It is said that for months it has been understood that such a marriage had taken place, and it was the knowledge of this shortly before his death which led Mr. McComb to make the codicil to his will depriving his daughter of much of her share in his estate.

The subscription lists to the new British loan have been closed both here and abroad. It is reported, but not officially, that American subscriptions made here or abroad amounted to fully $150,000,000, or half the amount of the loan. Such an amount is far in excess of any subscription ever made previously in this country to a foreign loan.

Three of the big battleships of the north Atlantic squadron, the Kearsarge, the Massachusetts, and the Alabama, arrived today from Kingston, Jamaica. They are under command of Rear Admiral Farquhar and have been cruising in Northern waters since December. There are 1,500 officers and men aboard the white-hulled trio and there is not one case of serious sickness among the hardy blue jackets and marines. Two new drills were introduced while the ships were in Santa Rosa harbor, Fla., a five-inch gun was dismounted, taken ashore in a steam launch, and fired nine times. Two separate landing parties, neither knowing anything about the other, were sent ashore at Santa Rosa. Each sent scouts through the woods and made a successful effort to discover the other.

Battleships Back from Practice Cruise.

Charles Frohman contemplates transferring his present production of "Diplomacy" from the Empire Theater to a prominent theater in London. He has cabled his representative in this country that if he can succeed in canceling all of the out of town engagements he will take the entire organization to London for a series of thirty performances.

James M. Starbuck, a clerk at 52 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $368,380 and no assets. Of the liabilities $284,836 was incurred by him as partner of Zimri Dwiggins, the Chicago banker, who drove banks six-in-hand.

Instead of the regular lectures in the department of English at Columbia this week the members of the sophomore and freshmen classes have been subjected to spelling tests. The instructors are looking for practical proof or disproof of the charge that has gained currency of late that college men cannot spell correctly. The department will not announce the actual results of the tests up to date, but it is known that the percentage of errors in spelling comparatively simple words was surprisingly large. The tests will probably result in the establishment of a college class in spelling as an adjunct to the department of English.

Put College Students to Spelling Tests.

Judge Rufus B. Cowing's assistants in the General Sessions Branch and his friends throughout the city were surprised to learn today of his marriage on Tuesday in Detroit to Mrs. Marie A. Harral, the widow of a former physician of this city.

SEEKING ANOTHER SMALL PARK.

Twentieth Ward Residents Also Form an Improvement Club and Elect Officers.

Residents of the Twentieth Ward met last evening at the home of D. J. Sullivan, 451 South Leavitt street, and formed the West End Twentieth Ward Improvement club. Addresses were made by Alderman J. C. Patterson, D. J. Sullivan, Superintendent Paul H. Rapp of the Small Parks commission, and Ward Superintendent Ryan. The following were elected officers:

President—D. J. Sullivan.
First Vice President—D. McMillan.
Second Vice President—William Schmitz.
Treasurer—Thomas Scholes.
Secretary—D. Crane.

It was suggested that the triangular strip bounded by Boone, Leavitt, and De Kalb streets be made into a park, and Superintendent Rapp announced that the city would stand a part of the expense and that a man would be placed there to care for it. If the park is made it was decided to call it Patterson Park, after the Alderman.

SCORE BERWYN SUNDAY LAW.

American Free Thought Federation and Others Write Letters to Justice Hubbard.

Justice Hubbard of Berwyn, who found J. Lewis of Clyde guilty of disturbing the peace of his neighbors by working on Sunday, has been receiving letters from men who do not believe it is wrong to work on Sunday. The American Free Thought federation, of which E. C. Reichwald, 141 South Water street, is secretary, has sent the justice and other residents of the villages a circular letter denouncing the action of the justice. Tomorrow the appeal of the case will be perfected, and the people are anxiously awaiting the trial before the higher court. The justice expresses the utmost confidence that his opinion will be sustained.

FALLS AND SMOTHERS IN MUD.

Suffocation Found to Be Cause of Death of William Goss at 6045 Wentworth Avenue.

A Coroner's inquest held over the body of William Goss, a fireman for the Chicago Junction railroad, who was found dead in the rear of 6045 Wentworth avenue yesterday morning, resulted in a verdict of death due to accidental suffocation. When found near the cellar stairs of Thorman Mabin's house, Goss was lying with his face buried in soft earth. A postmortem examination showed he died where he fell from want of air.

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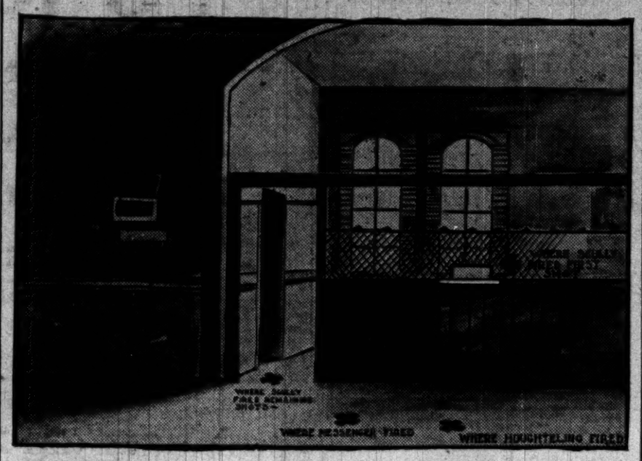
ARMORY STATION; MEN IN SHOOTING THERE.



WHERE MESSENGER FELL. WHERE HOUGHTELING FIRED.

PATROLMAN Wm MESSENGER.

RICHARD D. HOUGHTELING.

DESK SERGEANT J. SCULLY.

EASTMAN GAINS POINT IN TRIAL.

Court Rules Out Dying Accusation of Grogan in Which Murder Is Charged.

WITNESS ACTS TESTIMONY

Walter Titus, Who Saw Struggle in Hen Yard, Pictures Entire Scene.

DEFENDANT GETS NERVOUS.

Boston, Mass., April 24.—[Special.]—The defense has scored what is considered an important point in the trial of Charles R. Eastman, charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard H. Grogan Jr.

Toward the close of this (the third) day of the trial at the East Cambridge courthouse the court ruled out the numerous dying accusations of Grogan to the effect that the Harvard instructor had murdered him.

Lottie Broughton had taken the stand. She testified that she lives not far from the Grogan house. On July 4 she and other children were playing school back of the Eastman house. She heard loud cries of "O" coming from the henyard. She ran toward the observatory. She saw Mr. Eastman and Mr. Grogan. Mr. Eastman was running behind Mr. Grogan. Grogan was running pretty fast.

"What did Grogan say?" she was asked.

"Wait a moment," interjected Counsel Elder for the defense. The counsel for both sides then went to the bench for a conference, and the court asked the jury to retire. Then Mr. Elder said:

"I apprehend that it is intended to show by this witness and other witnesses that Grogan made some such remark as 'Charlie Eastman has murdered me.' I raise the question of its competency. I do not know that the government will claim that this was a dying declaration. We claim this is not a part of the res gestæ. The words 'Charlie Eastman murdered me' are an expression of opinion and are not competent."

Attorney General Knowlton then exclaimed: "We expect that this little girl will testify that Grogan said: 'Eastman has murdered me.' When Grogan sank on the bank he made a similar statement, declaring that Eastman intended to shoot him. The statements are a part of the res gestæ. Further, they were made within the hearing of Eastman."

Court Rules Out Grogan's Words.

Justices Aiken and Gaskill retired to confer alone on the question, and when they returned Judge Gaskill announced the finding as follows:

"The court does not think that the expected reply of Miss Broughton on the question last put is competent, and does not concede that it is the statement of a fact unless the phrase 'Eastman has murdered me' meant simply 'Eastman has killed me.'

"If it means that it is of no consequence, for it is admitted by the defendant that a shot fired by the defendant killed Grogan. If it means more than that, as perhaps the government contended and intimated that it would contend and argue to the jury, then it involves an inference from a fact, and implies premeditated malice aforethought. That cannot be, it seems to the court, a statement of fact. Therefore, that reply will be excluded.

"So, too, any other similar statements made by Grogan except in the presence of Eastman, and to which, as the court understands, the suggestion is made, Eastman replied. That conversation the court deems to be incompetent, not that the statement of Grogan, which still involves an inference, has a probative effect of itself, but only in view of the answer of the defendant.

"The court cannot think that either of these declarations are competent as dying declarations upon the evidence as it now stands. The final reply of Grogan, said to have been made after Eastman made his statement, which practically was, 'Yes, he did mean to do it,' the court excludes, but counsel have agreed that it shall be stated as agreed to the jury that Grogan by some form of words dissented from the statement of Eastman, and that may be done."

Eastman is getting nervous. Today, for the first time, he requested to be allowed to go over to the jail at the noon recess to lie down. The dramatic testimony of the morning would have tried even the strongest nerves. Eastman during the preceding days had lunched in the courthouse.

Dramatic Testimony Given.

Walter Titus was the important witness of the day.

Titus was the man who saw the struggle between Eastman and Grogan as he was crossing the lot in the rear of the Clark place on July 4, and heard Grogan's dying words.

A silence filled the crowded courtroom as Titus told of hearing these words on that day: "O, don't! O, don't!"

Titus even imitated the tone he says was employed by Grogan, who spoke them. He gave the utterances their full benefit. He almost groaned the words. And just so, he testified, did Grogan utter them.

"In what attitude were the two men when you first saw them?" asked the prosecuting attorney.

"Struggling to and fro."

"What was in their hands?"

"Some object; what, I could not see."

"How many hands were upon it?"

"Four hands."

Eastman Sneers at Evidence.

A scornful smile flashed across Eastman's fact.

As the Assistant District Attorney asked Titus to impersonate Grogan, he himself impersonating Eastman, and to assist him to give a representation to the jury of the struggle, and as this was most dramatically done, Eastman's smile of cool contempt returned and remained.

He ceased to take notes in the large note book he had with him this morning, shifted into a comfortable position, and cynically viewed the lawyer and the witness as they wrestled in mimic strife.

"In which hand," asked he, "did the defendant hold this object, which you have since learned to be a revolver, after Grogan let go of it?"

"In the right."

"At his side, or in some other way?"

"At his side."

"What part of it did you first see?"

"The barrel."

The four revolvers and the rifle that the two men had been using were produced.

"Which of these revolvers do you identify as the one Eastman and Grogan struggled for?"

"The big one."

"How do you recognize it?"

"Length of barrel."

Titus Stands Severe Examination.

Then the witness was taken in hand by the defense and subjected to a cross-examination that lasted more than two hours. The purpose was to break down the witness' story of the struggle and identification of the revolver. But it apparently failed. Titus remained cool and collected under the terrible fire of questions most adroitly asked and in the end left the impression of having entirely supported his direct evidence.

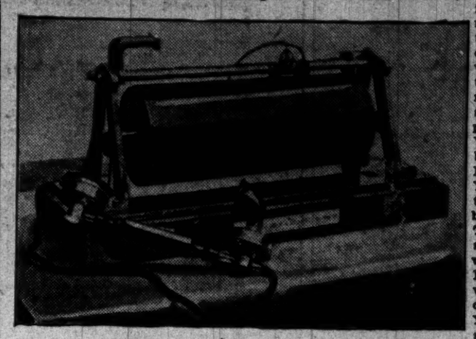
An important feature of the testimony of Titus was his admission that although he saw the struggle between the two men, which seemed to be for the purpose of securing what is known to be the big revolver, he did not hear any shots. This seems to prove that Grogan had already been shot before the alleged struggle had taken place.

After Titus came a number of women witnesses, who told of hearing the shots and the cries of "O, don't," and "Murder!" Bell Bryan, the Grogan servant, was on the stand at the adjournment.

LONG DISTANCE TEST OF TELEPHONOGRAPH.

An important test of the telephonograph, a recent invention for the recording of sound over long distances, was made between Chicago and New York yesterday afternoon. The instrument has been operated successfully between New York and Boston, but never has been tried before at such a long distance.

Charles A. Brown sent the message at 3 o'clock from his office, 1450 Monadnock Building. He read a technical description of the invention over an ordinary telephone wire into a regular transmitter. This was registered in the instrument which was placed in the office of William A. Rosenbaum in the Times Building in New York. The result of the test will be mailed back to Mr. Brown. The description consisted of about 300 words. The sound of Mr. Brown's voice was recorded on a cylinder in the New York office much the same as if he had talked into a phonograph. Ordinary telephone messages by this means are kept recorded accurately.



POULSEN'S STEEL WIRE TELEPHONOGRAPH.

The telephonograph was invented by a Danish electrical engineer, Waldemar Poulsen of Copenhagen, Denmark. It also has been called a telegraphone, a microphonograph, and a magnetophonograph. The instrument was exhibited at the Paris exposition and attracted much attention among the electrical engineers who witnessed the tests made there. The apparatus consists of a brass drum, which is revolved by an electric motor, and upon which is wound 225 turns of steel piano wire. Above the wire is a small magnet which is attached to a brass support mounted on a shaft so that as the drum or cylinder carrying wire revolves the magnet is caused to move from right to left across the drum, each turn in the steel wire passing consecutively before the poles of the magnet. On reaching the end of the cylinder an arm, mounted on the left side of the frame, strikes the tiny lever, raises the magnet, and causes it to run back rapidly to the beginning.

When the transmitter is spoken into it acts as a tap on the battery and causes currents of varying strength to pass through the steel wound on the electromagnet. As the steel wire passes in front of the poles of the magnet, "the lines of force" are permanently recorded. After the steel spiral has been filled a receiving telephone is attached and the message is repeated. By means of the invention messages from distant cities can be sent to the home office and written as if from dictation by operators there.

KILLS TWO, WOUNDS TWO.

FRENZY OF ELECTRICIAN AT PORTLAND, ME., ENDS IN TRAGEDY.

George Brainard, Foreman of a Party of Men Engaged in Installing a New Telephone Plant, Opens Fire Upon His Associates for No Apparent Reason and Without Provocation—One Falls Dead at First Fire—Another Dies Later in the Day.

Portland, Me., April 24.—[Special.]—Two men are dead and two others are badly wounded as a result of the sudden insanity of George Brainard, a Boston electrician, in the New England Telephone company's office building on Exchange street, this afternoon.

Extensive alterations are being made in the company's plant here, and a crew of electricians has been employed some weeks fitting up the top story of the building.

Brainard was foreman of the construction crew and Henry Farnham of Wellesley, Mass., the company's chief electrician, came down last night to see how the work was progressing.

Just before 2 o'clock Brainard, without warning and, so far as can be ascertained, without any provocation on the part of his fellow-workmen, drew a revolver and began firing right and left.

Dies with First Shot.

The first shot was fired at Chief Electrician Farnham at close range, the bullet taking effect in his forehead, and he fell in his tracks, dying almost instantly.

Earl M. Buzton of Springfield, Mass., was shot in the side and died at 9:50 tonight.

James Wadsworth of Malden, Mass., received a bullet in the abdomen, and is not expected to live.

Elmer Lane of Mechanic Falls, another member of the crew, who attempted to seize the murderer, was shot in the side. He is in a critical condition.

After doing the shooting, Brainard rushed down two fights of stairs into Exchange street, his revolver still in his hand.

A call had been sent to the police station, and Deputy Marshal Frith and a squad of officers arrived shortly. Brainard was on the landing up one flight threatening to shoot the first man who came up. Frith dashed up the stairs, and, as he reached the landing, Brainard fired the bullet which passed through the officer's coat, struck a suspender button, and glanced off, inflicting no injury.

Weeps Over His Act.

Brainard was dragged down-stairs and loaded into the patrol wagon and hurried off to the police station. He has been drinking hard for several days, though fit to attend to business. His wife called at the station-house to see him late this afternoon. He appeared to realize the seriousness of his offense, and cried like a child, saying he did not know why he did the shooting. The theory is advanced that Brainard, who is a high-strung man, 45 years old, resented Farnham's coming down to inspect the work he had charge of, and that his mind, not strong at best, gave way.

QUARRELS OVER FARE AND THEN HOLDS UP CONDUCTOR.

Passenger on Sangamon and Erie Street Line Draws Revolver and Himself Collects $2 in Cash and a Watch.

Earl Grassis, a conductor on the Sangamon and Erie street line, was held up on his car by a passenger, who robbed him of $2 and a watch. The car had just turned into Sangamon off Adams at 9:30 p. m. The robber, the only passenger on the car, had paid his fare—with a half dollar, he said, while the conductor declared he had received only a quarter. At Adams street the man drew a revolver.

"Now, give me my change," he demanded.

At the same time he helped himself to all the change the conductor had. Then he took Grassis' watch, jumped off the car, and escaped.

BUILD SHIP FOR ARCTIC TRIP.

Unique Points About Vessel Which Will Take Bernier Party in Search for the Pole.

Vancouver, B. C., April 24.—Plans are completed for the construction of the vessel to be built here for Captain Joseph Bernier, who intends starting on a North Polar expedition, to be absent five years. The vessel will cost $80,000. J. B. Tyrrell, the Canadian explorer, will accompany Bernier.

The new vessel will be unique in some respects. It will have a perpendicular double stern post rudder to permit of unshipping the rudder or propeller at any time. It also will have a flush deck, to avoid frequent flooding of the forward deck. It will have three masts, with a sail area of 7,000 square feet, the rig resembling that of a three-masted top-sail schooner. The masts will be about 100 feet high, but the topmasts are made to take down, reducing the length to sixty feet, when needed.

The vessel will be provisioned for a five years' voyage, with a crew of fourteen, including a surveyor, an astronomer, geologist, biolographist, artist, photographer, and doctor.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. 25c.

STRIKE DRIVES TO SUICIDE

ADAMSKI'S WIFE BLAMES LABOR ISSUE FOR HIS DEATH.

Metal Polisher, with Five Children to Support, Worried to Distraction by the Opposing Demands of the Mills Novelty Works and the Union — Spouse Urges Him to Toil for His Family — Disappears and Body Is Found in the Lake.

Labor troubles at the Mills novelty works, 11 South Jefferson street, are blamed by Mrs. Stephen Adamski, 809 Elston avenue, for the suicide of her husband, whose body was taken from the lake by the life-saving crew and identified yesterday at Rolston's undertaking-rooms.

According to the widow Adamski was worried to the point of distraction because the Metal Polishers' union insisted on his remaining away from the novelty works, while the only support of his wife and five children lay in the daily toil the Mills concern urged him to perform in spite of the strike declared against it. Mrs. Adamski in the crisis advised her husband to heed the company's request.

Adamski left his home early on Monday morning to go to his labors. Men from the shop went to his house that night to inquire what had become of him and were informed by Mrs. Adamski that she supposed he had been at work all day. A search for him was made at the hospitals and the police stations without any trace being secured. Foreman Henry Droge of the Mills novelty works finally heard that an unknown body had been taken from the lake and went to Rolston's to see if it was Adamski. He had no difficulty in identifying it.

Asks to Be Reinstated.

Adamski had been in the employ of the Mills novelty works for more than four years. He was a member of the Metal Polishers' union at one time, but found the dues too heavy too keep up. However, when the union members quit work because of a demand they had made in the shop ten days ago, Adamski went out with them. He staid away all last week from his employment. Finally he endeavored to be reinstated in the union, but Mrs. Adamski says the members asked him $4 and insisted on its payment before they would restore him to good standing.

"He talked to the officers and told them he would pay the money when he got to work," said Mrs. Adamski, "but they insisted upon its payment at the time. He had no money, because he hardly made enough to keep up our family of five children. When he received a letter from the Mills novelty works to come back to his place, I told him to go. He worked on Saturday, but that afternoon two members of the union told him he must give up his job. He said they insisted that the Mills works was cutting wages and that workmen soon would not be able to make a living unless they stood up for their rights.

Wife Urges Him to Work.

"When he came home my husband told me of the conversation. He was wrought up and hardly knew what to do. I urged him to go back to work, telling him our children stood before the union. He finally agreed to do so, and I thought he had until he failed to come home on Monday night. I cannot believe he would have gone to the lake if he was in his right mind."

Adamski bore a good reputation with his employers as a sober, industrious workman. He is said to have understood his trade well, and in their letter requesting his return the Mills novelty works urged his acceptance of their offer in kindly terms.

The Adamski children range in age from 2 to 14 years.

POLICE ESCAPE BURNING STATION BY FIRE LADDERS.

Twenty-second Street Precinct Building Saved by Quick Work—Men Aroused by Operator Firing Off Revolver.

Fire broke out in the Twenty-second Street Police Station yesterday morning. Operator John Blattner, who discovered the fire, was prevented by the flames from going up-stairs to warn the men in the sleeping-rooms. He fired his revolver in the air to waken them and then turned in an alarm to the engine company next door. In the meantime the sleeping policemen were standing in the windows partly dressed. Truck Company No. 4 soon had ladders to the rescue, and a dozen police officers descended into the street. In the meantime the firemen succeeded in putting out the blaze. The cause of the fire is unknown.

BOY PLAYS HOLDUP; GIRL HURT.

Tina Whitman, 673 West Twenty-first Place, Burned by Blank Cartridge Explosion.

As a result of Richard E. Weissman's attempt to imitate a holdup man, Tina Whitman, 673 West Twenty-first place, was injured last evening. The lad is 12 years old and lives at 678 West Twenty-first place. He pointed a revolver at Tina Whitman. She screamed for help. Commotion followed, and a blank cartridge in the revolver was discharged. The girl was severely burned.

PULL BUILDING ON THEMSELVES.

Crowd Taking Lumber from Old Structure Caught; One Dead, Four Hurt.

MAXWELL STREET CRASH.

Residents Swoop Down on the Houses Being Razed by Burlington Road.

JOSEPH PUSATIRI KILLED.

Eagerness to carry off the lumber from two old frame houses which were being razed at Maxwell street and the Burlington tracks, cost the life of one man last night and resulted in injuries to several boys. While a score of men and boys were demolishing the interior of the houses, another party tried to carry off the foundations, and both buildings came down with a crash. The persons who had attacked the foundations were pinned under the wreck, and those on the inside were caught, too. When the police and firemen came one man was found to be dead.

The Dead.

PUSATIRI, JOSEPH, 57 years old, 20 Barber street; heady and body crushed; body taken home.

The Injured.

Dolan, Joseph, 20 Barber street; shoulder lacerated; taken home.
Postere, Joseph, 28 Barber street, 21 years old; thigh bruised; taken home.
Rocco, Charles, 24 Barber street, 16 years old; right leg broken, body bruised; taken home.
Scolle, Michael, 12 years old; leg broken; taken home.

The wrecked buildings are in a portion of Maxwell street peopled by Italians. They were sold a short time ago to the Burlington railway, and yesterday morning a gang of men began demolishing them to make room for the new Burlington freight yards.

Residents of the neighborhood watched the destruction of the buildings, but they did not interfere until after dark. Then boys and old men and women swooped down on the structures. The boys ran through the rooms and wrenched off the loose boards, and the old men and women on the outside piled them up ready to carry away for firewood. In a half hour a third of the woodwork of both houses had vanished. Every woodpile in the neighborhood had been replenished.

Foundation Pulled Out of Place.

The crowd was too eager, however. While a score or more of small boys and girls were wrecking the inside rooms those on the outside started to attack the wooden props, ten feet high, on which the buildings stood. One old man, Joseph Pusatiri, crawled under one house and began pulling out boards. The house began to rock back and forth and the crowd yelled. The next instant one of the houses collapsed with a crash, bringing the other house down with it.

The entire east end of Maxwell street was in an uproar at once. People were afraid to call for police help, and set to work to dig the victims out themselves. News of the accident did not reach the Maxwell Street Police Station, a short distance away, for a half hour. Then a fire truck was sent and three patrol wagons. By that time two of the injured, Joseph Postere and an unidentified boy, had gotten out of the wreck. Postere was only slightly hurt.

Pusatiri's body was not extracted until the firemen arrived and chopped away the floor. He had been caught under the kitchen, and his head and body were crushed so that he must have died instantly.

Michael Scolle, 12 years old, living at 19 Barber street, was found pinned under a beam. His leg was crushed, but he did not whimper while the police and firemen pulled his out of the wreck and put him on a stretcher. Charles Rocco also was extricated from the floor with a good deal of difficulty and taken home. His right leg was broken and he was badly bruised. Bystanders said he had run under the building to rescue his dog just before the building fell.

People Withhold Information.

The police learned the names of the victims of the wreck with considerable difficulty, the entire neighborhood suddenly forgetting to talk English. Fear of arrest for wrecking the buildings caused every one who had been concerned in it to quit the neighborhood.

According to persons living nearby, the two buildings were owned until a short time ago by Mrs. Kate Plant, who had lived in one of them for thirty years. They were among the first buildings to be erected in that locality.

FAILING TO SEE MAN SHE LOVES, GIRL TAKES POISON.

Marie Connell Found in Hall at 3032 South Park Avenue and Her Life Saved—Cleo Miller the Absent Youth.

Convinced after repeated calls that the man she loved had locked himself in his room to avoid her, Marie Connell early yesterday morning attempted to commit suicide on the threshold of his apartment in the McClellan Building, 3032 South Park avenue. She swallowed carbolic acid, but the prompt work of physicians at the Hahnemann Hospital saved her life. Two notes were found in her pockets which explained her attempt.

Cleo Miller, a conductor for the South Side railway company, was the young man for love of whom Miss Connell tried to take her life. He was not in his room at the time. He left the city last Saturday for New York. Neither his stepfather, A. C. Stage, nor his mother has heard from him since, but Mr. Stage says the young man went away because of Marie Connell.

The girl, who is a governess in the family of F. J. O'Brien, 6136 Madison avenue, has received the attentions of young Miller for some time, and she says that they were engaged to be married. Since last Saturday she called at the Stage department every day, and often sent messages to Miller. To each inquiry Mrs. Stage replied that her son was away. Shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning she was found by Le Roy Bucian, a tenant of the building, lying unconscious on the threshold of the Stage flat. Bucian summoned the Cottage Grove avenue police ambulance and had her conveyed to the hospital.

Two notes were found, one to Miller and the other to her sister-in-law, Mrs. F. B. Connell, 6244 Greenwood avenue. In the note to Miller Miss Connell upbraided him for his coldness and his refusal to marry her. The message to Mrs. Connell directed the disposal of her body and the sending of farewells to her parents. Her father is Frank Connell of East Lake, Manistee County, Mich. Her brother is a conductor on the Cottage Grove avenue cable line.

The girl declares that she cares to live no longer and will take the next opportunity to commit suicide.

After eating dinner at his home during the afternoon Samuel Degan, 60 years old, committed suicide by shooting himself in the temple. The shooting was a result, it is believed, of a long illness. Degan lived at 4 East Forty-seventh place with his wife, two sons, and three daughters.

Robert Zimmerman, 254 North State street, committed suicide in the morning by opening a vein in his wrist with a knife and taking morphine. He had been suffering from illness. He was married.

WM. THIEMANN GETS GOOD POST.

Chicago Man Who Worked for the Allen and Humphrey Bills Honored.

ON LIVE STOCK BOARD.

Gov. Yates Names Him as Successor to James P. Lott, and He Is Confirmed.

FIFTEEN PLACES FILLED.

SPRINGFIELD BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Springfield, Ill., April 24.

William Thiemann of Cook County now is a member of the Board of Live Stock Commissioners, he having been appointed by Governor Yates today and his nomination being confirmed almost immediately by the Senate. None other of the fifteen appointed to positions under the State administration was confirmed, although the Senate gave its approval to the nominations made by the Governor yesterday.

Mr. Thiemann takes the place on the Live Stock commission formerly held by James P. Lott of Chicago, who resigned.

The other appointments made by the Governor today are:

Charles W. Hawes of Rock Island County, for trustee of the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, to succeed John W. Niles of Whiteside County, resigned.

A. S. Wright of McHenry County, for trustee of the Illinois Soldiers' Orphans' Home, to succeed William R. Page of Cook County, resigned.

Edwards Greenleaf of Morgan County, for the trustee of the Illinois Institution for the Education of Deaf and Dumb, to succeed John H. Collier of Ford County, resigned.

Charles W. Marsh of De Kalb County, for trustee of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane, to succeed W. S. Cowen of Carroll County, term expired.

William L. Fay of Morgan County, for trustee of the Illinois Institution for the Education of the Blind, to succeed Augustus Dow of Pike County, resigned.

For Northern Insane Hospital.

James A. Bullock of Lock County for trustee of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane to succeed A. S. Wright of McHenry County, resigned.

Samuel A. Bradley of Adams County for trustee of the Illinois Soldiers and Sailors' Home to succeed W. O. Wright of Stephenson County, resigned.

John B. Joy of Morgan County for trustee of the Illinois Central Hospital for the Insane at Jacksonville to succeed F. L. Sharpe of Morgan County, resigned.

Herman Engelbach of Cass County for trustee of the Institution for the Education of the Blind to succeed Edward H. Rew of Cook County, resigned.

John Culp of Madison County for trustee of the Illinois Eastern Normal School to succeed L. P. Wolf, resigned.

James C. Lane of Kane County for trustee of the Illinois Northern Hospital for the Insane to succeed J. C. Murphy of Kane County, resigned.

Walter Wood of Alexander County for trustee of the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane to succeed Louis Kesshoff of Washington County, resigned.

John A. Brown of Macon County for trustee of the Institution for the Education of the Blind to succeed Walter Wood of Alexander County, resigned.

John J. McLaflen of Kane County for trustee of the Northern Illinois Normal School to succeed W. C. Garrard of Sangamon County, term expired.

Thiemann's Office Worth $3,500.

The position given William Thiemann—that of member of the Live Stock commission—is a good billet, paying a salary of $5 or $6 per day when actually employed and traveling expenses. The incumbent of the office generally manages to put seven days in the week all the year around, and the office nets about $3,500 a year.

Thiemann's appointment was quite a surprise. Nobody has found out yet who indorsed him for the place or on what grounds he got it. He was a member of the General Assembly for several terms, and his record was criticised severely. He tonight is a full-fledged member of the State administration, having his credentials in his pocket.

Thiemann is a farmer living out in Schaumburg or Elk Grove. The appointment made considerable chatter in political circles, and some people here claim the office might have been more befittingly bestowed.

William Thiemann, who was appointed by Governor Yates as a member of the Live Stock commission, became known to fame as a member of the Legislature which passed the Allen bill by his unwavering support of that measure, as well as the Humphrey bill, which passed the Senate, but was buried in the House. His votes on these measures gave him so much anenviable notoriety in his district that he was for a time retired from politics, although he expressed repentance for his course and promised to do better when he was returned to the Legislature afterwards.

Commission's Work Important.

The Live Stock commission, so far as Chicago is concerned, does all of its work in the Stock-Yards, and its main function is to condemn and destroy all cattle which are shipped here and are unfit to be used for food. It is also charged with the work of stamping out tuberculosis in the cattle of the State, and can order killed all diseased animals wherever found.

Arthur Meeker of the house of P. D. Armour & Co. last evening said:

"It is important for the entire industry, the producers and shippers as well as the packers, that good men be placed on this commission. On the faithfulness with which they do their work depends largely healthfulness of the cattle slaughtered in Chicago, and all branches of the trade are interested in keeping up a strict standard."

DEATH ON THE TRACK FOR TWO.

H. D. Man Killed in Austin, While an Unknown Perishes Near Blue Island.

H. D. Man of Winona, Wis., was instantly killed by a Chicago and Northwestern westbound passenger train at the Pine avenue crossing at Austin yesterday morning. He was 23 years old and was employed as an assistant to the civil engineer of the Wisconsin branch of the railroad company. Man, who boarded at 3421 Frink street, Austin, was stepping out of the way of an inbound train.

A man apparently 30 years old was run down and killed by a Chicago and Grand Trunk freight train yesterday morning a mile south of Blue Island. He was walking on the tracks, and evidently did not hear the approach of the train.

John Slucke, a carpenter, 538 Melrose street, was run over and killed by a team of horses at Diversey boulevard, near Humboldt avenue. Slucke was 45 years old and married.

While crossing Clark street at Seventeenth street last night, Tony Manley, 4724 Center avenue, was struck by a south-bound electric car. His skull was fractured and his left leg was broken.

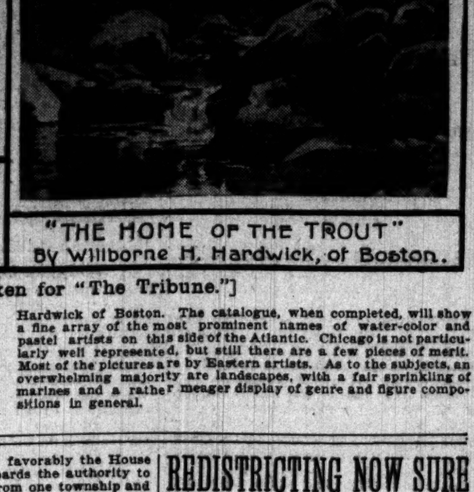
William Valentine, a switchman for the Santa Fé railroad, was caught between cars at Thirteenth street and badly crushed.

$30 to California, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, and Puget Sound.

Chicago and Northwestern Ry. on each Tuesday, April 9 to April 30. Shortest time en route. Finest scenery. Daily tourist car excursions. Personally conducted semi-weekly. For tickets, illustrated pamphlets, and full information apply at ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

TYPES OF WATER COLORS IN THE EXHIBIT AT THE ART INSTITUTE.

"REVERIE" By W. Granville Smith, of New York



"THE HOME OF THE TROUT" By Willborne H. Hardwick, of Boston.

[From photographs taken for "The Tribune."]

The annual exhibition of water-colors and pastels by American artists will be opened at the Art Institute today. The exhibition includes in all about 300 pictures and occupies the walls of four large rooms in the south wing of the Art Institute. One of the rooms is taken up entirely by the special exhibit in water-colors by Charles Warren Eaton, one of the most prominent of American water-color artists. Among other pictures which probably will attract attention are "Reverie," by W. Granville Smith of New York, and "The Home of the Trout," by Melbourne H. Hardwick of Boston. The catalogue, when completed, will show a fine array of the most prominent names of water-color and pastel artists on this side of the Atlantic. Chicago is not particularly well represented, but still there are a few pieces of merit. Most of the pictures are by Eastern artists. As to the subjects, an overwhelming majority are landscapes, with a fair sprinkling of marines and a rather meager display of genre and figure compositions in general.

PASS BILLS FOR CHICAGO.

BOTH HOUSES OF LEGISLATURE ACT ON IMPORTANT LAWS.

Senate Approves Measure for Small Parks, Authorising Bonds of $2,500,000—Lower Branch Gives Indorsement to Drainage Board's Plan to Widen River, Granting Permission to Increase Indebtedness—Tax Limit Up Today.

(Continued from first page.)

age district was willing to take care of their sewage. For this reason they desired to withdraw their opposition to the pending measures. The committee took no action on the bills. It is to hold another meeting tomorrow.

Changes the Primary Law.

The Elections committee bill for the regulation of primary elections, which was prepared by the Election Commissioners of Cook County, was called up on the order of third reading and placed upon its passage. Mr. Chamberlin, chairman of the Committee on Elections, explained that the bill applies only to Cook County, except that it releases the Counties of Kankakee, Kane, and Champaign from the provisions of the old law. "The principal changes in the present primary election law," he said, "are those changing the size of districts so as to provide that each one shall have a population of 700 instead of 1,000, and that lengthening the hours when the polls shall be open by making them from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m., instead of 1 p. m. to 7 p. m., as in the present law. A further change is a modification of the punishment which, under the present law, is so severe that it is said to be hard to secure convictions for violation of the law, as juries are not willing to return verdicts of guilty where the punishment seems to be entirely too severe for the crime committed."

The bill passed by a vote of 106 yeas, there being no votes against the measure.

Tax Limit Bill Is Amended.

Speaker Sherman in the House called up the Senate bill (Juul's) known as the 5 per cent tax levy limit bill, which was a special order on today's calendar. The bill was made a special order pending a motion to strike out the enacting clause, made by Mr. Trautmann. When the bill was called up, Mr. Trautmann withdrew his motion and offered a number of amendments to the bill which were adopted without opposition. The amendments offered are the results of conferences between the members of the Chicago Real Estate board, who have been the champions of the bill, and representatives of the country membership, who have opposed it on the ground that it will prevent the raising of sufficient funds to meet the needs of smaller cities.

The amendments, as adopted, exclude all school taxes from the 5 per cent limit except in cities having 100,000 inhabitants or over. They also exclude bonded indebtedness taxes in cities whose bonded indebtedness exceeds 10 per cent of the assessed valuation of the property therein upon which under the existing laws taxes are required to be extended. This latter amendment applies only to the City of Quincy. When the amendments had been adopted, Mr. McCulloch asked unanimous consent to have the bill remain on the order of second reading until tomorrow for the purpose of further amendment. His request was compiled with and the bill will be taken up again tomorrow on the order of second reading.

All Interests Are Satisfied.

The assessing officials and the Real Estate board's delegation are elated over the results of their work thus far this week, and they express themselves confident that the bill will go through practically in its present shape and become the revenue raising law of the State. The amendments were those adopted by the House today and some that will come up for action tomorrow.

Friends of the bill think that in its amended condition it will meet the wants of Chicago and at the same time prevent its being antagonized by smaller municipalities.

Reported by the Committees.

The House Committee on Appropriations made favorable reports on a number of unimportant bills. It also by unanimous action resented an attack made upon Representative Rankin of Iroquois by a newspaper printed in his district, adopting resolutions indorsing Mr. Rankin's action.

The Senate Committee on Public Grounds will make an effort to pass a bill appropriating $130,000 for the repair of the Statehouse. The building is in great need of repairs. It should be roofed over again. It needs painting, and much of its woodwork could be replaced with new.

The Senate Committee on Judicial Department and Practice indorsed the House bill providing for three additional circuits and three additional Superior Court Judges in Cook County.

ROUTINE WORK IN ASSEMBLY.

Senate Kills Bill Regulating Wires Crossing Railroad Tracks—Township Consolidation Up Today.

SPRINGFIELD BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Springfield, Ill., April 24.

Stubblefield's bill regulating the construction of telephone and telegraph lines crossing railroad tracks was defeated in the Senate today, receiving only seventeen affirmative votes.

Watson's bill requiring that the formula of patent medicines be printed on their containers was killed, receiving only eight affirmative votes.

The bill introduced in the House by Mr. Pendarvis, consolidating the township governments in Chicago, was advanced on third reading and made a special order for tomorrow.

Stubblefield's bill taxing foreign insurance companies 3 per cent of their gross premium receipts was made a special order for tomorrow.

Dunlap's bill to amend the law governing the Soldiers' Widows' Home came up on second reading and Senator Davidson moved to amend by striking out the clause limiting the membership of the home to women who married soldiers prior to 1880. The Democrats voted for the amendment, but it was defeated, and the bill went to third reading.

The Committee on County and Township Organization reported favorably the House bill giving County boards the authority to disconnect territory from one township and add it to another.

Measures Passed by Senate.

The House bill amending the Juvenile Court act was passed—yeas, 33; nays, 1. Senator Putnam voted against the bill.

Townsend's bill to permit the construction of sewers in cities of from 5,000 to 50,000 inhabitants by special assessment, on vote of three-fifths of the Council, passed—yeas, 30; nays, 8.

Bailey's bill to prohibit the sale of liquor within one and one-eighth miles of the National Soldiers' Home at Danville was passed—yeas, 33.

McKenzie's bill to repeal the law which requires the collection of agricultural statistics passed—yeas, 28; nays, 3.

Hall's bill to exempt from taxation the capital stock of mercantile companies came up on the order of second reading. Senator Shumway presented an amendment exempting also the capital stock of corporations organized for "the manufacture and sale of electric current and gas, or either." Mr. Shumway spoke in favor of the amendment, and it was adopted by a rising vote. The bill then went to third reading.

Galligan's bill making funeral expenses a lien on the proceeds of insurance policies passed—yeas, 32; nays, 4.

Proceedings in the House.

Representative Spiegel's bill, changing the charters of corporations to the full term of ninety-nine years where such corporations are organized for a shorter period, came up in the House today on second reading, and after some debate its further consideration was postponed until tomorrow afternoon.

Rinaker's bill, fixing the salaries of the Clerks of the Supreme and Appellate Courts, although defeated yesterday, was taken up again today and sent to the Senate, receiving 70 affirmative votes. It gives the Clerk of the Supreme Court $5,000 per annum; Clerk of the Appellate Court, First District, $5,000 per annum; Second District, $3,000 per annum; Third District, $3,000; Fourth District, $2,500.

Bills Which Receive Approval.

Among the most important bills passed were the following:

Hunter's—Prescribing the manner of increasing the territory of mutual district wind-storm and tornado insurance companies.

Trautmann's—Appropriating $250,000 for an Illinois exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis. Yeas, 33; nays, 5.

Hunter's—Appropriating to the State Board of Agriculture $94,000 for buildings and improvements.

Rankin's—Appropriating $13,620 for the ordinary expenses of the State Board of Agriculture and $100 per annum for each county fair.

Senator Alden's bill designed to prevent extortion by threat was advanced to second reading.

Mr. Skagg's bill, prohibiting the impersonating of officers or members of secret societies, was passed by the House.

The bill introduced by Hunter of Winnebago, changing the manner of settling claims against township, fire, and lightning insurance companies, was passed.

Mr. Donoghue recalled to second reading the Education committee bill amending the bill governing the public school teachers' pension fund, and Pendarvis offered an amendment cutting out that part of the bill which provided that one-half of the moneys received from street railroad or elevated railroad license fees and for compensation for ordinance or contract rights by ordinance from the city should be set apart for the use of the pension fund. Mr. Moran moved to amend the amendment by cutting out only that part providing for the setting apart of one-half of the compensation for ordinance and contract rights, but his amendment was laid on the table on motion of Mr. Allen. The amendment offered by Mr. Pendarvis was then adopted, and the bill was again advanced to third reading.

RAILROAD GANGS NEAR BATTLE.

Despite Ruling at Washington Senator Clark's Workers Promise to Fight for Right of Way.

Salt Lake City, Utah, April 24.—[Special.]—Despite the decision of the General Land office received today upholding the Oregon Short Line in its claims to the abandoned right of way in southeastern Nevada and southwestern Utah a clash between the rival railroad forces seems inevitable.

The contending factions are the Harriman interests, the victors in today's decision, and United States Senator W. A. Clark of Montana. The two gangs of tracklayers are nearing each other, and a serious collision is believed near.

Representatives of the two forces held a conference this evening in the presence of Sheriff Johnson of Lincoln County, when the situation was gone over, and both sides expressed a desire to avoid bloodshed, but neither would yield. Both are preparing to continue work, grading and laying rails, and are making ready for a conflict when the two forces come together on the grade. They are working toward each other rapidly. There is a great deal of feeling against the use of Japanese graders by the Harriman people, and if the Orientals are pushed to the front some are likely to be killed.

STORES CLOSE IN THE EVENING.

Milwaukee Avenue Merchants Generally Respect the Requests of Their Clerks.

The men's clothing, hat, and shoe stores in Milwaukee avenue, between Division street and North avenue, were dark last night in consequence of the agreement with the clerks' union. South of Division street as far as Grand avenue the same condition prevailed with four exceptions. The closing movement is the result of a long campaign by the clerks.

FIRE MARSHAL DRISCOLL HURT.

Thrown from His Buggy While Responding to an Alarm in South Chicago.

Marshal M. R. Driscoll, in charge of the South Chicago district of the Fire department, was severely injured last evening by being thrown from his buggy while responding to an alarm. His driver, Charles Riffle, also was severely bruised. Marshal Driscoll sustained a dislocated shoulder, his head was cut, and his right leg and foot severely bruised.

REDISTRICTING NOW SURE

REPUBLICANS ARE CONFIDENT OF PASSING THE BILLS.

Former Opponents of the Senatorial Apportionment Declare Legislature Will Adopt Measures Before Adjournment—Agreement Satisfactory to the Cook County Measures Is in Sight—Democratic Caucus Fails to Oust Senator Mahoney as Leader.

SPRINGFIELD BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Springfield, Ill., April 24.

The project for Senatorial apportionment has made material progress within the last twenty-four hours. Every Republican here now advances the opinion that a Senatorial bill will be agreed upon and handed to the Governor for his signature. While no decided steps looking towards that end have been taken, still, a great deal has been accomplished today to bring about a happy solution of the entanglement.

Fred M. Blount of Chicago was here and has been for several days. Mr. Blount is one of the leading Republicans in Cook County, and he is a devoted friend of John M. Smyth. James Reddick, Clerk of the Probate Court of Cook County, is here as well. Mr. Reddick is an adherent of Henry L. Hertz. The dispute concerning the West Side is more between Hertz and Smyth, than anybody else. Mr. Lorimer's interference is largely owing to his friendship to Smyth.

All Working for Harmony.

Both Blount and Reddick realize the necessity for an immediate apportionment. They are working together endeavoring to bring about some sort of satisfactory agreement. Sheriff Pease left for Chicago at noon today. He and his friends say they can take the North Side, north and east of the river, and divide it into districts that will meet the approval of everybody. If the Hertz and Smyth differences can be adjusted there is an extremely good chance that the bill will get through.

Even Mr. Lorimer's stanchest friends here say openly and without reservation that the conditions are such that a Senatorial apportionment surely will be made.

The House will make the apportionment and send a bill as amended over to the Senate. The Senate bill is unsatisfactory in many particulars, outside of the Cook County question involved.

Sure of Every Republican Vote.

The bill now pending in the House will be amended as indicated in these dispatches last night, and it will get every Republican vote in the House. Certain it is that Cook County will vote for it to a man. Men who were at dagger points over this proposition a fortnight ago are agreed now to make concessions and accomplish the work.

The olive branch of peace was first extended by men who have the interest of the bill as it stands today at heart. The opposition accepted the offer and the principle of give and take is firmly established and realized. There is no doubt the bill will be satisfactory when it gets to the Senate. The Republican Senators from Cook County will be carefully considered and no reasonable objections can be made to it.

Fail to Oust Senator Mahoney.

The Democratic Senators who are in revolt against the leadership of Senator Joseph P. Mahoney today made another attempt to rescind the Democratic caucus action against the $91,000 appropriation for the proposed gymnasium, workshop, and laboratory at the University of Illinois. They failed to accomplish their object, the Senators being divided equally on the proposition, nine for and nine against. Senator Meehan was not present.

When the roll was called the vote stood nine to eight. Before the vote was announced Senator McAdams, who had up to this time been absent, appeared and cast his vote with the supporters of Senator Mahoney. This tied the vote and the motion was lost.

The following was the vote:

YEAS.

Funderburk,	Davidson,	Alden,
Stringer,	Watson,	Fowler,
Harris,	Farrelly,	Coleman—9.

NAYS.

Mahoney,	Butler,	Hussman,
Broderick,	Dawson,	McAdams,
Maguire,	Galligan,	Shumway—9.

ABSENT.

Meehan.

SEEKS SERVIA'S KING ON FARM.

New York Lawyer Goes to Kansas in Search of Alleged Heir to Crown.

Kansas City, Mo., April 24.—Eugene Schuyler, a former attaché of the United States Embassy at Constantinople, is on his way to Dodge City, Kas., where he hopes to find Andrée Boyne de Lasar, the rightful heir to the throne of Servia, according to Mr. Schuyler's statement.

August Boyne, father of Andrée Boyne de Lasar, came to the United States in 1848 and engaged in farming in Minnesota. Several years ago he left his wife and three sons and returned to Servia to perfect his royal claim.

Mr. Schuyler says that he has traced the family to a farm near Dodge City, Kas., and that the right of the oldest son to the Servian throne cannot be disputed.

CHICAGO MEN SECURE A MINE.

Syndicate of Lumbermen, Headed by Frank Jager, Invest in Property Near Prescott, Ariz.

Prescott, Ariz., April 24.—E. W. Wells and W. C. Parsons of Prescott and Hugh McCrum of San Francisco have sold the McCabe mine to a syndicate of Chicago capitalists, headed by Frank Jager, a Chicago lumberman. The price paid is not given out, but it is said to be between $500,000 and $600,000.

Twenty-nine lumber merchants of Chicago, who have formed a syndicate, of which Daniel Riordan is President and Frank Jager Vice President and financial manager, left this city for Prescott last Tuesday to investigate the McCabe mine. They are expected to arrive in the city today at 7:30 a. m.

LINCOLN'S BODY RESTS AT LAST.

Remains of the Emancipator Are Placed in Permanent Tomb.

MOVED ELEVENTH TIME.

Small Party of Officials and Relatives Attend the Ceremony at Springfield.

DEDICATION TO BE OCT. 15.

Springfield, Ill., April 24.—[Special.]—Denied, even in death, the rest that comes to the ordinary mortal, the body of Abraham Lincoln was shifted today for the eleventh time. The transfer was from the temporary vault, where the remains have reposed during the reconstruction of the national monument, to the marble sarcophagus inside the tomb. Here, it is predicted, the revered bones will be permitted the peace they have failed to secure through the first thirty-five years of their decay.

Fate and a worshipful nation have not dealt kindly with the clay of the idolized emancipator, and since his tragic death the body has been shifted about at the whim of a devoted but exacting public. After the death in the house near Ford's Theater, where the assassination occurred, the body was first moved to the White House, next to the Capitol Building, thence to the funeral car and across the States to Illinois, from the car to the receiving vault in Oak Ridge Cemetery, then to the temporary vault from which it was transferred to the sarcophagus.

Placed Beyond Reach of Robbers.

After the memorable attempt to steal the remains the body was taken from the sarcophagus and placed in an improvised crypt between the walls of the tomb and later buried beneath a bed of cement at the base of the monument. On March 10, 1900, the body again was removed to a temporary vault, where it remained until today.

The transfer of today was devoid of ceremony. Officially Governor Yates, Alfred Bayliss, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and State Treasurer Williamson, constituting the trustees of the monument, witnessed the transfer. As favored guests were present former members of the board, members of the Lincoln Guard of Honor, organized to protect the sacred dust, and other dignitaries, including Senator Shelby M. Cullom, former Governor Tanner, Lieutenant Governor Northcott, Secretary of State Rose, State Treasurer Whittemore, Attorney General Hamlin, Clark E. Carr, and members of the General Assembly.

In spite of the secrecy with which the plan was arranged, 300 persons, in addition to the invited guests, crowded around the vault and tomb while the transfer was being made. To remove the nine tons of stone that sealed the temporary vault required considerable time, and after it was done, and the bodies of the children were raised, it was found necessary to tear away one end of the vault before the bodies of the President and Mrs. Lincoln could be removed.

See Coffin for the Last Time.

The work occupied most of the afternoon. After the bodies of the members of the family had been placed in their respective crypts and the President's casket was placed in the sarcophagus the crowd was permitted to pass through the tomb and take a final look at the coffin, which, it is expected, will never again be exposed. No proposal for the opening of the casket was made.

Several relatives of Mrs. Lincoln were present. Mrs. A. S. Edwards, wife of the custodian of the Lincoln homestead and sister of Mrs. Lincoln, was in attendance, together with Mrs. E. D. Keys, a niece of Mrs. Lincoln, and several great nephews.

Formal dedication of the reconstructed monument is fixed for Oct. 15 next, the twenty-seventh anniversary of the original dedication of the pile.

BOTH SIDES BURY THE SHEARS.

Hair Cutting War Between Sophomores and Freshmen at Ann Arbor Ended by a Compromise.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 24.—[Special.]—The faculty of the University of Michigan believes it has ended the freshman-sophomore hair-cutting hostilities.

Thurlow E. Coon, a sophomore, was accused of an attempt to shear the locks of George A. Malcolm, a freshman. The latter's mother at once made complaint to President Angell and Coon was marked for expulsion.

Coon's classmates circulated a petition bearing some 400 names from both under classes asking for clemency in his behalf. In return the undersigned averred that all in their power would be done to shut off future tonsorial operations this year.

The faculty today announced that it had granted Coon a reprieve for a week. If during that time any bald heads appear in the classes or lectures he will be in danger of expulsion.

Both class Presidents have called the class war off in consequence. The sophomores have agreed to leave the freshman banquet, which occurs early in May, unmolested, and the first year men on their side also promise to bury the shears.

WRITER OF THREATENING NOTE.

Man Who Says He Is Warren Wayne of Indiana Trapped at Morris, Ill., by Dummy Package.

Morris, Ill., April 24.—[Special.]—An attempt to obtain $600 by a threatening letter was frustrated last night by Sheriff Johnson and his deputies. S. D. Holderman of Erienna Township, a wealthy farmer, was the intended victim. At the appointed hour and place the officers secreted themselves and placed a dummy package in lieu of the money. The writer of the letter secured the package and in an attempt to escape was seriously wounded. He gave his name as Warren Wayne and his home as in Indiana. He is about 60 years old and says he has met reverses on the Chicago Board of Trade.

WORLD'S CONFERENCE IS ENDED

Seventh Day Adventist Gathering at Battle Creek, Mich., Closes After Two Weeks' Session.

Battle Creek, Mich., April 24.—[Special.]—The world's conference of Seventh Day Adventists is over—closing with praise services and State reunions. It will probably be the last of its kind ever held, as the Adventists have decided to hold many conferences hereafter instead of one large one.

OBITUARY.

ALEXANDER W. RAFFEN'S funeral was held yesterday at the family residence, 390 West Chicago avenue. The services were in charge of the U. S. Grant post, G. A. R. The Rev. James Maclaughlan of the Brighton Park Presbyterian church delivered the funeral oration. The casket was covered by a silken flag. There were many floral tributes. General John McArthur, who at the outbreak of the war was Captain of the Highland Guards, with which Colonel Raffen went to the front as First Lieutenant, was present at the funeral. The pallbearers were: C. K. Herrick, P. McDonnell, Alexander Goldsmith of Milwaukee, Andrew Burns, R. R. Sampson, and W. E. Sawyer. Interment was in Rosehill Cemetery.

Father J. J. Kennedy of Cincinnati died yesterday. He was pastor of the Church of the Assumption and one of the most widely known Roman Catholic priests of Ohio.

SCRIBNER'S
FOR MAY
Some Selected Titles of Articles that need no Descriptive Comment

KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN. "The Diary of a Goose Girl." The first instalment of a three-part story. Illustrated by Shepperson.

WALTER A. WYCKOFF. "With Iowa Farmers." A characteristic episode in the experience of the author of "The Workers."

JOHN LA FARGE. "Passages from a Diary in the Pacific—Hawaii." Illustrated by the author.

GENERAL CHRISTIAN DE WET. By Thomas F. Millard. A sketch from personal acquaintance.

JOHN FOX, Jr. "The Southern Mountaineer" Illustrated from photographs.

SALOONS. By Robert Alston Stevenson. An impartial sociological study.

THE AMATEUR CRACKSMAN. "To Catch a Thief." By E. W. Hornung. Illustrated by F. C. Yohn.

Now Ready Price 25 Cents

CRISIS NOT YET REACHED IN THE CINCINNATI FLOOD.

River Stands at Fifty-seven Feet and Is Rising Steadily, with Heavy Rains Reported Up the Valley.

Cincinnati, O., April 25, 1 a. m.—At midnight the stage of the Ohio River here was fifty-eight feet, eight feet above the limit predicted by the Weather bureau. The river was at that time rising one-half inch an hour. Nothing could be heard from Catlettsburg and Ashland, Ky., where the worst conditions are said to exist.

Reports from Huntington, W. Va., say that traffic on the Interstate lines, as well as the street cars there, has ceased, and the electric light plant is threatened.

Central City, an adjacent town, is under water tonight. The schoolhouses, railroad stations, and freighthouses, and even the jail, are utilized for the homeless.

Guyandotte is entirely cut off from the outside world, with every street flooded. The water has reached the second story of the Riverside Hotel.

One hundred families had to move from West Ironton today, all being driven out of the First Ward. All merchants on Center street, the business street of the city, have had to move.

At Hanging Rock, near here, the water has reached the second stories of some residences, and the same situation prevails at Coal Grove. The Eagle, Belfont, and Kelly rolling mills and other industries have closed. Railroad traffic has been suspended, and a coal famine exists in nearly all the smaller towns.

At Portsmouth, O., a report was circulated today that the floodgates on the dikes will be opened, as the water would soon be over them. Hundreds prepared to move. Engines are being used at various places in pumping out water to advantage.

TROLLEY TO PULL CANAL BOATS.

Ohio Gives Company Contract to Put Electric Motors on the Waterway Between Toledo and Cincinnati.

Columbus, O., April 24.—The increase of the capital stock of the Miami and Erie Canal and Transportation company from $10,000 to $3,000,000 today means the consummation of the project to operate the Miami and Erie Canal, extending from Cincinnati to Toledo, by electricity. A track is to be built along the canal and the boats will be towed by electric motors. The State Board of Public Works has given the company permission to operate over the entire length of the canal.

DISCUSS POSTAL PROGRESS.

Presidential Postmasters' Association, in Convention at Columbus, Hears Address by Charles F. Dick.

Columbus, O., April 24.—In an address before the Presidential Postmasters' association of Ohio today Congressman Charles F. Dick, chairman of the Republican State committee, declared himself in favor of government control of telephone and telegraph lines. All means of communication, he declared, should be under governmental supervision—telegraphic and telephonic as well as the mail system.

Perfect Teeth are kept so by using Grape-Nuts.

The finest specimens of teeth are seen in animals and human beings who chew the food thoroughly.

Dentists agree that teeth must be used to properly preserve them and therefore they urge people to chew their food thoroughly, but the nervous, hurried manner of eating is altogether too common among people and when fed on soft mushes they are liable to swallow the food without chewing.

Dyspepsia and bad teeth are the result if this practice is continued. True, one can eat soft food without detriment if the necessity of chewing is remembered. Grape-Nuts food is so crisp and brittle and withal so pleasant to the taste that the user cannot forget to chew and thus the teeth get the necessary use and the glands of the gums are made to give the juices that Nature intends shall be mixed with the food before it enters the stomach. A New York doctor says many New-Yorkers put a little sugar on oatmeal and then cover with Grape-Nuts, and this method compels the chewing necessary to digest the oatmeal.

Grape-Nuts food is predigested and also helps in digestion of other food. The doctor's plan might do for a variety, but Grape-Nuts and cream alone are considered ideal by hundreds of thousands of brainy people.

There are other reasons why those who eat Grape-Nuts look nourished and well fed. The food is made of parts of the field grains which Nature makes use of in rebuilding brain and nerve centers. Proof will follow use.

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SALE—THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA vs. The Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company. Notice is hereby given that, by virtue of the power and authority given the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Attorney General of the United States, in and by the act of Congress entitled "An act to create a commission to make settlement and adjustment with the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company of its indebtedness to the Government of the United States," approved June 6, 1880, the undersigned will sell at public sale to the highest and best bidder all the claims, rights, and demands of the United States against the said Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company on account of or in connection with, and arising from the issuance of subsidy bonds by the United States to said Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company, under and by virtue of the acts of Congress approved July 1st, 1862, and July 2d, 1864.

Said claims and demands consist of $1,628,320.00 principal and about $2,656,209.30 interest—aggregating $4,184,589.50, more or less.

Said sale will take place in the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, in the Treasury Building, in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of June, 1901, at 12 o'clock, noon.

The sale shall carry all the claims, demands, credits, and rights of the United States against said Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company on account of or in connection with said bonds.

The said claim of the United States is subject and subordinate to a first mortgage given by said Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company to secure the payment of the bonds, amounting to about $1,628,000.00, more or less, and interest, which said first mortgage is a prior lien to the claim and demand of the United States.

No bid for an amount less than $1,872,000.00 will be accepted or entertained.

No bid will be entertained unless the bidder shall, before the commencement of such sale, deposit with the Secretary of the Treasury a certified check for the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, payable to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

The certified checks of unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately after the sale, and the check of the successful bidder shall be at once collected and applied upon his or its bid.

Within twenty days from the sale full payment shall be made by the successful bidder or purchaser, and in case of failure to make such full payment of the amount of such bid within said twenty days the said check for one hundred thousand dollars so deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury shall be forfeited to the United States as liquidated damages for the failure on the part of the successful bidder to pay the full amount of the said bid to the United States of America, and the United States shall be entitled to the said sum of one hundred thousand dollars as liquidated damages from said bidder who so fails to pay the amount of his bid.

J. G. CAGE, Secretary of the Treasury.
W. K. RICHARDS, Acting Attorney General.
E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary of the Interior.
Washington, D. C., April 9, 1901.

HERRON FRIENDS TURN FROM HIM.

Leading Citizens of Grinnell Express Views of His Character.

SEAL OF SILENCE BROKEN

Now Shown That He Was Compelled to Resign His Professorship.

FACULTY FEAR HIS THEORIES

Grinnell, Ia., April 24.—[Special.]—That Professor George D. Herron no longer has a single supporter in Grinnell, where he taught for eight years and where he formerly had many ardent friends, seems to have been definitely discovered here today by a series of interviews with prominent and representative men.

Of those approached not one would say a word in favor of the former professor of applied Christianity.

Interviews with the trustees of Iowa College developed some sensational facts in regard to the reason of Dr. Herron's severance of his connection with that institution. While his resignation appeared to be voluntary on its face it was in reality forced, not because his teachings were believed to be bad ones, but because the influence of his daily life on the students was supposed to be harmful in the greatest degree possible.

Seal of Silence Removed.

The statement given out by the Rev. Dwight Hillis of New York seems to have broken the seal which the people of Grinnell and of the college have placed upon their lips for some time. Among the prominent people who have expressed themselves in the matter is L. F. Parker, formerly professor in history in Iowa College during the Herron régime. Professor Parker is one of the most highly respected men connected in any way with the institution and a man who would not willfully do harm to any one. He says:

"What we now know of Mr. Herron's life and efforts to induce his wife to ask for a divorce, of the methods understood to have been employed by him to bring it about, of her generosity toward him even now, of the declarations unfavorable to her which seem to us to have originated with him, compels every one here, so far as I know or have learned, to sympathize with her and to deem him a cruel and faithless husband. My strong words are approved by some who one year ago would have thought them almost, if not altogether, sacrilegious. His closest friends seem to deem him either daft or worse. Only strong words express our feeling."

Parker's Statement Indorsed.

The following list of signatures indorsing Professor Parker's statement shows the universality of the sentiment here. They are: H. W. Spaulding, Mayor; J. P. Lyman, Iowa College alumnus and member of the State Legislature; Charles F. Craver, ex-State legislator; G. L. Sanders, farmer; J. Buck, professor in Iowa College; Edmund M. Vittum, pastor of the Congregational Church, of which Herron is a member; Rapp & Moyle, grocers; E. A. Marsh, jeweler; I. A. Flood and John Goodfellow, butchers; A. H. McMurray, clothing merchant; C. A. Roberts, postmaster; George B. McGuin, assistant postmaster; W. S. Leisure, assessor; G. W. Cowden, editor Herald, Iowa College; M. Cheffee, justice of the peace; Carl C. Phelps, hardware merchant; R. B. Johnson, mechanic; H. D. Works, retired business man; W. G. Ray, ex-Representative and alumnus of Iowa College; George H. Hallin, cashier of Merchants' National Bank; A. W. Beck, A. W. Bartlett, bankers; W. B. Kirby, banker, H. H. Robbins, trustee of Iowa College; H. P. Proctor, jeweler; C. E. Alley, druggist; P. G. McConnell, druggist; G. W. Sampson, mason; Marvin Bros., hardware dealers.

Views of Leading Citizens.

These signatures will be sent to Dr. Hillis at New York to be used by him. These expressions are emphasized more strongly by prominent citizens, who have today given out individual interviews. Among them are W. G. Ray, editor of the Grinnell Herald, and ex-Representative. He said:

"At last this modern Jekyll has been exposed. Neither Herron nor his female patrons have any friends in Grinnell."

H. W. Spauding, Mayor of Grinnell, said: "I always believed Professor Herron's connection with the college would be harmful and have never had the slightest faith in the man and have always doubted his sincerity."

J. P. Lyman, member of the Legislature, said: "I cannot see how any man could have the heart to put away his wife and children as he did. If it had happened among the criminal classes we might have accounted for it, but we cannot do so in this case. His actions are the inevitable result of his teaching."

Statement by His Pastor.

The Rev. E. M. Vittum, pastor of the Congregational Church of which Herron is a member, today gave out an interview concerning Dr. Herron's connection with the church which contains the gist of the church's charges against Herron. Mr. Vittum said:

"George D. Herron united with the church of which I am pastor nearly eight years ago. He assented to the covenant, thus declaring that he accepted the system of Christian truth held by the churches of our faith and order, and by this church, and promising solemnly 'to walk with his church in the truth and peace.' He has never notified me of any change in his attitude or asked to be released from his promise, and, according to the ethics of the business world, he is still under the same sacred obligations. How well he is keeping his compact those who have heard his public addresses can judge.

"Any statement that he was persecuted by his church on account of heresy or socialism is an absolute falsehood. The charges against his character will be dealt with by the church, but without haste or excitement."

Justice Gaynor Declines.

New York, April 24.—[Special.]—Justice Gaynor of the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, declined today to preside at the meeting of the Get-Together Club next Monday night, when Professor George D. Herron will speak. The Justice had promised to preside at the meeting.

NOT AS LAWLESS AS CHICAGO.

St. Petersburg Defended by the United States Consul General—Recent Stories Held False.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 24.—A local editor is in receipt of a letter from Colonel W. R. Holloway, United States Consul General to St. Petersburg, dated April 9, in which these statements are made: "The stories recently telegraphed the American press concerning the alleged riots in St. Petersburg are largely false, and were made up largely of sensational reports that reached Berlin, Vienna, and London. The stories that the Emperor's office and living rooms are lined with boiler iron and that he is hourly in fear of assassination are rot. The Emperor and Empress drive about as usual, unattended by a single guard or footman. I have no means of knowing how many Nihilists there are in this city, but I do not believe they are as numerous as in Chicago, and there is nothing like as much lawlessness here as in that city, nor as many murders as in Indianapolis."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters, the celebrated tonic, is used all over the world

MISS CARRIE RAND, FRIEND OF DR. HERRON.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Tosca.

Grand Opera in Three Acts, by Giacomo Puccini. Produced for the First Time in Chicago Last Evening at the Auditorium by the Metropolitan Opera Company.

THE CAST.

Flora Torca	Miss Milka Ternina
Mario Cavardossi	Mr. Cremonini
Cesare Angelotti	Mr. Dufriche
Il Sagrestano	Mr. Pini-Corsi
Spoletta	Mr. Bars
Sciarrone	Mr. Viviani
Un Carceriere	Mr. Cernusco
Il Barone Scarpia	Mr. Scotti
Conductor—Mr. Flon.	

If there were no other reason for regretting the brevity of the opera season at the Auditorium the one fact that its shortness precludes the possibility of a repetition of "Tosca" would be sufficient for so doing. The wish heard expressed on every side last evening was for another chance to listen to Puccini's work given in the splendid manner in which Mr. Grau's forces give it. It was unquestionably the "big" night of the week thus far. Not as regards attendance and social glitter, but as regards music and performance. The audience was the regulation novelty night audience—small and scattered. The howl is constantly raised that Mr. Grau "gives us no novelties." When he does, most of us stay at home! The musicians complain continually of the old and hackneyed repertoire. The professional musicians seen in the audience last evening could have been counted on the fingers of one's hands!

Those who were enterprising enough to attend can congratulate themselves upon having witnessed an operatic performance which for general excellence, smoothness, and completeness, and for dramatic intensity and vocal power, has not had its equal in Chicago in many a day. To judge of Puccini's music, in the presence of the thrilling performance given it last night, were in truth difficult. The superb art of Milka Ternina would suffice to make even the meanest opera seem admirable, and when it is employed in the service of music as finely conceived and as skillfully fashioned as is Puccini's setting of the Sardou drama it glorifies that music until one is ready to pronounce it the creation of a master hand.

In the absence of more exact judgment, let the statement suffice that "Tosca" is an opera blessed with one of the most effective texts known, and that the impression received from a single hearing is that its score contains orchestral effects and ideas which only a consummate and essentially original master of instrumentation could have penned, and vocal beauties that prove him one gifted with something so far along in the realm of talent that it borders close on genius. Such moments as the "Recondite armonia," which Cavaradossi sings as he contemplates the medallion of Tosca, the love duet in the first act, the scene between Scarpia and Cavaradossi while the cantata is being sung, the entire scene between Scarpia and Tosca in Act II., the introduction to the final act and the close of the duet between the lovers—these are incidents in the score which speak of creative eminence, and justify the thought that in Puccini the world possesses its next great writer of operas.

As for the performance, praise so unqualified as to seem extravagance is alone possible. The work of Milka Ternina as Tosca surpasses in dramatic truth and power any known to the operatic stage today, and stamps her as the greatest singing actress of the present time. She gives the character with the same sincerity as does Bernhardt or Duse, and her work is not a whit less convincing than is theirs. The second act, in which she yields to Scarpia only to murder him, last night held every spectator spell-bound, and the storm of applause that broke loose at its close told how tense had been the attention and how completely the actress' art had swayed her hearers. As for Ternina's singing it is no less marvelous and perfect than her acting. A voice of wonderful mellowness, purity, and sympathy, and yet, when needed, of a power and intensity that thrill like a trumpet call. As for her ability to color the tone to suit the emotion expressed only Jean de Reszke is her equal in skill. One awaits her Elizabeth in "Tannhäuser" on Friday evening with anticipation of intense pleasure.

A worthy comparison to Ternina's Tosca was the Scarpia of Mr. Scotti. The refinement and distinction which lie in the singer's voice and which make his Don Giovanni so satisfactory stood him in good stead as Scarpia. He was the villain, heartless and cruel, but he was always elegant. Vocally he was at all times entirely satisfying, delivering the difficult music of the part with splendid variation in color and power.

Mr. Cremonini completed a trio of true excellence. His voice is exceptionally pleasing in its fresh, healthy character. It has richness and sympathetic charm, and yet is of ample volume and power. He sang excellently last night and richly merited the hearty applause he received for his work.

The orchestra played with spirit and with admirable precision and finish. Mr. Flon showed of what he is capable when he puts his attention to his work, and the recall he shared with the singers after the second act should show him that the public is appreciative.

The stage settings merit especial mention. They were brought on from New York especially for the production and were of great beauty in coloring and design.

Grand Opera Matinee.

The matinée yesterday was devoted to "Lucia" and "Cavaleria Rusticana." An audience of moderate proportions was in attendance, society being lightly represented in the boxes, and the front divisions of the main floor and the balcony being fairly well filled.

The performance of "Lucia" was in every respect an excellent one. The transcendent vocal beauty with which Mme. Melba sings the title rôle is well known, and, as the great soprano was in exceptionally fine vocal form yesterday, the result was singing as near perfection as can be conceived and ever realized. The velvety loveliness and absolute purity of her voice is a source of never-failing wonder, and when that voice is used with the marvelous skill with which it was yesterday throughout the entire performance, the enjoyment to the listener is such as only the highest, most perfect achievements in art can afford.

The "mad scene," as sung yesterday, was no longer productive of mere wonder, but became a thing of absolute beauty—a beauty that moved and awed one by its perfection and nobility. Mme. Melba treats the entire opera with all of the dramatic effect it will admit, and the result is surprising. One sees that Donizetti did not, after all, work without dramatic intelligence and understanding. The music and the dramatic situation are not so widely at variance as the opponents of the "old Italian school" would have us believe.

Mr. Campanari was the Enrico. He treated the part with fine discrimination—not making the character the familiar melodramatic heavy villian most baritones are fond of representing it. He gives it strength and intensity, but he does not forget that Henry was a gentleman of high station. As for the vocal part of his portrayal, it was in every way eminently satisfying and complete. Mr. Salignac was a thoroughly adequate Edgardo, singing the duet with Mme. Melba in the first act with much tonal suavity and a high degree of finish. Mr. Journet, as Raimondo, was all that could be desired, and Miss Bauermeister was as usual a good Alice.

"Cavalleria" brought before the Chicago public for the first time Miss Margaret MacIntyre, the English soprano. Santuzza is a rôle which affords little opportunity for the judging of a vocalist's abilities as a singer. The most the listener can decide is as to the amount of voice possessed, for Mascagni's music is more a question of vocal quantity than quality so far as the heroine is concerned. Miss MacIntyre, who has a pleasing stage personality, being of good figure, attractive face, and graceful in movement and bearing, is the possessor of abundant vocal power, especially so far as the upper part of her voice is concerned. She plays Santuzza with more coquetry and self-assurance than is usual, or is in fact best for the part. He who watches her Santuzza feels that that young maiden is eminently able to take care of herself and that her grief over Turiddu's perfidy will not be of long duration. The result is loss of the spectator's sympathy, and this being sacrificed, little of worth remains in the opera's story.

Mr. Dippel was the Turiddu. His German vocal training fits him but poorly for the satisfactory delivery of the high tenor music of the part. He sings it with a noticeable effort, and the result is not pleasant. He acted with a vast amount of passion and looked the character to perfection.

Mr. Campanari as Alfio was vocally and dramatically the star of the performance. Mme. Homer was a coquettish, attractive Lola, and Miss Bauermeister a satisfactory Lucia.

Tonight "Les Huguenots" will be presented, cast as follows:

Valentine	Mme. Nordica
Urbain	Mme. Louise Homer
I. Dame d'Honneur	Miss Bauermeister
II. Dame d'Honneur	Mme. Van Cauteren
Marguerite de Valois	Mme. Melba
Raoul de Nangis	Mr. Jean de Reszke
Le Comte de Saint Bris	Mr. Plançon
Le Comte de Nevers	Mr. Scotti
Soldat Huguenot	Mr. Jacques Bars
De Tavannes	Mr. Hubbenet
De Retz	Mr. Viviani
Maurevert	Mr. Dufriche
De Cosse	Mr. Maniero
Marcel	Mr. Ed de Reszke

The double bill arranged for Saturday night is so long that the management announces that the performance will begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock.

Lorna Doone at Grand Opera-House.

Charles Richman, according to a rumor prevalent last night, has been offered the rôle of John Ridd in "Lorna Doone," which will be the summer production at the Grand Opera-House. The dramatization of R. D. Blackmore's novel is the piece which Manager Harry L. Hamlin has had in preparation for the last eighteen months, though its identity has remained successfully veiled. The play was intended for production last summer, but the rebuilding of the theater caused the postponement of the undertaking. Mr. Hamlin is now in New York collecting a company.

Miss Eleanor Robson has been given the opportunity of creating the stage likeness of Lorna Doone, but the young actress is said to have been unable to secure release from other contracts. The negotiations, however, have not ended.

More Vaudeville Upheavals.

F. F. Proctor's withdrawal from the syndicate of vaudeville managers was reflected in local developments yesterday. The association of managers has had only a nominal representation in Chicago for some time, and it is understood that the nominal bond now has been dissolved, and that henceforth it will be every manager for himself. Sharp competition between the Masonic Temple Roof Theater, which is to open early in May, and the Chicago Opera-House seems probable throughout the summer.

"My disinclination," said the Eastern vaudeville magnate in explanation of his course, "to be hampered by combinations and alliances of any kind forced me to resign. I was the last theater proprietor to join in the formation of the organization, which, indeed, was begun with the openly declared purpose of shutting me out. But it was found I was needed, and I was invited to join. I did so, but hardly with good grace."

The association now comprises B. F. Keith and his allies.

Country Managers to Meet.

Another organization of theatrical managers is pending. It will be made up, if pending plans go smoothly, of the managers of the leading small cities in Illinois, Indiana, and southern Michigan. An alliance between about two score such managers was made a year ago, and the project of a present closer union is its outgrowth. The intent is to have the association book attractions as a unit, and to do so under contracts which cannot be easily broken. At the present time, it is said, large companies frequently book extra time through the small towns, but cancel the engagements if they afterwards are able to get entrance for the period into larger cities. This is the practice upon which the association will make war.

A meeting to be held in Chicago next Tuesday was called yesterday by J. T. Henderson of Bloomington, who is President of the existing alliance. Forty members are expected to attend.

CUDAHYS HEARD IN OMAHA TRIAL.

Kidnaped Boy and His Father Relate Incidents of the Crime.

JURY GOES OVER SCENES.

Rides Along Road Taken by Senior Cudahy When He Went to Deliver Ransom.

CASE NEAR CRITICAL POINT.

Omaha, Neb., April 24.—[Special.]—In the trial of James Callahan, accused of complicity in the kidnaping of E. A. Cudahy Jr., the jury heard the testimony of E. A. Cudahy and of his son, after having taken a ride over the road traversed by Mr. Cudahy when he went alone to deliver the $25,000 ransom, and then looked over the house where the boy was kept prisoner.

When proceedings in court were resumed E. A. Cudahy took the stand. In his examination the purpose of the defense was brought out to show that the packer had surrendered the $25,000 without compulsion. The State, following the allegation in the complaint, set forth that a robbery was committed when the gold was extorted from Cudahy through threats on his son's life. Mr. Cudahy conceded that he gave up the money freely without expectation of getting it back.

The testimony of E. A. Cudahy Jr. was not concluded today, and the boy has not yet been asked to state his opinion as to the identity of Callahan with one of the kidnapers, and has merely said in a general way that the man who first accosted him was of dark complexion and wore a stubby black mustache. This description answers that of Callahan.

Young Cudahy described the journey to the house on Grover street and related at length his conversations with his jailer, who is thought to have been Callahan. The boy later listened to a conversation in Chief Donahue's office between the Chief and Callahan, and the identification will rest on a recognition of voice rather than any similarity of features. The other testimony of the youth was substantially as has appeared in interviews.

M. L. Sears, attorney for Cudahy, testified that he had instructed the Omaha National Bank on Mr. Cudahy's order to withhold $25,000 in the vaults and that he had later gone with the coachman to bring the gold up-town.

The crisis of the case is expected tomorrow, when young Cudahy will make a direct effort toward identifying Callahan as the "dark man" involved in the case.

RAILS SPREAD AND SEND TRAIN INTO THE DITCH.

Limited Express on Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Wrecked and Engineer and Firemen Are Killed.

Dayton, O., April 24.—Two men were killed and twelve injured in a wreck on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad at 6:15 o'clock tonight, four miles northeast of this city.

The train was the Michigan flyer, which is due in Dayton at 6:20, and was running at a high rate of speed. At the point where the accident occurred the river makes a sweeping bend, running with the tracks. On the river side is a precipitous bank twenty-five feet high.

In the depth of the curve one of the small truck wheels broke, throwing the engine into the bank, the tender switching outward over the river edge. The impact of the vestibuled train behind, consisting of baggage, smoker, day coach, and parlor car, carried the first two cars over the river, where they hung in air.

The engine was turned completely about, the pilot facing the train. Engineer Patrick Doolin of Lima, Fireman Raymond McElroy, also of Lima, were killed instantly, and twelve passengers injured, none seriously.

San Antonio, Tex., April 24.—The southbound International and Great Northern passenger train was wrecked this morning at Davenport, sixteen miles north of here, by supposed robbers, who threw the switch. Engineer Pat Monahan was mortally injured and Fireman F. W. Hicks killed.

ADMIT SWINDLING THE SICK.

Proprietors of a Medical Institute in Missouri Plead Guilty to Using Mails for Fraud.

Kansas City, Mo., April 24.—In the federal court here Stephen A. Weltmer and Joseph H. Kelly, President and Secretary respectively of the Weltmer Institute of Magnetic Healing at Nevada, Mo., pleaded guilty to indictments charging them with using the mails to defraud. They threw themselves upon the mercy of the court. Sentence has been reserved.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.

Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Greece, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Lourenzo Marques, Belgium, and Russia, 4:30 p. m.

For Porto Rico, via San Juan, 4:30 p. m.

For Trinidad and Trinidad, 4:30 p. m.

For Fortune Island, Jamaica, Savanilla, Carthagena, and Greytown, 12 p. m.

For Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, 9 p.m.

For Argentina, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 12 p. m.

For Curacao and Venezuela, via Curacao, 12 p. m.

For France, Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Austria, and Netherlands, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

Leroy Pleasure club, Chicago; social; incorporators, Frederick Sheehan, William Ryan, and Charles Hardman.

Metropolitan Concertina circle, Chicago; social and musical; incorporators, William Hackbarth, Theodore Bolke, Christ Polkow.

International Spiritualists' association, Chicago; promotion of Spiritualism; incorporators, Daniel W. Shoudy, Robert H. Smith, and D. S. White.

Reynolds Electric company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing electrical machinery devices and supplies; incorporators, Henry W. Prouty, Peter Anderson, and Alvin L. McElroy.

Mercantile Tailoring company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing garments; incorporators, John C. Phillips, Arthur F. Leslie, and M. J. Sweeney.

John H. Drake company, Chicago; capital, $15,000; manufacturing drugs, chemicals, etc.; incorporators, Elmer Dewitt Brothers, Matthew Mills, and Sidney S. Gorham.

Person Condensed Food company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; manufacturing condensed foods; incorporators, S. O. Person, G. A. Osborne, and Thomas Gahan.

Monarch Telephone Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing and telephone business;; incorporators, John E. Norling, Ernest E. Yexley, and Ward S. Sawyer.

International Telephone Manufacturing company, Chicago; capital, $100,000; manufacturing electrical devices; incorporators, William E. McCormick, J. F. Dunlap, and George H. Dunlap.

N. Z. Graves & Co., Chicago; capital, $1,000; dealing in paints, colors, etc.; incorporators, Charles Caswell Jr., Elmer E. Wagner, and Francis A. Harper.

Manganese Coal and Iron company, Chicago; name changed to Rockford Safety Vault Deposit company, object changed to construct and operate a building; capital stock decreased from $500,000 to $200,000.

Consolidated Packing Companies, Chicago; capital stock decreased from $3,500,000 to $500,000.

Illinois Translated Wire company; location of principal office changed from Sycamors to Chicago.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., April 24.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

For Illinois—Fair Thursday, warmer in northeast portion, Friday fair, light northeasterly winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair Thursday, Friday fair, probably cooler in western portion, light easterly winds.

For Ohio—Generally fair Thursday, warmer in southeast portion, Friday fair, variable winds.

For Lower Michigan—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, light northeasterly winds.

For Indiana—Fair Thursday and Friday, light north to east winds.

For Minnesota—Fair Thursday, cooler in western portion, Friday fair, probably cooler, variable winds.

For Iowa—Fair Thursday, Friday fair, probably cooler in western portion, easterly winds, becoming variable.

For Missouri—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, cooler Friday in northwest portions, variable winds.

For North and South Dakota—Fair, cooler Thursday, Friday fair, variable winds.

For Nebraska—Fair Thursday, cooler in western portion, Friday fair, cooler in eastern portion, easterly winds, becoming variable.

Place of observation. Time taken: April 24, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Velocity of wind.	Precipitation, 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	30.00	80	82				Fair
Albany	29.96	60	64	S.		.56	Rain
Alpena	30.14	54	58	N.			Clo'dy
Atlanta	30.14	62	64	N.			Clear
Amarillo	29.98	72	84	N.W.		.02	Fair
Battleford	30.02	50	56	Calm			Fair
Bismarck	30.08	58	78	N.			Clear
Buffalo	30.02	50	52	N.E.			Clo'dy
Boston	29.80	42	44	N.E.		1.08	Rain
Cairo	30.14	68	68	N.			Fair
Calgary	30.00	46	60	N.W.			Fair
Charlotte	30.04	56	64	N.W.			Clear
Cheyenne	29.98	66	70	N.			Clear
Chicago	30.12	52	60	N.E.			Clear
Cincinnati	30.12	58	60	N.W.			Clear
Cleveland	30.06	46	48	N.W.		.56	Rain
Concordia	29.98	76	86	N.			Fair
Davenport	30.14	64	68	N.			Fair
Denver	30.00	72	76	N.			Clear
Des Moines	30.10	64	66	N.			Fair
Detroit	30.08	54	62	N.		.18	Clo'dy
Dodge	29.94	78	80	W.			Fair
Dubuque	30.10	62	64	N.			Clear
Duluth	30.16	50	52	W.			Clear
El Paso	29.80	82	86	W.			Fair
Edmonton	29.90	46	58	N.			Fair
Galveston	30.14	68	74	S.E.			Clo'dy
Grand Haven	30.12	56	56	N.		.02	Clo'dy
Green Bay	30.12	52	56	N.E.			Clear
Havre	30.02	52	62	N.			Clear
Helena	29.96	58	68				Clo'dy
Huron	30.00	70	78	E.			Fair
Indianapolis	30.10	60	62	N.			Clo'dy
Jacksonville	30.10	66	72	N.W.			Clear
Kansas City	30.10	72	74	S.W.			Fair
Lander	30.04	52	68	N.			Fair
Little Rock	30.10	74	80	N.			Clear
Los Angeles	29.98	64	72	W.			Clear
Marquette	30.08	54	54	N.			Clear
Memphis	30.16	72	76	W.			Clear
Medicine Hat	30.16	60	62	W.			Clear
Minnedosa	29.96	60	62	W.			Clo'dy
Montgomery	30.14	68	74	N.W.			Clear
Montreal	30.00	52	58	N.E.		.18	Clo'dy
Nashville	30.08	64	70	W.		.01	Fair
New Orleans	30.18	70	74	S.E.			Clear
New York City	29.70	50	52	N.E.		.54	Rain
Norfolk	29.90	52	62	N.		.38	Rain
North Platte	29.98	74	82	S.E.			Clear
Oklahoma	30.08	72	80	S.W.			Clo'dy
Omaha	30.06	70	72	N.			Clear
Oswego	30.02	52	58	N.		.40	Rain
Palestine	30.10	80	86	S.			Fair
Parkersburg	30.10	50	52	W.		.40	Rain
Philadelphia	30.02	52	58	N.W.		.24	Rain
Pittsburg	30.00	52	58	N.W.			Clo'dy
Pueblo	29.94	74	78	S.W.			Clear
Qu'Appelle	30.04	54	68	N.W.			Fair
Rapid City	29.98	74	78	N.E.			Clear
San Francisco	30.12	52	58	W.			Clo'dy
St. Louis	30.14	64	70	N.E.			Clear
St. Paul	30.10	70	74	S.E.			Clear
Salt Lake City	29.86	74	76	N.W.			Fair
Santa Fe	29.92	74	76	N.W.			Fair
Springfield, Ill.	30.16	64	68	N.			Clear
Springfield, Mo.	30.08	70	74	S.E.			Clear
Vicksburg	30.14	74	76	S.E.			Clear
Washington	29.88	56	62	W.		.60	Rain
White River	30.18	60	66	Calm			Fair
Williston	30.06	60	68	N.			Clear
Winnipeg	30.06	74	76	N.		Tr.	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 241 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 49; 9 a. m., 50; 10 a. m., 50; 11 a. m., 52; 12 m., 51; 1 p. m., 52; 3 p. m., 51; 5 p. m., 51. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.62; 5 p. m., 29.66.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

William E. Rowley, Phœbe B. Wray	31—20
William M. Correll, Dahinda, Ill., Kathleen E. Horrigan	22—22
Roy J. Poyer, Desplaines, Ill., Louisa E. Pittman, Riverview, Ill.	22—20
Jacob F. J. Liess, Joliet, Ill., Julia Buttenmueller, same	27—22
Charles R. Kirshner, Rebecca Dale	22—20
John Prince, Allen Hoekstra	23—20
Paul Gutenschweiger, Nellie Bergmann	25—19
Michael Murphy, Margaret Moll	30—21
Charlie E. Phillips, Genevieve Parker	24—22
Harry L. Smith, Charlotte L. Snow	21—19
Martin Schlick, Clara Pigeon	23—19
Charles Lennon, Margaret Cummins	23—22
Max C. Potratz, Mary J. Galeivi	25—22
Edward Forhan, Danville, Ill., Minnett M. Browne, Belmhl, Ind.	25—23
Stefan Lattyak, Margaret Clich	28—19
William J. Kelly, Alice Dougherty	30—18
Peter Bros, Kerstine Kerst	31—24
Louis C. Welding, Emma Schulz	31—24
Fritz Mohrmann, Martha Harnes	24—23
William G. Kinsley, Mary E. Kisk	27—20
Dwight Lawrence, Mervyn Winston	27—21
Samuel J. Witkowski, Mary S. Kisk	20—22
Gustav H. Moldenhauer, Alma Canschow	27—20
Richard Horton, La Grange, Ill., Louise Strasser, same	27—22
William Brosnan, Ellen Flynn	29—23
Stanley M. Bennett, Edith M. Felton	23—20
John F. Sloan, Lockport, Ill., Nellie A. King, same	28—20
Thomas Nash, Barbara Cullen	30—27
Henry Cameron, Helen Devine	30—30
Fred C. Mills, Florence Miller	24—19
Andrew H. Olson, Eva Eastard	27—19
Elmer J. Bliss, Boston, Mass., Lena Harding	28—26
Arno M. Franke, Selma Schmidt	28—23
Frank Paul, Katherine Murphy	28—28
Gustav C. Fried, Fairmont, Minn., Rae E. Meyer	23—21
Abraham Michaelsen, Susanna Olsen	26—20
William Blackburn, Sennia Staid	24—21
Warren L. Cameron, Katherine Vail	24—20
John W. Kinnan, Margarethe Nagle	26—23
Charley Christensen, Rankin, Ill., Marie Nelson	27—22
Richard C. Aylward, Wauseukee, Wis., Nena Voss, Black Earth, Wis.	21—28
Morris Lawyer, Agnes Cooper	21—21
Andrew Wolnick, Maryanna Kramos	21—18
Vincent Swerski, Bronislawa Klosowska	25—19
Walter B. Ryerson, Anna M. Koenig	21—18
Thompson Della Bennett	24—20
Jan Piteloski, Maryanna Konkowska	27—23
Herman Hayden, Elsie Crellin	27—18
Edward J. Adams, Anna Cole	22—19
Charles F. Oehmich, Alma A. M. Peters	27—24
William M. Ritchie, Catherine M. Wilson	22—21
Jeremiah J. Fitzgerald, Gertrude McCardle	21—20
Henry Roth, Ivo Bryton	26—23
John Zink, Clara Baur	32—20
Antonas Krecinas, Petronella Petrosius	23—21
George M. Adam, Adele Weinhardt	30—20
Julius Gollard, Rosa Schurr	26—18
Thomas Bulger, Lilliam I. McKeogh	25—21
Cornelius Enright, Hannah McCarthy	28—26
Edward M. Devereaux, New York City, N. Y., Lucy Bleiase	28—26
Louis F. Ristow, Lottie Rhode	22—21
Edward O'Brien, Agnes B. Grady	24—20
Eugene E. Finnegan, Maywood, Ill., Ella M. Twain	24—26
Arthur Neville, Rose Linehan	27—27
Charles C. Connell, Amy E. Sennion	23—21
Richard Griffiths, Christina Bohlander	23—20
John Fehrmann, Helen E. Scott	26—26
Amase F. Raymer, Sadie Jones	24—20
Thomas Sheehan, Bridget O'Connor	25—27
John Livingston, Kate O'Donnell	21—20
Robert Robinson, Jeannette Deuchar	23—23
George W. Pearce, Mary Johnson	25—27
John Delles, Christine Marx	24—21
Albert B. Crabtree, Martha C. Walsh	36—26
Joseph V. Hoss, Mathilde Schike	24—22
John V. Newstrom, Sophie Nystrom	22—21
John Rudolphson, Marie Dittman	30—22
James C. Young, Mary T. Manning	23—22
Frank D. Hallenbeck, Annie Campbell	31—25
Clarence Holt, Mildred White	35—31
C. V. Arthur Weichelt, Barrington, Ill., Hermine Kaestner	32—23
Julius Zachaw, Erna Schwan	23—24
Edward D. Stacy, Leefe Cordray	30—25
Charles Skovron, Mary Sanocka	23—23
William Gleich, Martha Deisenroth	24—22
James Robinson, Emilie C. Kaestner	47—24
Carl Eggert, Augusta Makri	23—26
Frederich Gamey, Morgan Park, Ill., Minnie M. Emmerson, same	26—25
Thomas Pashley, Jennie Skala	23—23
Albert Dwojacki, Hattie Wilka	23—23
Anton Vlsek, Anna Novak	22—20
John R. McDonald, Gertrude L. Bentley	26—18
John Gleich, Martha Deisenroke	24—22
Tyge Tygesen, Borothea Grimm	41—35
Harry L. Skinner, Nellie E. Courtney	26—24
Gaynor Peterson, Elizabeth H. Globe	25—30
Arthur Gattanco, La Salle, Ill., Katherine Borganer, same	26—18
Joseph Januczawskis, Sofya Josalte	22—23

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Health Department:

Andelson, Mary, 55; 2378 Indiana-st., April 23.
Andree, Catherine, 33; 831 Hudson-av., April 22.
Agnew, Luke, 64; 187 Cass-st., April 22.
Bryngelson, Elizb., 46; 715 S. Homan-av., April 23.
Casey, Edward, 68; 954 Hancock-av., April 21.
Donahue, Nora, 42; 1312 Wabash-av., April 22.
Derner, Delia, 35; 5130 Michigan-av., April 23.
Ehrhardt, August, 43; Cook Co. Hospital, April 23.
Harnack, Henry, 56; 703 S. Morgan-st., April 23.
Harms, Dorak, 25; 4224 Evans-av., April 22.
Ines, Elizabeth A., 82; 1111 75th-st., April 23.
Koch, Katherine,

CHAMPIONS WIN OPENING GAME

Great Crowd Witnesses the Unfurling of American League Pennant.

CLEVELAND LOSES, 8 TO 2.

Hoffer's Wildness Gives White Stockings a Sure Lead in the Second.

OTHER GAMES POSTPONED.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	1	0	1.000	Milwaukee	0	0	.....
Baltimore	0	0	.....	Philadelphia	0	0	.....
Boston	0	0	.....	Washington	0	0	.....
Detroit	0	0	.....	Cleveland	0	1	.000

Yesterday's Result.

Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 2.

Games Today.

Cleveland at Chicago.
Milwaukee at Detroit.
Boston at Baltimore.
Washington at Philadelphia.

Under the fairest skies the weather clerk could select from his varied stock of April goods; with a championship pennant floating high above them from the proudest pine of all Michigan's forests; with 9,000 fans to cheer them from a pent-up enthusiasm that burst forth at every possible opportunity, the White Stockings opened the American league baseball season on the South Side grounds yesterday with a clean-cut victory over the aggregation from Cleveland. The score was 8 runs to 2.

It was the most auspicious beginning imaginable, without a thing to mar the occasion. The only thing the fans could have asked for, to add to their delight, was a little more warmth in the atmosphere, and even that was supplied by the spectators when the real rooting began. It was a splendid crowd, both in its proportions and in the elements of which it was composed, and it was a magnificent welcome it gave the players who fought for, won, and hoisted that pennant and the new men who have joined the champions to help them retain that emblem.

There were cheers for everybody, from Hoy, who couldn't hear them, to Patterson, the hero of many a hard-earned victory last year. There was so much enthusiasm on tap that the visitors came in for a generous share of it, especially Bradley and McCarthy, the two ex-Orphans, who, by the way, cut the greatest figure in the game for the losers, and Wood, who helped the champions so much last season. There were flowers for Brain, the youngest of the White Sox, and a cane and umbrella for McCarthy from the friends he made at the West Side grounds. And at the end there was so much surplus exuberance that the bleacherites indulged in a merry cushion fight all through the concluding inning by way of celebration.

Hoffer's Costly Bases on Balls.

It would have been most discourteous for Cleveland to have won in the face of all that good-natured enthusiasm. It would have been cruelty to have put the slightest damper upon it. But the visitors tried hard enough to be discourteous, and if Bill Hoffer had been able to locate the plate at all in the first two innings it would have been an uncomfortably close rub at the best. It was fast, clean baseball. Nine innings were played in an hour and a half, and each team made a single error, on difficult chances in both cases. Dashing base-running gave the White Stockings so wide a margin of scores in comparison to the slight difference in the batting figures, and it was that base-running that made Hoffer's bases on balls so costly to his team in the main.

The crowd began to gather long before 3 o'clock, and the early arrivals were amused by a concert by the First Regiment Rough Riders' band. The visiting team was the first to make its appearance and went through its preliminary practice amid the good-natured guying of the bleacherites, while the champions kept modestly out of sight down by the clubhouse. Fifteen minutes later the White Stockings marched out and across the field in a long line of dazzling white, and the spectators arose as if one man to cheer. There was one preliminary burst and then a hush until the advancing line reached the edge of the diamond, then there was another cheer which might have been heard in South Chicago if the wind had been stronger.

Not since 1898 have Chicago fans had such an opportunity as that, not in fifteen years a chance to applaud and feel proud of a team of champions. In that time a new generation of fans has sprung up, and those who can recall Chicago's last previous pennant are in the veteran class of rooters. But old and young seemed bound to make the most of their opportunities on this occasion—and they did.

Greeting the Champions.

There was a cheer when the White Stockings took their positions for practice, another when Manager Griffith went out to drive hot liners and grounders to the infield, still another for big Jack Katoll when he began to push long fungoes to the outfielders, and more cheers for each individual player as he handled the ball; for Jones and Hoy and Mertes when they came in under short pop flies; for Hartman, Shugart, and Brain as they scooped up fast bounders with almost mid-season accuracy and shot them over to first; for Isbell when he pulled in the wide throws, and for Billy Sullivan, who stood at the plate and snapped the ball around the different bases with an arm which he says is lame but which showed no signs of it in practice or play.

Then the rival teams congregated at the plate and with the band to lead them marched in two long lines down to the tall flagpole in deepest center field. There was the briefest of delays and then the members of last season's team, to whom belonged the honor of hoisting the pennant, grasped the rope, and, tugging lustily, slowly raised it aloft. The big crowd arose and let out a cheer as the silken banner left the ground, the band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," and everybody hoped the "long may it wave" would come true.

Pennant Is Unfurled.

Not until the pennant reached the top of the staff did the breeze seem strong enough to straighten it out, but then, as the long silken folds were slowly and lazily unfurled, disclosing the words so unfamiliar to the eyes of local fans, "Chicago, Champions American League, 1900," cheer followed cheer, and while the teams marched back across the park to the strains of "There'll Be a Hot Time" the spectators settled back into their seats ready for the struggle of 1901 to commence. There was a little delay while the Captains and Umpire Connolly fixed the ground rules made necessary by the crowd on the field and the game was on. And if the "hot time" predicted didn't eventuate it wasn't the band's fault. It was all Hoffer's.

When it was discovered that Roy Patterson, no longer a "boy" in fast company, but still a "wonder," was to pitch the game for the champions, and the crowd once more expressed its delight. Pickering was the first to face him and the first ball of the season was a "ball," but it was closely followed by a "strike"—an American league strike, and not the National league brand once known as a foul. Then Pickering raised a high fly which gave Hoy the first putout of the season in pretty nearly the same spot that he made the last putout of last season. McCarthy was next, and, after he had blushed his acknowledgments of the present made him, the West-Sider cracked a sharp hit to Hartman. It bounded off the Dutchman's hands and caromed over to Shugart, who grabbed it and shot it to first just a thousandth of a second too late to catch his man and McCarthy had made the first base hit of the season. Genins filed out to the silent man and La Chance sent an easy one to Brain, forcing McCarthy at second.

Hoy led off for Chicago with a grounder to La Chance, and was out. Jones waited with becoming patience and earned his base without even swinging his bat. Mertes shot one at his old teammate, Bradley, who fumbled just an instant and missed a possible double play, then retired Sandow at first. Here Hoffer lost his bearings badly and permitted Shugart and Isbell to walk, filling the bases. Hartman was next, and, after making a half dozen National league "strikes," most of which hit the grand stand, the Dutchman caught a straight squarely and lined it sharply over Hallman's head, scoring the first two runs of the season. Brain filed out to McCarthy, and the score was "two—love, Chicago wins."

Bradley hit to his third-base rival and was out in the second inning, but Beck hit safely. Little Sullivan went back close to the visitors' bench and made a brilliant catch of Hallman's foul, and Wood hit to Shugart, forcing Beck for the third out.

"Sully's" catch of the foul made his welcome at bat one of the warmest of all, and he responded with a liner straight over second bag. Patterson struck out trying to sacrifice, and Hoy sliced a ball to Bradley, trying to "hit and run" with Sullivan, and was thrown out, but it advanced the runner. Jones once more gave a correct imitation of Job, and was rewarded with another walk. Mertes profited by the example and, after watching four wide balls go by, the bases were filled. Shugart made it three walks in succession, and thereby forced in a run.

Isbell started out to repeat, but changed his mind when he saw one of his favorites coming over the base, and smashed it fast to center field, starting one of the weirdest mixups ever seen at South Side Park, from which the White Stockings emerged with their traditional good luck of last year—without a scar.

Chicago's Good Base Running.

Two runs scored on the hit, of course, and when Genins threw the ball to Hoffer Shugart, thinking it was going to the plate, kept on running for third. Hoffer nailed the throw and relayed it over to Bradley, heading off Shugart, who turned back. Isbell had broken for second on the play and the Clevelanders had two runners trapped, with only one base between them. But those two runners kept pretty nearly the whole Cleveland team busy for a minute, and both of them slipped through the visitors' fingers at that. Shugart dodged, doubled, and twisted until he slid into second safely, but that left Isbell at their mercy, and the ball went to La Chance, who ran "Liz" down close to second. Shugart had meanwhile set sail for third again, and La Chance turned his attention that way, chasing Shugart down the line. Just before they reached third La Chance tossed the ball toward where he supposed Bradley was, but Bradley wasn't there. Shugart had squirmed past him on the line, and the only man at third was Manager Griffith, the coacher. So everybody was safe, and it cost two runs.

Once more in that inning the White Stockings got away with their traditionally reckless base running. Hartman hit a sharp one at Hallman, who fumbled, then picked the ball up and threw wide of first. La Chance stretched his lanky frame to its utmost and nearly saved the error, but the ball bounded out of his mitt and a few feet away, letting in two runs, for Isbell scored from second on the play and had such a start that La Chance made no attempt to catch him at the plate. Brain was the third out by way of Bradley.

Visitors' First Score.

The third inning was notable only for a brilliant stop by Shugart off Hoffer's hit and for a fast double play by the visitors, retiring both Sullivan and Patterson on a sharp grounder to Hoffer. The visitors accumulated their first tally in the fourth inning, and it was by virtue of a momentary fumble by Brain. La Chance led off with a clean drive to center. Bradley popped a cinch to Shugart, and then Roy Patterson went to the wrong side of the street for a couple of blocks. He gave both Beck and Hallman bases on balls, filling the circuit as full at it would hold without running over. By this time Hoffer was willing to see Cleveland do something to make it interesting, and rooted for Wood to hit it out. The ex-champion hit sharply to Brain, who had an easy double play in front of him, but was in such a hurry to start it that he had to make two grabs for the ball, and that instant was just enough to let Wood beat the relay to first by a step. La Chance scored from third, and then Mertes smothered Hoffer's fly.

In the sixth the White Stockings gave an exhibition of the opposite of team work at bat just by way of contrast to their previous work, evidently. With two out Hoy pushed out a safe hit. Jones pulled the first ball pitched into right field between La Chance and Beck, but Hoy was not expecting it and failed to get the start that would carry him to third. Then, as if to make amends, the silent man started to steal third on the first ball pitched to Mertes, and neither Jones nor Mertes was expecting it. But Wood made a bad throw, which Bradley stopped only by a miracle, and Hoy landed in safety, slid away over the bag, and was touched out.

White Stockings' Only Error.

In the next inning the White Stockings made their only error. It was Isbell's muff of a poor throw by Hartman, and it started the inning with a life for Hallman. Wood singled him to second with a jab to left. A faultless double play by Brain, Shugart, and Isbell killed Wood and Hoffer on the latter's sharp hit and it looked like another blank, but Pickering bumped one between third and short, which Shugart blocked but couldn't stop, and it let in Hallman with Cleveland's last run.

The champions got it back in their half easily enough. It was just a little hit by Mertes into Pickering's preserves, just a little bunt by Shugart toward La Chance, and just a little push by Isbell which sent the ball scurrying past Beck, and Mertes scampered past Bradley to the plate.

Beck opened the ninth with a double—the only one of the day—but he expired on Hallman's grounder to Shugart, who tossed it to third instead of to first, and stopped a promising run in its early infancy. A grounder to Hartman and a fly to Mertes did the rest, and the big crowd slowly filed out and faded away with a parting glance over its shoulder at the silken tribute to the prowess of Chicago's White Stockings as it furled itself softly against its support.

The score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E
Hoy, cf	0	1	3	0	0	Pickering, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Jones, rf	2	1	4	0	0	McCar'hy, lf	0	2	4	0	0
Mertes, lf	2	1	1	0	0	Genins, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Shugart, ss	2	0	4	4	0	LaCh'nce, 1b	1	1	12	0	0
Isbell, 1b	1	2	8	0	1	Bradley, 3b	0	0	2	5	0
Hartman, 3b	0	1	0	7	0	Beck, 2b	0	0	2	1	2
Brain, 2b	0	0	1	4	0	Hallman, ss	0	1	2	2	1
W.Sulliv'n, c	1	2	2	0	0	Wood, c	0	0	1	2	0
Patterson, p	0	0	1	1	0	Hoffer, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	8	8	27	16	1	Totals	2	7	24	11	1

RUNS BY INNINGS.

Chicago	2	5	0	0	0	0	1	0	*	—8
Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	—2

HITS BY INNINGS.

Chicago	1	2	1	0	0	2	2	0	*	—8
Cleveland	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	—4

Two-base hit—Beck. Total bases—Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 9. Sacrifice hit—Shugart. Struck out—Patterson, 2. Double plays—Hoffer-Hallman-La Chance; Brain-Shugart-Isbell. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Cleveland, 8. Passed ball—Wood. Time—1:30. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—9,000.

Notes of the Game.

Cleveland will try again today.

Jones handled himself in great shape in the sun field.

Manager McAleer said: "Our men are hardly in shape to play winning ball. The bad weather at Cleveland for the last week—in which we had only one day's practice—set us back considerably. I think with a few more games we will round into form. We have, I believe, a team capable of winning the pennant, and it will take a lot of beating to change my mind."

There were no "hurry-up" rules in the American league's book, but the game ran off in an hour and a half.

The Cleveland team is scheduled to play here today, Saturday, and Sunday, tomorrow being an open date in the schedule.

Among the carriage turnouts, that of Dr. M. B. Pine, an automobile stanhope, attracted attention. Dr. Pine had Eugene Sullivan as his guest.

"Bob" Wood received a nasty crack on the end of his little finger yesterday from a foul tip and last night his hand was swollen, but he will take his turn behind the bat on Saturday.

"Bobby" Burke occupied a box directly back of the home plate, in the midst of a little group of Aldermen. The Mayor's right hand man is extremely fond of baseball and watched the game with interest.

Billy Sullivan nearly upset the ubiquitous photographer when chasing a foul fly in the first inning. For a minute it looked as if either the ball or the photographer's plates would be put out of the business permanently.

President Kilfoyl of the Cleveland club watched the game from the press stand for a while, but after a few innings he saw little chance for his team, and went down to the ticket office to the more pleasant task of counting his share of the receipts.

Mayor Harrison did not attend. He had promised President Comiskey to be present, but was kidnaped by William J. Bryan, who slipped into town unperceived. Commy's" plans for having the Chief Executive start the opening game were shattered.

President Johnson was not present to preside at the pennant raising, as is customary. He went East to attend the opening at Philadelphia, and it's a 1,000 to 1 shot he was sorry when he found Comiskey was the only magnate who had squared himself with the weather man.

James A. Hart, President of the Chicago National league team, was present, and witnessed the game from a box at the south end of the grand stand. He chatted with President Comiskey for some time and seemed to like the work of the players, but he did not voice his sentiments.

Tom Connolly, the new man on Ban Johnson's staff, is a little fellow, but ran the game without an audible kick from either team. Connolly has had National league experience and resigned because the players were allowed to run the game as they pleased, and his authority was overruled by the magnates several times.

The pennant pole is still minus the silver bands seventeen feet or more in length which were included in Comiskey's original announcement of his plans, but he says they will be put on later. He intends to use the money with which the patrons will throw over the fence this summer because they can't find room to get inside the grounds.

Moore will pitch for Cleveland today and Yeager will catch. Moore played last year on the Dayton team of the Interstate league, and at the close of the season pitched for Dayton when it defeated Cincinnati in an exhibition game, allowing only four hits. McAleer says he is one of the fastest men in the business.

The plaster cast was removed from Callahan's arm yesterday and a lighter one put on, which the physician says must be worn for another three weeks. After that he promises Callahan will be able to form to use his arm again, breaking it in by degrees. So it will be at least five or six weeks before Jimmy can hope to get into the game again, and by that time the race will have become a hot one.

RAIN INTERFERES IN THE EAST.

American League Opening in Philadelphia and Baltimore Postponed Because of the Weather.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 24.—The beginning of clash of dates in this city between the American league and the National league baseball clubs which was scheduled for this afternoon will be postponed for at least one day. A heavy rain fell all night and forenoon, rendering necessary the postponement of the opening game between the Philadelphia and Washington American league teams and the contest between the National league representatives in this city and the Boston club.

Baltimore, Md., April 24.—The baseball players and rooters were disappointed today. Rain poured and the new ball grounds were a sea of mud. Weather permitting, the grand opening will take place tomorrow. "Jimmy" Collins and his Boston lads are in fine condition.

Mike Griffin Wins His Suit.

Utica, N. Y., April 24.—[Special.]—Michael J. Griffin, the well-known baseball player, yesterday got a judgment for $2,349 against the Brooklyn baseball club in the Supreme Court. He sued for $3,500, alleging breach of contract. It is not altogether improbable that Griffin may get into the game again after an absence of a couple of years. Manager Selee of Boston wants him, "Connie" Mack would be pleased to have him with the Philadelphia Americans, while Hugh Duffy is hoping to land him for Milwaukee. Should Griffin decide to reënter the game he will undoubtedly play with Boston.

Western Association's Opening.

Louisville, Ky., April 24.—[Special.]—The season of the Western association will be opened tomorrow with Indianapolis at Louisville, Fort Wayne at Toledo, Columbus at Dayton, and Grand Rapids at Marion. Deacon Ellis' threat to jump the association because Fox and Ames were upheld by Nick Young is believed to have been idle, and there will be general surprise if he fails to report at Marion tomorrow. No steps have been taken to discipline him for playing with Detroit.

LONDON FIGHT PROVES FATAL.

American Pugilist Smith Dies from the Effects of Monday Night's Ring Encounter.

LONDON, April 24.—Billy Smith, the New York pugilist, who was knocked out by Jack Roberts in a fight at the National Sporting club on Monday, and who was taken to a hospital in an unconscious condition, died at noon today. He never regained consciousness after he was knocked out. His opponent, Jack Roberts, Mr. Angle, the manager of the club, and the referee and seconds have surrendered to the police. Altogether six warrants have been issued for the arrest of persons connected with the fight, on the charge of manslaughter. An inquest over the body of Smith will be held in the course of a few days.

Smith's death, the fourth which has resulted from contests at the National Sporting club, causes much comment upon the ill luck of that institution. It is pointed out in the morning papers that since the last previous similar occurrence the club has increased the weight of gloves from four to six ounces and reduced the number of rounds from twenty to fifteen. Moreover, the floor of the ring was thickly padded with felt. The club, in fact, took every possible precaution. The sporting papers and the Daily Telegraph defend the institution and lament its misfortune.

On the other hand, the Daily Chronicle, after declaring a half-ounce glove is more cruel and dangerous than the naked fist, says: "If the club does not mend its ways the law will have to be altered."

Roberts sat at Smith's bedside almost continuously until the last, and he quite broke down when the end came. It is asserted Smith was medically examined before the contest and gave no sign of heart trouble.

Burns Wins Wrestling Match.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 24.—[Special.]—"Farmer" Burns of Chicago defeated Ole Marsh of Decorah, Ia., tonight, three out of five falls. The score was even until the last round.

Sloan Goes on to Paris.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—Upon the arrival at Plymouth today of the steamer Deutschland Tod Sloan, the jockey, who was a passenger, decided not to land in England. He proceeded to Cherbourg, whence he will go to Paris.

NOTICE.

Owing to the unprecedented increase in the "Want Ad" business of "The Tribune" our patrons would serve their own interests and facilitate our work if they would make an effort to hand in advertisements for "The Sunday Tribune" at the earliest possible moment. These advertisements will be received at "The Tribune" office on any day of the week. The earlier the advertisements are received the more certain they will be to receive good position and proper classification. No advertisements can be received at "Branch Offices" after 7 p. m. Saturday.

REDS THE BEST SWIMMERS

CHICAGOS LOSE GAME OF WATER BASEBALL AT CINCINNATI.

Outfield Is Flooded and Center Field Is Protected by Dikes, but Manager Bancroft Insists on the Contest and It Is Played Before a Small Crowd—McPhee's Men Get Eight Runs in the First Two Innings and They Prove Sufficient.

	W.	L.	Pct		W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	3	1	.667	Boston	1	1	.500
Pittsburg	2	1	.667	New York	1	1	.500
St. Louis	3	2	.600	Cincinnati	1	1	.500
Philadelphia	3	2	.500	Chicago	1	3	.250

Yesterday's Results.

Cincinnati, 10; Chicago, 9.
Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 4.

Games Today.

Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Brooklyn.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Cincinnati, O., April 24.—[Special.]—Cincinnati defeated Chicago in an aquatic baseball game this afternoon after one of the wildest, weirdest battles in the history of the game. For two days the flood in the Ohio River has prevented the teams from getting together to settle the question of baseball supremacy, and the flood had reached a stage where, under ordinary circumstances, the baseball park would be entirely submerged, but still Frank Bancroft, the business manager of the Reds, insisted there would be a game today. Nobody believed him, but he forced the Chicago club to remain for the game, which he was determined to play if he drowned a couple of outfielders. So this afternoon quite 200 people paid admission to see the teams attempt to play.

They saw one of the strangest sights ever ball fans witnessed., Left field was a lake of muddy water, reeking with sewage that was enough to drive the crowd from the stands. Across center field Bancroft had caused a dike to be erected to hold back the waters, and all through the contest Groundkeeper Schwab, who learned the art of diking in Holland, was busy with a force of men reinforcing the dikes to hold back the flood. If ever an outfielder had run against those dikes he would have been knee deep in water and the game would have ended.

Loftus After Paul Boynton.

Meantime, while all this ditching and diking was going on Bancroft was busy trying to skirmish up a crowd. He felt sure Cincinnati would win after he had kept the Chicago club loafing and waxing fat around the hotel for two days. Every once in a while he flew out to the ball park and came back with an olive branch in his bill, trying to convince the people down-town that he could make the teams play submarine baseball. He convinced 200. During this time Loftus was hustling trying to get Paul Boynton to play center field for the day.

The game commenced and Cincinnati opened against Taylor as if to annihilate him. In the first innings vicious drives by Dobbs, Beckley, and Magoon netted Cincinnati a pair of runs, and Hartsel furnished the incidental divertisement by floundering around in a foot of water trying to rescue the ball. After that a hit in the water was worth only two bases, and as the water was steadily encroaching on the grounds all during the combat the chances for two-baggers improved.

Chicago drew another blank in the second, due to some wild base running, which went awry, and, in their half of the second the Reds, who this year are more virulently red than ever, opened on Taylor viciously.

McCormick Is Missed.

It was McCormick's fault, for McCormick was in Chicago, having departed in firm belief that it would be impossible for a game to be played. His understudy, Raymer, let Pelts's bounder get away from him after one man was out.

Phillips doubled, Dobbs singled, Delehanty fumbled Harley's hard bounder, Beckley singled, Crawford drew a base, Taylor picked up Magoon's bounder and threw wild to Doyle, and Corcoran singled. The result was the Reds added six runs to their total, and the game seemed hopelessly lost.

But, with the score of 8 to 0, against them, Loftus' men rallied. Taylor settled to his work, and there began one of the gamest, hardest, uphill fights ever a team fought. After two men had gone out in the third a gift to Childs, Hartsel's two-bagger, and Dolan's hit netted two runs.

In the fourth Irwin's error, made on a desperate chance, Delehanty's double into the river, a gift to Raymer, Kling's single, Taylor's sacrifice, and Hartsel's triple put Chicago back into the running, and in the fifth a two-bagger by Dexter—who took Green's place because the boy wonder was suffering from Charley Horse—and two outs, gave Chicago another run. Then Phillips was taken out, McPhee, seeing that defeat was inevitable if he staid in the box, and McFadden, a youngster, took his place.

McFadden Is Lucky.

McFadden's luck defeated Chicago, for he deserved defeat a dozen times. There were three times after he replaced Phillips that Chicago seemed about to win, but the execution of overcoming the handicap of eight runs seemed to have worn Doyle's players out. McFadden gave two bases and hit a man in the sixth, but a double play ruined Chicago's chances, and after two Reds were out in their half of the inning Crawford hit into the water and McGoon singled, Delahanty knocking down the ball and holding Crawford at third.

Magoon was caught off first and when Crawford dashed for the plate he was shut off ten feet by Doyle's throw, but Kling dropped the ball in the collision. Still McFadden was so bad Chicago's chances seemed good.

There were remnants on second and third, with one out in the seventh, but Raymer struck out, the foul rule being responsible and not a run counted.

In the eighth the remnants reached even terms. Childs and Hartsel walked. Dexter rapped out his third hit and Doyle's terrific drive into the water, which would have won the game but for the foul rule, tied the score.

The ninth began with the score nine all. Kling walked and Childs hit into the river, but no runs came. Then Irwin opened for the Reds with a two-bagger and scored while the next two men went out, ending the handicap struck.

The river is still rising and Bancroft gave up all hope of holding it back off the grounds any longer, so the game scheduled for tomorrow was declared off and Loftus and his men leave tonight for Chicago. Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Childs, 2b	2	1	2	3	0	Dobbs, cf	2	3	4	3	0
Hartsel, lf	2	2	4	1	0	Harley, lf	1	1	1	2	0
Dolan, rf	0	1	2	0	0	Beckley, 1b	1	2	8	0	0
Dexter, cf	1	3	1	0	0	Crawford, rf	2	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 1b	1	1	11	1	0	Magoon, 2b	0	2	2	1	0
Deleh'ty, ss	1	1	1	4	2	Irwin, 3b	1	1	1	0	4
Raymer, ss	1	0	1	3	1	Corcoran, ss	0	1	2	3	0
Kling, c	1	1	3	1	1	Peitz, c	1	0	7	2	0
Taylor, p	0	0	1	1	1	Phillips, p	1	1	0	1	0
						McFad'en, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	9	11	26	*17	5	Totals	10	12	27	10	1

*Two out when winning run scored.

RUNS BY INNINGS.

Chicago	0	1	2	3	1	0	1	3	1	—11
Cincinnati	3	4	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	—12

HITS BY INNINGS.

Chicago	0	1	2	3	1	0	1	2	1	—11
Cincinnati	3	4	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	—12

Two-base hits—Childs, Hartsel, Dexter, Doyle, Delehanty, Dobbs, Crawford, Irwin, Phillips, Magoon. Three-base hits—Hartsel, Beckley. Total bases—Chicago, 18; Cincinnati, 19. Bases on balls—Off Taylor: Crawford, Beckley, Corcoran. Off Phillips: Childs, Raymer. Off McFadden: Hartsel [2], Kling [2], Childs. Hit by pitched ball—Doyle [2], Childs. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Cincinnati, 4. Left on bases—Chicago, 11; Cincinnati, 7. Double play—McFadden-Corcoran-Beckley. Stolen bases—Green, Doyle, Corcoran. Sacrifice hits—Delehanty, Taylor, Beckley. Struck out—By Taylor: Harley, Peitz. By Phillips: Delehanty. By McFadden: Raymer, Taylor [2]. Time—1:53. Umpire—Emslie.

Pittsburg, 5; St. Louis, 4.

St. Louis, Mo., April 24.—It was a great game until Jones weakened in the ninth and let Beaumont hit him for a home run after two were out. St. Louis played fine ball all the way. Attendance, 3,200. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E
Burkett, lf	2	2	4	0	0	Clark, lf	1	1	0	1	0
Heidrick, cf	1	1	1	0	0	Beau'ont, cf	1	2	2	0	0
Donovan, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Wagner, rf	1	1	3	0	1
McGann, 1b	0	0	5	2	0	Bras'd, 1b	0	1	16	0	1
Wallace, ss	0	0	3	3	0	Ritchey, 2b	1	1	4	2	0
Padden, 2b	0	0	4	3	1	Leach, 3b	0	0	0	3	0
Kruger, 3b	0	1	4	0	0	Ely, ss	1	1	1	6	0
Nichols, c	1	1	6	1	0	O'Connor, c	0	1	5	2	0
Jones, p	0	1	1	4	0	Phillips, p	0	0	1	0	0
						Tannehill, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	4	10	27	13	1	Totals	5	13*	26	21	1

*Nichols out; hit by batted ball.

St. Louis	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—4
Pittsburg	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	—5

Earned runs—St. Louis, 4; Pittsburg, 2. Two-base hit—Wagner. Sacrifice hit—Jones. Home runs—Heidrick, Beaumont. Hit by pitcher—Phillips, 1; Jones, 1. Double plays—Jones-McGann; Nichols-McGann-Padden; Wallace, Padden-McGann-Kruger; Ely-Ritchey-Bransfield. Base on balls—Off Jones, 2. Struck out—Jones, 4; Phillips, 1. Stolen bases—Clark, Burkett, Heidrick, Ritchey [2], Wagner, Padden. Time—1:55. Umpire—Dwyer.

Rain Prevents Eastern Games.

New York, April 24.—The baseball game between New York and Brooklyn today has been postponed on account of wet grounds. The game between these clubs scheduled to be played at Brooklyn tomorrow will be played at the New York grounds if conditions permit.

STAGG'S TEAM BEATS BELOIT.

University of Chicago Nine Wins a Ten-Inning Game by a Score of 9 to 8.

After ten innings of exciting baseball the University of Chicago defeated Beloit College yesterday by a score of 9 to 8. As Beloit had previously defeated Michigan and Illinois, this victory puts Stagg's men in the lead of the Western colleges.

The maroons clearly outclassed their opponents for seven innings and had the game practically in their hands, but in the eighth they went to pieces, and with two men out Beloit began pounding the ball until three men were sent across the plate. In the next inning the visitors repeated the bombardment and gained a lead of two runs. The Chicago men showed their fighting blood by making up this lead, and in the ninth a two-base hit by "Stuffy" Place sent Van Patten home for the last and winning run of the game.

Captain Smith pitched the first five innings, and, although the visitors secured four hits, including a triple by Brown, they were able to score only once. Calhoun succeeded Smith in the sixth and started badly by giving a pass to first. He was hit hard in the eighth and ninth, and a general demoralization seemed to affect the fielders, who gave the worst support possible. To save the game Stagg sent Smith back to the box in the tenth, and he retired the side without allowing a single man to reach first base.

Place was the particular star of the maroon team, making a three-bagger, a double, and a single, and bringing in the deciding run. He also made a spectacular fly catch in center field, falling flat on his back as the ball touched his mitt. Hoover also caught a difficult foul fly. Score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Beloit.	R	B	P	A	E
Merrill'd, 2b	2	2	5	3	0	E. Bro'n, 2b	3	2	6	4	2
Place, cf	2	3	3	0	0	E. Mer'll, lf	2	2	2	2	1
Harper, c	2	0	6	1	0	Wagner, rf	1	1	3	0	0
Sloan, ss	0	0	1	1	3	A. Brown, ss	1	1	1	2	1
Smith, p, 3b	0	1	2	5	0	Morey, p	0	1	1	4	0
Hoover, 1b	0	1	11	0	0	Dunes, 3b	0	0	1	0	0
Sunderl'd, lf	0	0	1	1	1	Cronk'h't, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Howe, 3b	1	0	0	1	0	Adkins, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Van P'n, rf	1	1	0	0	0	Lipp, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Calhoun, p	0	0	0	1	1	A. Mer'l, c	2	1	6	0	1
Totals	9	8	30	14	6	Totals	8	11*	28	16	9

*Winning run made in tenth with one out.

Chicago	2	3	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	—9
Beloit	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	—8

Two-base hits—Place, E. Brown, E. Merrill. Three base hits—Place, Slater, R. Brown. Sacrifice hits—Place, Lipp. Stolen bases—Sloan, Merrifield, Smith. Struck out—By Smith, 8; by Calhoun, 2; by Morey, 4. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 2; off Calhoun, 1; off Morey, 1. Double plays—Smith-Hoover-Merrifield; Merrifield-Hoover; Smith-Hoover-Merrifield; Merrill-Brown; R. Crown-E. Brown-Slater. Hit by pitcher—Calhoun. Passed balls—Harper, 1; Merrill, 2. Time—2:30. Umpire—Pfeffer.

Northwestern, 12; P. and S., 2.

Nine embryo doctors from the College of Physicians and Surgeons attempted to perform an operation on Dr. Hollister's patients at Evanston, but instead were operated upon. The score of the game was 12 to 2 in favor of the representatives of Northwestern University. Score:

N. W.	R	B	P	A	E	P. and S.	R	B	P	A	E
Jackson, 2b	2	1	1	3	0	Sat'rd, 1b	2	2	13	1	0
Smiley, 1b	0	0	10	1	2	Ryan, 2b	0	2	1	5	3
Cermack, rf	2	2	0	0	0	Wilson, 3b	0	1	2	0	0
Fleager, c	1	1	7	0	0	Sawtelle, c	0	1	9	0	0
Tillotson, p	1	2	3	5	0	Bothne, cf	0	1	3	0	1
Johnson, cf	2	3	0	0	1	Martin, ss	0	0	0	1	0
Wood, ss	2	2	0	2	0	Waters, lf	1	1	4	0	0

CROWD GRIEVES FOR O'CONNOR.

Expert Jockey Fails to Appear at Lakeside and the Bookmakers Prosper.

ONE FIRST CHOICE WINS.

Boney Boy Makes a Runaway Victory of the Principal Event on the Card.

BAROUCHE DEFEATS YANA.

Jockey Winnie O'Connor, who proved to be such a good thing for the Lakeside regulars at Tuesday, was conspicuous by his absence yesterday. The crowd, considerably larger than on the previous day, came prepared to back any old thing Winnie would ride, but after crack jockey's name did not appear on the jockey board. This naturally cast a gloom over the followers of O'Connor, and, of course, they inquired what had become of their breadwinner. Investigation brought forth the news that Arthur Featherstone, O'Connor's employer, had wired him from West Baden Springs to come to that health resort immediately. This surprised a number of the wise ones, as it was announced last Monday that the boy would remain here until Wednesday or Thursday. O'Connor was a big enough life saver and those who backed his mounts on Tuesday hinted that the track management might have requested Featherstone to send for the boy.

"The books got swamped yesterday," said an old turf follower, "and they had to get rid of the boy that did the swamping."

However that may be, O'Connor was sadly missed yesterday, and the regulars, instead of betting blindfolded on O'Connor, regardless of the horse he rode, studied the prices and horses carefully, as had been their wont before Winnie's arrival. The books retrieved some of their losses of the previous day, as but one out and out favorite won. That was George Lee in the last race.

Boney Boy All the Way.

The feature race of the day was the fourth, at seven furlongs, in which the best horses at the track faced the starter. W. J. Deboe, with five pounds more on his back than upon his previous start, and The Conqueror II., with two off, were installed equal 8 to 5 favorites. On form they looked the best, and they appeared so nicely weighted as to insure a good contest. But the uncertainties of horse racing were illustrated, as Boney Boy at 10 to 1 galloped over the journey in advance of his field and won, pulled up. Branch, as good as 60 to 1, finished second, and Ohnet, virtually just off the cars, ran third. Deboe and The Conqueror finished among the also ran.

The third event brought Barouche and Yana, crack 2-year-olds, together at even weights, and as it was a question with their respective owners, the race students, and "Kid" Weller in particular, which of the pair carried the most speed, Weller bumped them against each other at 11 to 10. Barouche had the longest following, and led from flag fall to the finish. Yana was second, and Grocchi, quite a speedy filly, a fair third.

The afternoon's sport began with a six-furlong affair, in which Hampshire and Barbara M. were equal 2 to 1 favorites. The last which hovered over the backstretch made it impossible to see the start or the position of the horses while racing. When they swung into the straight, Remark, backed down from 10 to 6 to 1, was in the lead. She was passed by the favorites in the run for the wire, and finished third to Hampshire and Barbara M.

Pirates Queen and Henry Bert at 8 to 5, two American Derby candidates, met in the second race, the former winning quite handily. Odnor beat Henry Bert for the place.

Pirates Queen won the fifth race all the way, and George Lee, the 6 to 5 favorite, won the last quite easily on the end.

Lakeside Summaries April 24.

Weather clear; track good.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 3-year-olds:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
2	Hampshire, 107, (Gormley)	5	6	4	4½	4½	1½
1	Barbara M., 102, (Rack'n)	3	3	3	3	2½	2½
3	Remark, 104, (T. Dean)	2	2	2	2	1½	3½

No official time taken. Private time, 1:17 1-5.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 3-year-olds:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
2	Pessart, 107, (Crowhurst)	4	4	3½	3½	2½	1
1	Odnor, 107, (Robertson)	2	2½	1	1	2	2½
3	Henry Burr, 107, (Doe)	3	3½	2	2	3	3

Time, 1:17. Lady Idris, 102, and Maud Reding, 97, finished as named. Winner—Mrs. F. Zuehlke's ch. f., by Pontico—Mary W. Fair start. Won easily. Pessart was handled with judgment throughout. Henry Burr swerved badly under punishment at the head of the stretch, interfering with Lady Idris and Pessart.

Third race, 4½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
1	Barouche, 108 (Crow'st)	1	1½	2½	1½	1½	1½
2	Yana, 108 (Vititoe)	3	4	3½	2½	2½	2½
3	Grocchi, 108 (Birkenruth)	4	3	4	4	3½	3½

Johanna D., 102, and The Stewardess, 105, finished as named. Winner—W. H. Foster's ch. c., by Jullen—Barcarola. Start good. Won cleverly. Grocchi had no chance on the ride she got. Johanna D. again showed a lot of speed, but quit.

Fourth race, ½ mile, purse $400:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
1	Easter Boy, 108 (Crow't)	5	3½	2	1½	1½	1½
2	Corner,	1	2	1½	2	2½	2½
3	[R. Narvaez]	3	5	3	3½	3½	3½

W. J. Deboe, 100; Cluster, 95; The Conqueror II., 106; Joe Martin, 106, and Ben Hur, 98, finished as named. Winner—R. Bradley & Blitzen—Sue B. Start good. Won handily. Boney Boy showed a surprising turn of speed. Deboe got into a bad mixup on the first turn. The Conqueror II. had clear sailing throughout. Joe Martin seemed lame when pulled up after the race.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $400, selling:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
3	Chirrun, 104 (Landry)	3	3½	3½	2½	1½	1½
2	Queen, 95 (Gor'ey)	1½	1½	1½	1½	2½	2½
1	[Davison]	2	2½	2½	3½	3½	3½

Swivel, 104 (Rob'n) 4½ 3½ 3½ 3½ 3½
Bob, 108 (Ja'n) 6 5½ 5½ 4½ 4½
Little Tim, 87; Annowan, 98; Phidias, 104, and Bright Night, 102, finished as named. Winner—A. Arthur's ch. f., by Penzance—Bettie Wilson. Start good. Won ridden and out to the last ounce.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, purse $400, selling:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
1	Lee, 110 (Vititoe)	1½	2½	2	1½	1½	1½
2	Bard, 108 (Crowhurst)	2½	4½	3½	2½	2½	2½
3	Babe, 108 (R. Ja'n)	6	6½	6½	4½	3½	3½

Time, 2:12 4-5. Oxnard, 108; Chancery, 103; Mansly, 103, and Frank Baker, 87, finished as named. Winner—A. J. Wallace's br. g., by St. Lawrence—Start good. Won easily. Oxnard ran a heap in the stretch.

Lakeside Entries.

First race, 1 mile and 100 yards:

	112 Dagmar 107
	111 Inverary II 104
	107 Frangible 100
	107 .....

Second race, ¾ mile, selling:

	103 Zasa 98
	103 Emma C. L. 90
	102 St. Bluff 98
	101 Bengal 88
	101 .....

Third race, ¾ mile, selling:

	103 Emma M. 98
	103 Oiekma 98
	102 Emma R. 93
	99 .....

Fourth race, 1 mile and 50 yards:

	106 Al Brown 94
	98 .....

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, selling:

	103 Rud Hynicka 103
	105 Blue Ridge 100
	100 .....

Sixth race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds, selling:

	106 Lake View Belle 101
	103 The Texan 98
	103 About 96
	101 Plead 96
	101 .....

Notes of the Turf.

Many entries have been received for the Worth club's $2,000 handicap.

Dr. Durham, with a string of sixteen horses, left Chicago on Saturday, and will race at Memphis.

Crescent rode three winners and a second yesterday. Gormley won two races, and Vititoe took the last.

Trainer Bennett's crack jockey, Coburn, who is now riding at New Orleans and Memphis, will be seen at Lakeside today, and will be seen in the saddle.

Dr. Hall, the Eastern turf writer and late associate judge at the Tanforan track, was a visitor at Lakeside yesterday.

Crowhurst did not take any chances with Boney Boy. He raced Bradley's horse to the front in the first fifty yards, and kept him there throughout the entire journey.

FAVORITES' DAY AT AQUEDUCT.

Six Well Backed Horses Win—Robert Waddell Beats Janice in the Seven-Furlong Handicap.

New York, April 24.—[Special.]—At the price of much discomfort the "regulars" reaped a long-sought reward at Aqueduct today, and saw the best backed horses win straight through the six races. The steady rainfall, cold weather, and a track deep in mud and slush, had no perceptible effect on the attendance.

Interest centered in the seven-furlong handicap, for which Mrs. R. Bradley's game 3-year-old, Robert Waddell, started favorite in a field of seven. Robert Metcalfe made the running into the stretch, where Robert Waddell and Janice, after having got away badly, went up to the leader. Robert Metcalfe quickly gave it up, and Waddell took the lead, holding it to the finish. Janice came in with a rush at the end, but never quite got up.

The meeting of All Green and Criterion in the fifth race, for 3-year-olds, aroused the liveliest interest, as both colts are expected to figure prominently among the 3-year-olds this season. Both were well backed, All Green going to the post favorite with Criterion a strong second choice.

Criterion started with a rush, while All Green, fifth at the start, moved into third place in the first furlong. The order was the same into the stretch, where All Green moved up on even terms with Criterion. Half way down the straight Criterion fell back, beaten, and All Green drew out and won by a length and a half.

Aqueduct Summaries April 24.

Weather wet; track heavy.

First race, about ⅞ mile, $400 added, selling:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
1	Robert Waddell, 114 (Bull'n)	3	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½
2	Janice, 104 (Landry)	5	5½	3½	3½	2½	2½
3	Speedmas, 104 (Shaw)	2	1½	2½	2½	3½	3½

Time, 1:28 2-5. Aslike, 101; Robert Metcalfe, 97; Queen Carnival, 94; and Tenario, 86, finished as named. Winner—B. g., by Aloha—Virgie. Start good. Won cleverly. Robert Waddell was slightly lame at post time. He ran in the deep going next to the rail and was shut off in the first furlong or he would have won easily.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs, $400 added:

Str.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
3	Chirrun, 104 (Landry)	5	3½	3½	2½	1½	1½
1	Optional, 104 (Slack)	2	1½	1½	1½	2½	2½
2	Marsh S., 99 (Brennan)	1	2½	4½	4½	3½	3½

Time, 1:05 1-5. Lady Mag, 103; Santa Bonita, 90; Natalie H., 99, and Drop Light, 99, finished as named. Winner—Ch. f., by Goldfinch—Loto. Start fair. Won handily. Margie S. was badly handled.

Aqueduct Entries.

First race, 5½ furlongs, handicap—Speedmast, 111 pounds; Leadeville, 108; Gold Lack, 100; Scorpio, 99; Bonnie Lizzie II., ch. f., by Uncas—Wyandotte, 98; The Chamberlain, 98; Scurry, 97; Ondurdis, 90.

Second race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, selling—April Shower, 108 pounds; Red Damsel, 105; Judy Frindly, 105; C. Rosenfeld, 102; Equalize, 102; Lysbeth, 101; Lady Handy, 92.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, handicap—Sidney Lucas, 126 pounds; First Whip, 124; Pupil, 118; Knight of the Garter, 115; Royal Sterling, 112; Hideaway, 109; Aitches, 100; Robert Metcalfe, 97; Magic Light, 90.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, The Ozone Stakes, $1,000 added, 3-year-olds—Com Feal, 108; Rosetint, 105; L., 100; Dixie Queen, 106; Rightaway, 106; Juvenile, 102; C. Rosenfeld, 102; Carroll D., 102; Worth, 99; Flintlock, 101; Wall a Minute, 99; Nanaimo, 99; Lucrusta, 94; Lady Handy, 94.

Fifth race, about ⅞ mile, selling—Wait Not, 121 pounds; Millstream, 117; Momentum, 117; San Luis, 104; Alard, 102; Beau, 100; Gina, 93; Punctual, 90; Curtsey, 90.

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, 2-year-olds—Locket, 110 pounds; Octoroon, 107; Essen, 107; Com Paul, 107; Athelstay, 107; Leslie Brue, 107; Ta Mah Na Wis, 107; Lauretta B. II., 107.

ISOBEL WINS IN LAST STRIDE.

Troxler Puts Up a Weak Finish on Lady Strathmore in the Nashville Handicap.

Nashville, Tenn., April 24.—[Special.]—There was no stake feature at Cumberland Park today. A handicap at one mile, which brought out the Montgomery Handicap winner, Larkspur, Lady Strathmore, and Isobel, was the start number of a good card. Lady Strathmore was backed down from even money to 4 to 5. She was ridden by Troxler and should have won. Isobel, who was at 10 to 1 in the betting, beat her after a hard drive which lasted the last furlong. She got her head in front in the final stride. Lady Strathmore opened up a big gap going down the backstretch and had a lead of six lengths at the half mile, which she covered in :48¾. She went to the five-eighths in 1:01¼, remarkably fast for the condition of the track. Isobel caught her at the eighth pole and contested the race with her the remainder of the journey. Troxler rode a weak finish and Isobel won in the last stride. Larkspur finished third, two lengths behind Lady Strathmore, after getting away slowly.

Scott Harlan's sensational filly, Alea, came out for the first time this season in the five and a half furlongs at the end of the card and won easily in fast time. Robert Gray, the outsider in the betting, was nearest to her throughout. Miss Golightly, the opening favorite, got away badly.

The two 2-year-old events were won by the betting choices. Kaloma performed creditably. The start in the other event for youngsters made Jim Scanlan, the even money favorite, a present of the race. Easter Boy would have finished in front with an equal break.

Badinage had an easy time in the first race. Beana had just as little trouble annexing the mile and a furlong event, but her owner had to pay $405 to keep her, as she was bid up that much by M. Burns, the owner of Winward.

First race, 11-16 mile, selling—Badinage, 100 pounds [A. Weber], 2½ to 1, won; Siroister, 103 [Aker], 8 to 1, second; Custodian, 90 [O'Neill], 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:04⅘. Fannie Winne, Maxie, Whitney Jr., Lamina, Banawa, and Donna Bell also ran.

Second race, ½ mile, maiden 2-year-olds—Jim Scanlon, 110 pounds [C. Combs], 7 to 10, won; Easter Boy, 108 [May], 2½ to 1, second; Lemuel, 108 [Silvers], 6 to 1, third. Time, :50¼. Kenner, Pilaster, War Cloud, and Doc Todd also ran.

Third race, ⅞ mile, handicap—Isobel, 88 pounds [May], 8 to 1, won; Lady Strathmore, 100 [Troxler], 7 to 10, second; Larkspur, 109 [Forehand], 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:41. Bill Lee, Yarro, Aurea, Prima II., and Fridolin also ran.

Fourth race, 9-16 mile—Kaloma, 113 pounds [C. Combs], 3 to 5, won; Marie Bell, 102 [Woods], 6 to 1, second; Ardita, 110 [A. Weber], 3 to 1, third. Time, :56. Kaffir, All Mine, Mary Sybilla, Sister Sarah, and Anna Elliott also ran.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Beana, 108 pounds [Silvers], 2 to 5, won; Windward, 102 [Ryan], 12 to 1, second; John Bull, 94 [Dade], 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:57⅘. L. W., Bequeath, and Grace Cup also ran.

Sixth race, 11-16 mile, selling—Alea, 90 pounds [Dade], 3½ to 1, won; Robert Gray, 103 [Ryan], 15 to 1, second; Quite Right, 88 [Winslett], 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:08⅘. Lady Hastings, Jim Nap, and Miss Golightly also ran.

Entries:

First race, ¾ mile, selling—The Trush, Grace Wilson, 92 pounds; Mike Mallon, 97; John C. Vanbel, 100; Custodian, 101; Ida Quick Time, The White Lady, 102; Siroister, 104.

Second race, ½ mile—Mc. May Quick, Irousuta, Monte Himyar, 90 pounds; Kamr, 102; Tambourine II, 104; Ardita, 112.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles, selling—Annie Laurets, 91 pounds; Ignis, Grey Forge, 95; Bequeath, 92, A Winner, 104.

Fourth race, ½ mile, Belle Meade Stakes—Ice Water, Margerie Tong, Winter Belle, Swan Dance, San Pariel, Balance All, 110 pounds; Janie Seay, Baby Dixon, 115.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs, selling—Weideman, Nick La hart, 106 pounds; Snow Storm, Hansborough, 111; Swordsman, 112; Tip Gallant, 114.

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, selling—Banawa, 94 pounds; Nannie Nolan, Caps Jessamine, 99; Jim Clark, 100; Jim Nap, 104; Tremar, 108; Virgie d'Or, 112.

HANDICAP FOR BEAU ORMONDE.

Derby Colt Wins Easily at Tanforan, The Fretter, Favorite, Finishing in Last Place.

San Francisco, Cal., April 24.—[Special.]—The talent at Tanforan had a dire time today. Rollick was the only public choice to prove faithful. Three noses on the post separated Torso Maid, Royalty, and Vasallo in the second race. The Maid had all the racing luck, and won, nicely ridden by Jack Martin. Jarretiere d'Or ran in a manner to justify the suspicion generally leveled at Atkins & Lottridge's performers. Rollick got home easily in front of Ada N. in the third race. The mare was miserably ridden by J. Marun and nearly put over the fence twice. The free handicap savored of a job. W. O'B. McDonough did not back his colt, Beau Ormonde. Turner, who rides for the Ryan confederacy, had the mount on The Fretter, who was made a strong favorite. Beau Ormonde won all the way from Macgyle. The Fretter was beaten twenty lengths. Saintly, the heavily backed choice in the last race, was beaten by Matt Hogan.

First race, 11-16 mile—Cousin Carrie, 100 pounds [Fauntleroy], 10 to 1, won; Screenwell Lake, 4 to 1, second; Merida, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:08.

Second race, 9-16 mile, selling, 2-year-olds—Torso Maid, 102 pounds [J. Martin], 10 to 1, won; Royalty, 12 to 1, second; Vasallo, 2½ to 1, third. Time, :54⅘.

Third race, ⅞ mile—Rollick, 104 pounds [Ransch], 4 to 5, won; Ada N., even, second; Cougar, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:28.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, free handicap—Beau Ormonde, 105 pounds [Gouin], 3 to 1, won; Macgyle, 4 to 1, second; Malay, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:48.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile, selling—Doubiet, 110 pounds [Russell], 6 to 1, won; Princess Titania, 6 to 1, second; Andrattus, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:31½.

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, selling—Matt Hogan, 106 pounds [Ransch], 10 to 1, won; Saintly, 7 to 5, second; Invictus, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:14.

Entries:

First race, 6 furlongs, selling, 3-year-olds—George Dewey, 108 pounds; Agent, Allioun, Gaylon Brown Cambaceres, Rasp, Mamie Hildreth, Elkarn, Slesnvine, Matilda, Tristrain, Triple Cross, 107 pounds.

Second race, 13-16 mile, selling—Decoy, Mission, Tisone, The Singer, Gilesando, McAlbert, Senator Matts, 106 pounds; Lost Girl, 104.

Third race, 9-16 mile, selling, 2-year-olds—Achilles, Ogle, 118 pounds; Royalty, Lou Welsea, Hainault, Divina, 115.

Fourth race, 1 miles, selling—Sunello, 95 pounds; Scotch Plaid, 99; Go to Bed, 97; The Bobby, 104.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—The Pride, Anjou, Dr. Cave, 118 pounds; Hermoso, 119; Prejudice, 113; Mike Strauss, 113.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 mile, selling—Alleviate, Foul Play, 102 pounds; Moringa, Parader, Bogus Bill, Wallenstein, Montallade, Grand Sachem, 105; Hohenlohe, 108.

Horseshoe Tobacco Wins a Match.

Cincinnati, O., April 24.—The feature of the card at Newport today was the match race for a stake of $1,000 between Horseshoe Tobacco and J. H. Sloan. Owing to the heavy condition of the track fast time was out of the question. Horseshoe Tobacco went to the front at flag-fall and was never headed, winning easily by a half length. The first hurdle event of the meeting was decided. Weather fair. Summaries:

First race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Easter, 105 pounds [M. Williams], 5 to 2, won; Chemisette, 5 to 1, second; Virginia T., 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:14¾.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Elgiva, 113 pounds [Hothersoll], 5 to 1, won; Myrtle Dell, 110 to 1, second; Ben Lomond, 110 [Dade], third. Time, 1:00.

Third race, hurdle, handicap, 1 mile—Zeriba, 133 pounds [Stockwell], 5 to 2, won; Divertisement, 142 to 1, second; Poorlands, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:59½.

Fourth race, match, $1,000 to winner, 7 furlongs—Horseshoe Tobacco [Shaw], 1, won; J. H. Sloan, 121 [C. Wilson], even, second. Time, 1:38¾.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Castine, 124 pounds [Lindsay], 5 to 1, won; Lady Kent, 7 to 2, second; Tuscarosa, 7 to 10, third. Time, 1:21¾.

Sixth race, 4½ furlongs, selling—McLanahan, 105 pounds [McGann], 3 to 5, won; St. Hera, 109 [W. Scott], 15 to 1, second; King Rex, 109 [Bloss], 9 to 2, third. Time, :53¾. Octo, Latonia, and Handrail also ran.

Seventh race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Juniper, 107 pounds [Mayberry], 8 to 1, won; King's Pet, 112 [McCluskey], 4 to 1, second; Colonel Strathy, 109 [Bloss], 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:15.

Entries:

First race, 5 furlongs, selling—Fairy Dell, Colgate, 103 pounds; Red Cross II., Cardenas, Jack Willis, 105; Al Lone, Chemisette, Come Quick, Flying Bird, Lucy Leach, 107; Blenheim, 109; Abe Furst, 112.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Lillian Hoffman, Sweet Dream, 88 pounds; Elsie Dei, 94; Maggie W., 96; Fairy Day, 99; Masterful, 101; Grandma II., Corialis, School Girl, 106; Eva Wilson, 109; The Bronze Demon, 105.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles, handicap—Prince Esher, 92 pounds; W. G. Welch, 95; Donna Seay, 96; Castine, 101; Peter Durica, 102; Dutch Comedian, 110; Tuculinn, 112.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling—Hinsdale, 92 pounds; Prince of Song, Saragamp, 95; Algie M., 102; Eous, Blackhoof, 107.

Fifth race, 4 furlongs, purse—Queen Frisse, 102 pounds; Tom Crabb, 106; Follow, Waninta, Montana Pioneer, Magnie English, 107; Bee, 109.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Nancy Dobyns, Sister Sudie, Mazeta, 95 pounds; Mathew, 97; Julius Werner, 100; Isaac Loretto, Guerdon, Tom English, Uncle Steve, 102.

AUSTRALIAN STAR'S HANDICAP.

Wins City and Suburban in Hollow Fashion—Amurath, with J. Reiff Up, Runs Second.

[Special Cable to The Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 24.—The race for the City and Suburban Handicap of 2,000 sovereigns for 3-year-olds and upwards, the second to receive 200 and the third 100 sovereigns out of the stakes, about a mile and a quarter, was run at Epsom today, and was won by Spencer Gollan's Australian Star. H. J. King's Amurath, ridden by J. Reiff, was second, and James Joicey's Alvescot third. Fifteen horses started. The betting was 9 to 2 against Australian Star, 25 to 1 against Amurath, and 42 to 2 against Alvescot.

Australian Star won in hollow fashion by six lengths. A head separated second and third horses. The runners included Kilmarnock II., ridden by L. Reiff, and David Garrick, ridden by Maher.

In the events that preceded the City and Suburban on the card Lester Reiff, on the Italy, won the Betchworth Stakes, while Johnny Reiff, on Simon Glover, was second to College Queen in the Tadworth Plate.

There was a large crowd of people at the famous racecourse.

KETCHAM AGREES TO MATCH.

Terms Finally Arranged for the Race Between Cresceus and The Abbot at Brighton Beach Track.

New York, April 24.—[Special.]—Secretary C. A. McCully of the New York Trotting association has just returned from Toledo, O., where he obtained the signature of George H. Ketcham, the owner of the trotting horse Cresceus, to an agreement for a match between that animal and The Abbot. The match will take place at Brighton Beach during the week beginning Aug. 12. The agreement also bears the signatures of John J. Scannell, by W. L. Marks, and William A. Engemann for the New York Trotting association. Mr. Scannell, the owner of The Abbot, instructed Mr. Marks to sign for him as a guarantee of good faith. The conditions of the race are best three out of five mile heats for a purse of $12,000, the winner to receive $7,000 and the remainder of the purse to go to the loser.

Offer to Jockey Troxler.

Nashville, Tenn., April 24.—[Special.]—Jockey Troxler was offered a salary of $5,000 by telegraph today to ride the balance of the season for F. C. McLewee of New York. The offer was made through John Morrow, and Troxler's brother, who is the boy's guardian, has the offer under consideration. While it is generally supposed young Troxler was ruled off at New Orleans because he caught hold of the bridle of a horse on which Jockey O'Connor had the mount, it is said it was mainly through evidence that Troxler's brother was touting horses other than those which his brother was riding that caused his suspension. The fact that Roscoe Troxler was beaten on favorites when other horses which John Troxler had his clients betting on finished first induced the judges of the Crescent City Jockey club's meeting, it is said, to rule the brothers off. John Troxler still stands ruled off. He was at Cumberland Park today and Secretary Russwurm instructed the officers to eject him at once.

No torture compares to that of a rheumatic. Prescription No. 2,551 by Eimer & Amend quickest relief of all.

CENTURY MEDAL OF THE MASONS.

In commemoration of the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the first Supreme Council of the Scottish Rite in Masonry a medal has been designed for distribution among the many Masons who are attending the celebration in Chicago this week. The medal is of bronze, one side showing a bas relief of Henry L. Palmer, Sovereign Grand Commander of Illinois. On the other side is the emblem of the Scottish Rite. Several hundred of these medals already have been distributed.

CENTURY WORK BY MASONS

SCOTTISH RITES CELEBRATION IN ORIENTAL CONSISTORY.

Exemplification of the Twentieth Degree Attracts Many Visitors in the Morning—Order of the Commander of the Temple Follows—More Advanced Work in the Evening and the Last Degree Will Be Reached Today—Banquet at Conclusion.

Oriental Consistory was the special rendezvous yesterday morning of the Masons, who are participating in the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the first Supreme Council of the Scottish Rites. The preceptory in Masonic Temple was crowded at 9:30 a. m., when the initiation of the candidates for the twentieth degree began, the exemplification of the degree attracting many visitors.

The exemplification was commemorative of the twenty-fifth Masonic anniversary of the initiation of Frederick the Great, on Aug. 14-15, 1763, and represented the Lodge of the Union, founded in 1742 by the Master Lodge "Three Globes" to work the Scottish degrees.

The work was under the direction of the following officers in the first section:

Venerable Master	Frederic M. Ramsay
Senior Warden	William F. Weiss
Junior Warden	Lewis R. Conolly
Orator	Edwin A. Olsen
Treasurer	John Heist
Secretary	James F. Rowins
Senior Deacon	Harris W. Huehl
Junior Deacon	James W. Parker
Hospitaler	John Johnston
Tyler	William Greig
Captain of the Guard	Joseph Spies

Lodge of the "Three Globes."

The second section of the work was in charge of the following Masons representing the officers of the Grand Lodge of the "Three Globes":

Frederick II., King of Prussia, Ven. Grand Master	Albert N. Ashley
Prince Frederick William, Sen. Grand Warden	Harry D. Platt
Prince Charles Albrecht, Jun. Grand Warden	Adna J. Cornell
Baron von Bielfeld, Grand Orator	James W. Thorp
Baron von Oberg, Grand Treasurer	William H. Thompson
Baron von Lowen, Grand Secretary	David G. Morrison
Baron von Struven, Sen. Grand Deacon	William J. Schroeder
Count Truch-Sess of Waldberg, Jun. Grand Deacon	John B. Dicus
Baron von Keyserling, Grand Hospitaler	Beecher Starbird
Herr Hinuber, Grand Master of Hanover	John D. Cleveland
Captain von Konigstren, attending Herr Hinuber	Robert D. Gillespie
Francis I., Emperor, Grand Master of Austria	John J. Tobias
Prince de Kaunitz, aid-de-camp to the Emperor	Edward G. Mallon
General Wallraven, Prisoner of State	Nathan B. Lewis
Marshal Daun of Austria	Robert J. Daly
Marshal Laudon of Austria	Charles H. Coles
Trumpeter	William H. Kirtland
Lieutenant of the Guard	Frank Steers

Following the work in the twentieth degree the assemblage partook of luncheon, and at 2 o'clock continued the initiation by conferring the order of the Commander of the Temple, or the twenty-seventh degree. The Teutonic Knights who acted as officers of the chapter were as follows:

Commander-in-Chief	Edward E. Rath
Marshal	F. H. Barringer
Preceptor	Harry D. Platt
Orator	Adna J. Cornell
Master of Ceremonies	James W. Parker
Seneschal	Thomas E. Miller
Chancellor	Chester T. Drake
Expert	Calvin B. Ford
Assistant Expert	Henry A. Rogers
Captain of Guard	Jay L. Brewster
Chaplain	Samuel H. Smith
Sentinel	John Johnston

Work of Second Section.

The historical characters and other personages with whom the work of the second section of the twenty-seventh degree is associated were impersonated as follows:

Pope Honorius (Oronata III.)	Frederic M. Ramsay
Cardinal	Zeno T. Griffin
Cardinal	William H. Thompson
Thurifer	Louis J. Timm
Thurifer	H. D. Hinkley
Acolyte	George M. Wright
Acolyte	Oscar W. Gill
Gonfalonier	William R. Hartley
Crossbearer	Emil C. Appel
Guard	Frank Steers
Guard	Fred Klaner
Patriarch of Jerusalem	Charles E. Honnell
Bishop of Bethlehem	Thomas J. Beni
Bishop of Paris	Hudson H. Kellogg
Count of Flanders	William A. Boatman

CHIVALRY.

Grand Master Teutonic Knights, Sir Herman de Salza	Harris W. Huehl
Grand Master Hospitalers, Guerin de Montague	John W. Swatek
Grand Preceptor, Order of Templars, Aslan Marcel	John W. Hill
Master of Temple at Paris, Sir William Catell	Sora E. Chapin
Knight of Convent, Sir Hugh de Stockton	E. L. Haynes
Knight of Convent, Sir Richard Banger	Charles L. Russ

STATE.

Frederick II., Emperor of Germany	Frank C. Roundy
Aid on Staff of Frederick II	Wallace Blanchard
Aid on Staff of Frederick II	Edward J. Sherwin
John de Brienne, Titular King of Jerusalem	John F. Quanstrum
Ferdinand III., King of Castile and Leon	Robert J. Daly
Ottacar I., King of Bohemia	D. G. Morrison
Herald of Pontificate	Chester S. Gurney
Herald of Teutonic Knights	Albert Snoots

The work of conferring the thirtieth degree, Knight Kadosh, of the Order of the Black and White Eagle, began at 8 p. m. with Hiram L. Wiltse in charge.

Today the thirty-second degree, Sublime Prince of the Royal Secret, will be conferred by the officers of Oriental Consistory under the command of Inspector General E. Raymond Bliss. Following this work, which begins at 1 p. m., will come the banquet at the Auditorium tonight.

Alderman Powers Wins His Fight.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 24.—[Special.]—Alderman John Powers of Chicago and his associates, constituting the Pike's Peak Power company, will begin the erection of a plant here immediately. This is the result of the compromise with Colorado Springs in the suit for $170,000, adjusted yesterday. The city restores the water rights, which were involved in litigation, and the way is clear for the company to proceed. Cripple Creek, Gillett, Manitou, and other points will be reached first, when the field will be enlarged to include other points.

Derby Candidates at Work.

Louisville, Ky., April 24.—[Special.]—Another valuable day was lost by the trainers today, as the track is still in horrible condition. His Eminence was sent the Derby route in 2:17¾, which is good time, considering conditions. Driscoll was also marked in slower time. The other Derby eligibles were only galloped. A hard rain fell this afternoon and the chances are against good work tomorrow. Public sentiment is now with His Eminence. Schorr is confident Alard Scheck can win with Garry Hermann out and will also start Joe Frey.

Jockey Leigh's Wife Gets a Divorce.

Nashville, Ill., April 24.—[Special.]—Mrs. Emma Leigh was today granted a divorce from her husband, Edward Leigh, the jockey.

Move Into the Suburbs.

The most beautiful country around Chicago is located on the Chicago and Northwestern Ry. Low rates and numerous fast trains permit of suburban residence without loss of time. Choice locations are described in illustrated booklet. Free copy on application at ticket office, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station, or mailed on receipt of four cents postage.

MAY LEASE THE UNION PACIFIC.

Northwestern Said to Be Seeking Control of the Overland Route.

WALL STREET CREDITS IT

More Than 660,000 Shares of Common Stock Change Hands.

PRICE IS FAR ABOVE PAR.

New York, April 24.—[Special.]—The fact that more than 660,000 shares of Union Pacific common stock were sold on the New York Stock Exchange today added weight to the rumor of the impending lease of the system to the Northwestern. The advance was 8¾ points. In the memorable boom in Philadelphia and Reading stock several years ago more than 800,000 half shares ($50) were sold on the New York Stock Exchange in one day. The Union Pacific stocks' face value is $100, and nearly every share sold today brought a price considerably above par.

If the average price paid for the stock be figured at $104 a share, it would mean that the total amount of money involved in the transfer of the 660,000 or more shares of stock would aggregate approximately $68,640,000.

Rumor of a Lease.

Wall street operators apparently put faith in the rumors that a lease of the Union Pacific to the Chicago and Northwestern railway company was being arranged. Official denials of the most positive character had no effect in checking the enthusiasm of the "bull" traders, who made Union Pacific the sensational feature of the day.

For two or three days past rumors have been in circulation that negotiations were pending between the Vanderbilts

BIG DEMAND FOR HARNESS HORSES

Prices Far Above Previous Figures and Still Supply Is Reported Short.

SEVEN HEAD FOR $4,710.

Mrs. George M. Pullman Pays $6,000 for Three Fine Animals for Her Carriage.

HARVEST FOR THE FARMER.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

Even the boom in Wall street does not exceed in breadth and intensity that which just now dominates the market for harness horses of all descriptions.

This is especially true of animals wanted for pleasure driving, the greatest demand being for what are included in the term "high steppers." The Western farmer is reaping a golden harvest such as he did not dream of a year ago, the dealers who have the capital to handle the trade properly are doing a business of far greater magnitude than they had counted on this spring, and in spite of the fact that prices already have gone far above all previous figures the demand for the right class of animals cannot be supplied. To illustrate the present state of affairs a Chicago firm of dealers in high-class horses not long ago paid $4,710 in what is known as "the bull ring" at St. Louis for seven head of the right sort. Another man who went to Kansas City for the same firm parted with exactly $4,000 for six horses that filled the bill, and a third buyer ran down to Rochelle, Ill., and brought back three animals for which he gave $1,850.

Mrs. G. M. Pullman's Purchase.

These figures represent the cost of the raw material from which coach horses of the highest type must be evolved, so that when the cost of shipment to Chicago, docking, expense of education, etc., is taken into consideration it is plain that none but the rich can afford to own the finished product. And those able to afford the luxury are buying such horses in bunches. One Chicagoan has forty-eight high-steppers in his barns, and yesterday Mrs. George M. Pullman paid $6,000 for three horses for her carriage, that number being required if a pair is always to be ready for work.

Chicago is the great central market for carriage stock, and most of it is obtained by the purchase of trotting-bred animals in the country districts and then city-breaking them here. Early in May Tichenor & Co. will sell at auction in New York City about 120 head of carriage horses, and to show the temper of the market there the Eastern auctioneer who is to conduct the sale guarantees that not less than sixty of the animals shall average over $1,000 apiece. The entire lot of 120 is expected to bring at least $100,000, and those figures may be exceeded.

T. W. Lawson Buys by Telephone.

Eastern buyers of the best class practically have no limit on price, and when they want a horse they want it badly. One of the most notable in this respect is T. W. Lawson, the all-around Boston speculator and patron of sport, who builds yachts, matches a champion trotter for $50,000, pays $30,000 for the exclusive right to grow a certain kind of carnation, or goes to $8,400 for a show ring horse. Mr. Lawson has a big string of high steppers, and all of them were bought in Chicago. The most remarkable feature of the matter, however, is that he buys them all by telephone, simply calling up the Stock-Yards firm with which he deals, chatting with the head of the establishment about what he has on hand in the line of fancy horseflesh, and then buying from one to three animals and ordering them sent by express.

The other day a local firm had consigned to them from Iowa an entire carload of horses, every one of which had a record better than 2:30. Although they have done well on the racetrack these horses will lose their tails and be sold for carriage purposes. In the bunch were Afro, 2:19¼, a record made last season over a half-mile track; Woodford K., 2:24¼; Bay Henry, 2:24; Dude, 2:19½; Stoner Boy, trial 2:16½; Wheeler, 2:29¼; Loramore Simmons, trial 2:17; Happy G., 2:19¼; Pamlico Jr., a son of Pamlico, 2:10. All these horses have fine action, which is what sold them, and when they have been "mannered," left their tails behind them, and become familiar with city sights, they will be offered to the public.

Freak in Shetland Ponies.

Another sort of horse than the high actors was the sensation yesterday at the Stock-Yards. This horse arrived early in the morning from New York in a crate just big enough for a fair-sized dog. He is a Shetland pony, and the smallest horse of that or any other breed ever seen, standing exactly 25 inches high and weighing 74 pounds, in good condition, with a coat of rough, winter hair covering him. This toy horse is a 5-year-old stallion, and was discovered by L. M. Newgass, who put in most of the day showing him to other horsemen.

"That is undoubtedly the smallest horse in the world," said Mr. Newgass. "He is in no way deformed, but is simply a freak, and unlike most dwarfs in the animal world is not at all misshapen. There's the cart that goes with him," pointing to a vehicle not as large as the average baby carriage, "and I paid the price of a good, big horse for the outfit."

"You did, hey?" said another horseman.

"Yes, sir; more than some big horses would cost."

"Well, all the freaks ain't four-legged then."

MACHINISTS TO SEEK RECRUITS.

Organizer Sent Out and the Men on the Illinois Central May Be Ordered to Strike.

The committee of Illinois Central machinists did not meet the officers of the road yesterday, as was expected, and Business Agent Rodrick of the machinists said there was no certainty there would be a meeting today. This fact, taken in connection with the departure last night of an union organizer for points down the line is taken to suggest the possibility of a strike.

"PAP" JONES DENIES GUILT.

Fails to Say, However, to What Innocent Purposes He Put His Cracksman's Tools.

"Pap" Jones, arrested on Tuesday by the Hyde Park police with an outfit of safe-cracking tools in his possession, declared yesterday that he was innocent of any wrongdoing. He failed to specify, however, to just what uses he had put his burglar's tools. The police still are looking for the fellow's confederates.

Richard Norman, 374 North Paulina street, and Charles Liemmars, 410 West North avenue, were held up by two negroes at Sangamon and Lake streets. The robbers secured $5 from Norman and $2 from Liemars. Later Frank Brown was arrested.

Want a diamond? Come to us. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

NOTICE.

Owing to the unprecedented increase in the "Want Ad" business of "The Tribune" our patrons would serve their own interests and facilitate our work if they would make an effort to hand in advertisements for "The Sunday Tribune" at the earliest possible moment. These advertisements will be received at "The Tribune" office on any day of the week. The earlier the advertisements are received the more certain they will be to receive good position and proper classification. No advertisements can be received at "Branch Offices" after 7 p. m. Saturday.

CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

The "Silk Store," 111 to 115 State-st.

Closing-Out Sale Lace Curtains,

Draperies and Fancy Goods. These departments will be discontinued in order to give more room to other lines. The entire stocks are now being closed out at sensational reductions. The following are but a few of the hundreds of bargains offered in this department:

Nottingham and Cable Net.
$1.25 Nottingham Curtains, now..... 70c
$2.00 Nottingham Curtains, now..... $1.19
$4.50 Cable Net Curtains, now..... $2.25
$1.50 Fish Net Curtains, now..... $1.00
$2.00 Grenadine Curtains, now..... $1.29

Irish Point Curtains.
$5.50 Irish Point Curtains, now..... $3.90
$10.00 Irish Point Curtains, now..... $5.85

Brussels Curtains.
$5.50 Brussels Curtains, now..... $3.40
$9.00 Brussels Curtains, now..... $6.25
$14.00 Brussels Curtains, now..... $8.25
$5.00 Portieres, now..... $2.98

Tapestries, Damasks, Velours, etc.
$1.00 Drapery Goods, now..... 44c
$3.00 Drapery Goods and Furniture Coverings, now..... $1.00
$5.00 Satin Damask Tapestries and Brocades, now..... $1.90
$6.00 Satin Damask and Tapestries, now..... $2.98
65c Drapery Silks, now..... 33c
15c Silkolines, now..... 8c

Portieres—Great Bargains.
$9.00 Oriental Portieres, now..... $3.79
$12.00 Mercerized, Oriental and French Tapestry Portieres, now..... $7.45

Battenberg and Renaissance.
$5.50 Battenberg and Cluny Curtains $3.79
$10.00 Battenberg Curtains, now..... $6.98

Ruffled Curtains.
$3.00 Ruffled Bobbinet Curtains, now $1.98
$5.00 Ruffled Bobbinet Curtain, now $2.85
$2.00 Ruffled Muslin Curtains, now.. $1.15
$2.50 Ruffled Muslin Curtains, now.. $1.35

Corded Arabian Curtains.
$6.50 Corded Arabian Curtains, now $4.85
$7.50 Corded Arabian Curtains, now $5.40
$9.00 Pt. De Calais Bed Sets, now.... $5.45

Fancy and Art Goods, Braids, Linens, Pillow Tops, Opera Bags, Battenberg Patterns, Art Linens, Centerpieces, Doilies, etc., at about Half Price.

Braids.
Fancy Flemish and Honiton Braids, the regular 50c quality, per doz..... 35c
The 65c quality Braids, per doz..... 45c

Laundry Bags.
Large size Stamped Laundry Bags, with cord and tassel, at, each..... 25c

Wash Embroidery Silks.
All sizes and colors. The regular 4c per skein silks, at..... 2c

Pillow Tops, with Backs.
All the latest designs—the 65c, 75c and 90c tops, reduced to..... 19c, 25c and 45c

Opera Bags, Frames, Etc.
Splendid variety of new Novelties, and all to be closed out at half price.

Shams, Dresser Covers.
Lace Shams and Dresser Covers reduced from 75c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 to..... 35c, 45c, 75c and $1.00
75c Embroidered Center Pieces, hemstitched or scalloped, now..... 42c
$1.25 Embroidered Laundry Bags, large size, now..... 75c
$1.50 Stamped Table Covers, 45 in. square, now..... $1.00

Embroidered Linens.
White Hand Embroidered Doilies and Center Pieces—
35c Linen Doilies, now..... 23c
50c Linen Doilies, now..... 35c
75c Linen Doilies, now..... 45c
$1.75 Center Pieces, now..... 95c

Battenberg Patterns, Rings, Etc.
Battenberg Rings at, per hundred..... 25c
Battenberg Braids, 36 yds., 30c, now .. 19c
Complete stock of Battenberg, Arabian and Point Lace Patterns, some worth from 50c to $1, at 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c and 35c

SABIN PRAISES CHICAGO SPIRIT.

New Telephone President Makes Flying Visit, Having Conference with John M. Clark.

John I. Sabin, the new President of the Chicago Telephone company, made a flying visit to Chicago yesterday, stopping over long enough, however, to have a conference with John M. Clark, the retiring President. Mr. Sabin, who was accompanied by his daughter, arrived from the East in the afternoon, and two hours later took a train for San Francisco.

"I expect to be back in Chicago by May 10," he said, "and will then take up my work here. From what I can see the management has been progressive, and the local telephone service reflects the greatest credit upon President Clark. I hardly think that I can at this time add anything to what already has been said about the prospects of a cheaper telephone service for Chicago.

"I may say, however, that I feel perfectly at home in Chicago, and am in perfect sympathy with the progressive ideas of its citizens."

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

Bargains in Metal Beds.

We offer some extraordinary bargains in metal bedsteads, which will undoubtedly interest those who are moving or refurnishing this month. It will pay you to visit our complete bed and bedding department on the fourth floor. Prices always the lowest.

Extra strong neat enamel bed, with full brass mountings, choice of color or size—$5.75 bed—$4.35.

Fancy scroll design beds, in fancy colors, 20 patterns to select from, value up to $20.00—at $13.50.

Our special patterns, very handsome, all sizes or color—$9.75.

Radway's Pills

Small, act without pain or griping, purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Regulate the Liver and Digestive Organs. The safest and best medicine in the world for the

CURE

of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS. By so doing

DYSPEPSIA,

Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Biliousness will be avoided, as the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Price 25c a box. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 55 Elm St., New York, for Book of Advice.

The most delicious of all

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

Absolutely pure and healthful.

HATS

SHAYNE'S $3 DERBY IS THE BEST ON EARTH for the MONEY

157 STATE-ST. ALMER BOUND.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Men's spring suits and overcoats.

Men's fashionable spring suits and overcoats, made from exclusive fabrics—identical with those stylish patterns shown by exclusive tailors.

The Mandel clothing resembles in every detail the very finest made-to-measure clothing at half made-to-order prices.

If you are particular we can please you—perfect fit guaranteed.

Brokaw Brothers' clothing exclusively Mandel's.

Basement—special values—suits and overcoats—at $8, $10 & $12

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Men's and boys' stylish hats

A visit to our men's hat section will show wherein our leadership in men's hats consists. Nowhere else can you secure $4 and $5 qualities at $2 and $3. Style, block and material are the same—the difference is in the price. Ask for

The new Lednam—in soft or stiff styles—at $2

The new Bedford—in either soft or stiff styles—at $3

We hold these special hats as correct spring styles and guarantee the saving to be worth your consideration in every instance. Ask to see the new **Grand Duc.**

Boys' and children's hats—all the new spring and summer styles in at especially low prices—planned to appeal to saving parents.

STOP OVER ALLOWED AT THE

PAN AMERICAN EXPOSITION

On All Tickets Via the

Lackawanna Railroad

CHICAGO TO NEW YORK CITY

THE SCENIC LINE ✂ SOLID VESTIBULED TRAINS
SUPERB DINING CAR SERVICE ✂ OBSERVATION CARS

TICKETS: 103 ADAMS-ST.

GEO. A. CULLEN, G. W. P. A., Chicago.
B. D. CALDWELL, Traffic Mgr. T. W. LEE, G. P. A., New York.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

Tailor-made suit section, second floor, State street.

Tucked taffeta $10 Eton jackets.

There is style elegance and individuality about the Mandel suits, the result of extreme care given to the details of workmanship. Every garment is made according to our own specifications and from fabrics that have been carefully selected and approved by fashion. The buyer gets the essential advantage of custom-made apparel at half and less than half custom-made prices.

Collarless eton suits of high-grade suitings in wide wale Scotch mixtures—silk vest and girdle tailor stitched—bell sleeves—trimmed with three rows of tailor stitched narrow taffeta bands—skirt is made over a silk drop skirt—full flaring flounce, trimmed with narrow taffeta bands—all the new spring and summer shades—ordinarily would cost you $50—special at $30

Eton suit of wide wale homespun—rolling collar, fancy pongee silk vest, sleeves and collar trimmed with pongee silk bands and buttons—taffeta lined—tailor stitched graduated flounce on skirt—brown, gray and tan— 14.50

Tucked taffeta eton jackets, lined with white satin—trimmed with stitched panne velvet—edged with Persian cord— 12.50

Plain taffeta Eton jackets—black taffeta lined—black moire vest and collar—trimmed with buttons— $10

Walking skirts—made according to our own designs—fan flare bottom, lap seams, twelve rows stitching around bottom—stitched belt to match— $10

Millinery section, third floor, Wabash avenue.

The new Pan-American hat at $5.

We recently secured a vast number of the most attractive and stylish millinery creations for 1901, through one of those stupendous bargain purchases, of hats, flowers, foliage and fruit, which our superior merchandising facilities make possible. They have been assorted into five different lots and marked at prices which are but a fractional part of their real worth.

Lot 1—An immense collection of artificial fruits and flowers—daisies, buttercups, bluets, cherries, foliage, crushed roses, etc.—per bunch— 29c

Lot 2—Children's and ladies' untrimmed hats in the new Tuscan, Neapolitan, and braided straws, at prices that will astonish the wholesaler— 95c

Lot 3—Ladies' close-fitting trimmed turbans and toques in ten different styles—mostly fancy braid or mull trimming—any color— 3.75

Lot 4—Persian trimmed short backs and walking hats—very appropriate for sunny days—at— 2.95

Lot 5—The new Pan-American hat, mist Niagara, and the "slashed" short-back sailor hat which formerly sold at $10 and $12—by means of this great purchase finds a place among $5 hats—various colors of silks used in these hats, making them very chic and becoming—at $5

Shoe Section, third floor, State street.

Foster shoes—1,500 pairs—2.75 & 3.75.

Fifteen hundred pairs of Foster & Co.'s shoes at much less than regular cost—we place on sale today genuine Foster shoes—$4, $5, and $6 values—at 2.75 and 3.75.

Patent leather, enamel and vici kid, hand turn and hand-sewed welt soles—elegant cloth or kid tops—suitable for street or dress wear—new mannish and medium round toe lasts—toes, tips, and heels the latest spring creations. **These are shoe bargains which have rarely been equaled before in Chicago—a big saving on every purchase—$3.75 and $2.75.**

Our new styles for spring are now upon the shelves and we are showing the largest and most varied assortment of new designs in low shoes in the city. We mention two of our most popular sellers.

Imported patent leather and ideal kid oxfords, hand welted soles, new high military heels (*like cut*), strictly bench made, $5.

Imported French calfskin with flat forepart and broad flange heels—extremely mannish and made in strict accordance with the Mandel specifications (*like cut*)—$5.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

Oriental Rugs Reduced.

Rug Reduction Sale—Every large size oriental rug in our carefully selected stock, as well as many bales of small-sized Turkish and Persian, greatly reduced in price. A positive opportunity to procure the selection of a choice spring stock at prices heretofore only made at the last of a season's selling. Our stock of Persian and India goods is the best in our history.

Daghestan, $6.00 and $8.75.
Anatolian mats, $2.25 and $5.00.
Shirvans, $9.75 and $12.00.
Room sizes from $50.00 upwards.

REVELL & CO.

COUCHES

100 Styles to Select From.

Fine Gondola-Shaped Couches, our own make, at..... 15.75

Tapestry Couches, tufted, with or without fringe, at..... 11.75

Fine Leather Couches, our own reliable make, strong, heavy frame-work, at..... 25.00

25 more of our special Leather Couches, extra value, at..... 35.00

WABASH-AV. and ADAMS-ST.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 71 and 73 State

W. B. CORSETS

Look for lettering "W. B. ERECT FORM" ON EVERY PAIR.

The W. B. Erect Form Corset is positively the only model sold at a moderate price which absolutely shows the proper principle of a straight-front construction. Each pair is gored, bias cut and made with extra heavy front steel.

Remember that a straight steel cannot make a straight-front corset, and any model which does not combine the above qualifications, as well as shaped seams running around the body from the shoulder to the bottom of the front steel, is but an old style with a new name.

ERECT FORM Style 701. Heavy front steel. Of white and drab Jean; hip gored..... $1.00
ERECT FORM Style 702. Hip gored; heavy front steel. Made of imported Diamond Sateen, in white and drab..... $1.50
ERECT FORM Style 963. Of imported Coutil; full gored; bias cut; for small, slender figures..... $1.75
ERECT FORM Style 959. Improved. French Coutil, in white and drab; full gored; bias cut..... $2.00
ERECT FORM Style 960. Of extra heavy French Coutil, in white and drab, and black Sateen; full gored; bias cut..... $2.50
ERECT FORM Style 962. Of imported Coutil; full gored; bias cut; heavily boned; for fully developed figures..... $2.50

CAUTION—Look for the lettering, "W. B. Erect Form," stamped on the inside of every pair.

All dealers in Chicago have them on sale. If yours hasn't, send his name and the price you desire to pay, and we will see that you are supplied.

WEINGARTEN BROS.,
377 Broadway, New York. 194 Fifth-av., Chicago

REVELL'S DESKS

LARGEST DISPLAY, LOWEST PRICES.
ADAMS AND WABASH

WHY NOT WEAR THE

BISHOP $3 Hat $4 Hat

Both Stiff and Soft Hats of exclusive nobby effects.

A. BISHOP & CO. 156 State Street.

EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

GUESS ON NEXT CHIEF OF POLICE.

City Hall Gossips All Day on Subject and Six Names Are Mentioned.

MAYOR KEEPS HIS SECRET

Capt. Campbell Most Mentioned, and Schuettler Is Another Favorite.

KIPLEY OFF TO THE COAST.

DISCUSSED FOR CHIEF OF POLICE.

Officer.	Present station.
Capt. Alexander F. Campbell	Warren Avenue
Capt. Hermann Schuettler	Sheffield Avenue
Capt. George Shippy	South Chicago
Capt. Frank O'Neill	Woodlawn
Capt. John Wheeler	Maxwell Street
Inspector John Hartnett	Harrison Street

Gossip as to the identity of the next Chief of Police—and the people in the City Hall did little else yesterday but gossip about the matter—centered around the six names here given. In the meantime the only man who knows is Mayor Harrison, and he is keeping his own counsel. All he would say in addition to the statement printed in THE TRIBUNE yesterday morning that he already had made his selection was:

"The next Superintendent will be a member of the present department and a man holding a rank above that of sergeant. Who he will be nobody but myself knows, and when my wife this morning asked me who would be named I told her she would know next Monday night."

Speaking of Superintendent Kipley and his work the Mayor said:

"I still maintain that Joseph Kipley was the best Chief of Police Chicago ever had. The trouble, however, was that the public did not think so, and one-half of having a thing is to think you have it. The public had been taught to believe it was not being protected by the police, and as long as that idea was prevalent and could not be removed it became necessary to name a new man for Chief. All I hope is that when he is named the public will give him a better support than it gave Kipley."

Campbell Most Talked Of.

The man most talked of for the place during the day was Captain Alexander Campbell of the Warren Avenue Station. It was urged for him that he possessed the qualifications demanded by the Mayor, being a man of education as well as a police officer, and that his relations with Mr. Harrison and Mr. Harrison's father had been sufficiently intimate to allow the Mayor to become thoroughly acquainted with him and have confidence in him. Captain Campbell was put on the police force by the elder Harrison after having been employed by him in the newspaper business, and he afterwards was appointed secretary of the department.

Captain Campbell last evening said he was not expecting the appointment, and doubted whether he could find his way clear to accepting it were it offered him.

Captain Schuettler was another favorite for the place. The prominence given his name was due both to his good record on the police force and to the further fact that some prominent Germans felt that the appointment ought to be given to a man of their nationality. Superintendent Kipley, they argued, was a German, and his successor ought to be one also. The fact that Schuettler is a Republican, it was asserted, would not interfere with the appointment, as the Mayor had stated that he would not allow politics to have any voice in the selection.

Some Think Shippy the Man.

Captain Shippy was the guess of the men who stand closest to the Mayor politically, but simply on the ground of the known regard the Mayor has for the officer, who, like Schuettler, is a Republican. The story was retold of how on election night, when returns were being received at the City Hall and Captain Shippy's name came up in conversation, the Mayor remarked:

"I wish we had more police Captains like Shippy." Other instances were given of kind things Mr. Harrison had had to say about the commanding officer at South Chicago.

Captain O'Neill also was talked of by men who are intimate with the Mayor socially. They claimed to know that the Mayor was looking for a man of good education as well as a good policeman, and asserted that O'Neill filled these requirements better than any one mentioned. The statement was given out by a man closely related to the Mayor that in his judgment the next Chief would be either O'Neill or George Porteus, the latter the head of the National Identification bureau. The statement made by the Mayor, however, that he would name a member of the present department and one above the rank of sergeant would seem to dispose of Porteus, as he is now out of the department, and when in it only ranked as sergeant.

Captain Wheeler was urged as a probability mainly on account of his long and creditable service, and there were many people who felt sure Inspector Hartnett would land the appointment.

Talk of Chief of Detectives Colleran was also heard, but this was put to rest when a man who has much of the Mayor's confidence said:

"I do not know who will be named. Only the Mayor knows that. I do, however, know one or two men who will not, and Luke Colleran is one of them."

General Shakeup Expected.

In the meantime gossip is still strong concerning a general shakeup in the force as soon as the new Chief is appointed.

On the point ex-Superintendent Kipley said yesterday:

"If it is true that Inspectors Shea and Hunt are to be retired, and I understand it is, I am well satisfied to go myself, as I would not care to remain with them off the force."

Kipley took a train for California last night, and will be absent from the city for several weeks. Mrs. Kipley accompanied him. After the former Chief has rested for a time he expects to return and engage in business.

TO HOLD BACK SWENIE'S NAME.

Mayor Harrison Will Wait for Further Consideration—Insurance Men Fail to Act.

The name of the Fire Marshal will not be sent to the City Council next Monday evening. Mayor Harrison said yesterday that while he expected all his other appointments to be in at the next Council meeting he would hold out that of the head of the Fire department for further consideration.

The Mayor is to meet with a committee of underwriters, who object to the reappointment of Chief Swenie tomorrow. His program is to hear what they have to say in opposition to Swenie, and then have time to listen to the other side of the case also if it should be presented to him. The Mayor denied the story circulated during the afternoon yesterday that he had asked for Swenie's resignation, or that it had been tendered him.

Contrary to expectations nothing was said about the Fire Marshal question at the meeting of the Board of Underwriters yesterday afternoon. Evidently the men who have been active in sounding and developing public opinion among the underwriters had not matured their plans. Men who have urged Swenie's retirement either staid away or remained dumb during the meeting.

The presence of ex-Alderman Augustus W. Maltby in the Mayor's office yesterday gave rise to the report that he was to be appointed Controller, to succeed Mr. Kerfoot. Should such an appointment be made it would be a severe shock to the City Hall politicians, as Mr. Maltby, it is said, was the bitterest and most forceful political opponent Robert E. Burke ever encountered inside his own party. "The appointment would mean a political divorce suit between the Mayor and Burke," was the way one man put it yesterday. Mr. Maltby has been living in California for the last two years, and the charge is made that he has lost his residence in Chicago.

In the City Hall the Cabinet officers outside that of Fire Marshal are guessed at as follows:

Corporation Counsel—Charles M. Walker.
Controller—Henry A. Knott or A. W. Maltby.
Commissioner of Public Works—L. E. McGann.
Health Commissioner—Arthur Reynolds.
Electrician—E. B. Ellicott.
Building Commissioner—Peter Kiolbassa.
Superintendent House of Correction—John J. Sloan.
City Sealer—James A. Quinn.

The question of the Chief of Police is treated elsewhere in THE TRIBUNE this morning.

CANTEEN INQUIRY IS WELCOME.

Army Officers Say They Are Glad the Clergymen Will Investigate Conditions.

Chicago clergymen who are seeking information concerning an army with a canteen and an army without a canteen may secure this knowledge for the asking. The officers of the Department of the Lakes not only will welcome such an investigation as is proposed but will lend all possible aid to the ministers.

General Otis, when asked of his attitude, declared that the ministers should be given every opportunity to observe the changed conditions.

"We will show the ministers every courtesy," he said, "and will give them any information which is likely to aid them in their work. We welcome any investigation of conditions at army posts, and the more thorough the inquiry the better we will be pleased."

Meanwhile the Rev. M. M. Parkhurst, who is at the head of the investigating committee, declares that the ministers will proceed without prejudice.

"If it can be shown that the canteen benefits the Fort Sheridan post I want to know it," he said. "If it does not, let the fact be made plain. The full searchlight of a fair and impartial investigation can do no one any harm and may be the means of bringing about conditions satisfactory to all concerned.

"I regret to note that in certain quarters the opinion prevails that we will enter upon our work prejudiced in advance. This is not true, as the primary object of the committee's work is to ascertain the real results of closing the canteen at Fort Sheridan.

"We will not listen to gossip or rumor, but will back up all the information obtained with affidavits. We will interview the officers of Highwood, the trustees, justice of the peace, Marshal, and business-men in an effort to find out whether there has really been more disorder in the vicinity of the post since the closing of the army canteen than there was before.

"Then we will visit Fort Sheridan and talk to the officers and men, and see for ourselves just what conditions prevail."

HEAR FROM KING EDWARD VII.

Methodist Preachers Receive Acknowledgment of Their Resolutions on Queen Victoria's Death.

Members of the Chicago Methodist preachers' meeting have received the following acknowledgment of the resolutions of regret sent to King Edward VII. on the death of Queen Victoria:

"Sir: The King, my sovereign, duly received the resolutions of the Methodist Episcopal preachers' meeting, in which they express their condolence on the occasion of the deeply lamented death of her late Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, and their wishes that his Majesty's reign be marked by peace and prosperity.

"I have received the King's command to convey to you his most sincere thanks for their much appreciated message of sympathy in the great loss which has been sustained by his Majesty, his royal house, and his subjects throughout the world, and for their kind wishes for his welfare. I am, sir, your most obedient, humble servant,

"LANSDOWNE.

"To A. E. Saunders, Secretary and Treasurer Chicago preachers' meeting."

INDIANS ON WAY TO BUFFALO.

Redmen Who Will Be a Feature at Pan-American Exposition Stop Over in Chicago.

A party of Southwestern Indians, comprising twenty members of the Pima, Navajo, and Laguna tribes, from reservations in Arizona and New Mexico, arrived in Chicago last evening over the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé. The party is in charge of J. W. Benham and will proceed to Buffalo this afternoon over the Wabash in company with about 230 other Indians gathered from various points in the West. All these will form the Indian congress which will be exhibited at the Pan-American Exposition. The Indians in charge of Mr. Benham were selected for their skill in Indian handwork, the Pimas being noted for their baskets, the Navajos for their blankets, and the Pueblos for their pottery.

WORKMAN BURIED BY A HORSE.

Employed in a Trench When the Animal Falls In Upon Him—Neither of Them Hurt.

George Skyden, 133 West Kinzie street, was driving a horse on Lincoln avenue under the Northwestern Elevated railway yesterday morning when the animal suddenly disappeared from view. Looking over the dashboard Mr. Skyden found that his steed had fallen into a large hole dug by an electric light company. Investigating farther, he found a workman for the electric company also was in the hole and that the horse in falling had buried him completely. Neither horse nor man was injured.

WOMAN CONVICTED OF MURDER.

Dr. Maggie Backes Sentenced to Fourteen Years for the Death of Mrs. Julia K. Pottinger.

Dr. Maggie Beckes was found guilty of murder and sentenced to fourteen years in the penitentiary by a jury in Judge Holdom's court yesterday. The charge against her grew out of the death on Jan. 7 of Mrs. Julia K. Pottinger, 520 Wood street, as the result of an operation. Dr. Backes received the verdict with little show of emotion.

PLANS FOR M'KINLEY BANQUET.

Will Be Held in the Coliseum and Accommodations for 1,000 Persons Will Be Furnished.

The joint committee which is arranging for the reception of President McKinley in Chicago on June 11 met yesterday, and decided that the banquet should be held in the evening in the Coliseum, and that accommodation should be made for 1,000 persons. Five thousand tickets of admission will be issued.

Attorney Gilmore Sues for Damages.

As an outgrowth of a trial before the Circuit Court of Carroll County two years ago Attorney Leslie A. Gilmore of Chicago has filed suit for $25,000 damages against George C. Mastin of Chicago and Roderick Chisholm, Ade O. Hileman, George C. Taber, W. S. Cowen, and Ralph E. Eaton of Carroll County. He charges a conspiracy to ruin his character.

The Tribune Amateur Gardeners' Contest.

Every tree, every shrub, and every flower that grows has an interesting history, just the same as every country and every people. The average botany used in the public schools devotes little space to these details. It is for that reason that so few children when grown remember more than a few of the botanical names they learn at school. Even the most difficult name can be retained in the mind if associated with some story or incident.

In view of these facts, and to still further stimulate interest in the beautifying of private yards, galleries and windows, THE TRIBUNE will print from day to day short sketches of the history and mythology of all the best-known trees, shrubs and flowers. They will be written by an amateur botanist, who has spent years in studying the subject, in a style that will be simple and readily understandable by children as well as adults. Trees and shrubs being the first to plant and care for in the spring will be treated upon first. Later when the warm weather comes and the gardens are about to bloom the stories of the flowers will be printed.

The lively interest taken in THE TRIBUNE'S contest to stimulate an interest in the making of pretty yards and picturesque galleries and windows makes it desirable to have the entries in early, as June 1 is the limit of the time for receiving them. The prizes are as follows: North Side—$75 for best garden, $25 for next best garden, $15 for best window box display, $5 for next best window box display. South Side—$75 for best garden, $25 for next best garden, $15 for best window box display, $5 for next best window box display. West Side—$75 for best garden, $25 for next best garden, $15 for best window box display, $5 for next best window box display.

Professional gardeners and florists are not eligible.

Fill out the accompanying blank and mail it to Garden Editor, TRIBUNE office.

FRONT ENTRANCE BEAUTIFIED WITH VINES.

HINTS FOR AMATEURS—NO. 12.

Use of Climbing Plants.

THERE is nothing in the whole vegetable kingdom that is able to produce such charming and beautiful effects, transforming ugly and unsightly places into waving canopies of varied greens and vivid colored flowers, than the great family of climbing plants. Those who have had the opportunity of roaming through tropical forests or who have traveled over the British islands and viewed the ivy-covered castles and ruins can fully appreciate their great adaptability for such work.

It is true we cannot grow the vines (some of them) from the tropical jungles on our house walls, neither is the pretty ivy of northern Europe, commonly called the English ivy, hardy enough for this purpose with us, but as far as the latter is concerned we have almost its equal in the beautiful misnamed Boston ivy.

This ivy comes from fair Japan, a country that has given us some of our prettiest garden plants.

The success of growing climbers lies in the amount of rich soil prevalent. It is a known fact that the ground next to the house usually consists of remnants of all kinds of building material. This must be removed and replaced by good rich loam. Nothing less than a trench two feet wide by three feet deep will do.

There are only two varieties of vines that will attach themselves to the house wall and that are hardy for this section, the Boston ivy and Engelman's woodbine, the latter a more vigorous and coarser plant. Either will do in any situation, and the not over-hardy Boston ivy will winter better on the north wall than on a south exposure. Queer as this may seem to the uninitiated, it is nevertheless true, the cause being the danger of the warm sun rays starting the sap running too early in the spring, whereby the plant is easily killed by our late severe frosts.

Other vines useful and attractive on the house wall, but which need especial support or trellis work to climb on, are the common bitter-sweet, loaded in fall with hundreds of orange red fruit; the Dutchman's pipe, well known for its large, pretty leaves and curious-shaped flowers, from which it has derived its name; the pretty cutleaf Japanese Akebia quinata; the rapid growing Kudzu vine, another Japanese friend; the well-known and beautiful Clematis paniculata, covered in early fall with thousands of feathery white flowers, and later attractive by its numerous odd-shaped seeds.

Others are the common grape vine, the Chinese Wistaria, fragrant honeysuckle, and matrimony vine. Some of the last name are better adapted for porch and veranda decoration, and their value as such will be mentioned later. Of roses, the prairie queen plays the leading rôle as a climber on the wall; in a southern exposure peaches, apricots, grapes, cherries, and plums trained to the wall will not alone add beauty but supply the table with delicious fruit. Peaches and apricots would probably need some protection during winter, especially the last named.

Annual vines are better adapted for the porch or for covering the barn. For the latter the Japanese hop and the wild cucumber vine, and possibly the Alleghany vine and the pretty Cobeau scandun are most effective. Two other vines of great merit for covering the wall are the Mexican moonflower and the Madaria vine. Neither is hardy, but their tubes can be taken up every fall just like dahlias and similar roots and kept over winter in a little sand in a cool but frostproof place.

HISTORY OF OUR POPULAR TREES.

The tree is really man's best friend. Combined with forest growths, they greatly influence the rainfall and climate and the fertility of the soil. From them men have fashioned their dwellings, boats, and implements, and in the early days the tall trees, reaching far up towards the sky, were supposed by primitive men to be possessed of spiritual attributes. Thus tree worship was a custom universally prevalent among the early inhabitants of the earth, and the old associations that still cluster around many of our familiar wayside forms lend an additional interest to their study and cultivation.

Tree veneration gave the Egyptians their first ideas of the graceful architecture which produced the pillars, peristyles, and colonnades of their wonderful temples, from which Greek art drew its inspiration. It was believed that vast cloud trees overshadowed the universe, and that all departed souls were finally secure in the shade of the dense foliage.

Our early ancestors ascribed the origin of the human race to trees of various kinds or else to cloud goddesses who combined the qualities of a woman with the form of a tree. Thus the sisters of Phaethon were changed into poplars, and Daphne transformed herself into a laurel. The fir tree is an evergreen because when Zeus changed Atys into a fir he promised that she should always retain her youth and freshness and not fade like other trees.

It is said that Jove made a race of men from the ash, which corresponds to the story of the Scandinavian ash, from which man was created and called Aske, woman being made from an elm and named Embla. It is from such ideas that the expression the root and branches of a family and the conception of the family tree arise.

One of our most familiar and rapidly growing trees is the poplar, so-called from the fact that it composed the grove in which the populus of Rome assembled. It also formed the grove of Archimedes. It was in memory of the cure of a snake bite by poplar that Hercules erected pillars joined by a serpent which still lives in the symbol of the dollar.

The light color of the silver poplar leaf is accounted for by the fact that when Hercules descended into Hades he bound his brow with the leaves of the poplar, the perspiration making the under side of the leaves white while the smoke of the lower regions turned the outer portions dark.

Poplar is a soft, even grained wood and is much used in the arts under the name of whitewood. There are five species of poplar growing about Chicago, and if the necklace poplar (P. monilifera) is planted care should be taken to select the staminate or male trees in orders to avoid the cotton that the female tree wraps about the seeds in order that they may be distributed by the winds.

EDITOR CHICAGO TRIBUNE:

I desire to compete for the prizes you offer for the best garden and window displays.

Name.....

Address.....

POLICE COURT JURY FINDS SUNDAY CLOSING LAW DEAD.

Six Men Acquit Frank Wing, Saloonkeeper, Because They Held Custom in Chicago Had Killed the Statute.

Six men, composing a jury in the Thirty-fifth street police court, yesterday morning decided that the State law providing for closing saloons on Sunday had been declared dead by custom. This was the contention of Patrick H. O'Donnell in defense of Frank Wing, saloonkeeper at Twenty-second and State streets, who was charged with violating that law. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Mrs. Kate Mills Boyd and J. H. Campbell, 326 East Indiana street, testified they had purchased beer in Wing's saloon on Sunday. For the defense William Mangler, proprietor of a restaurant at 119 La Salle street, and Theodore Oehne, Vice President of the Conrad Seipp Brewing company, testified it had been the custom in Chicago for thirty years to keep saloons open on Sunday. Attorney O'Donnell contended that the law died in 1873.

The jurors who declared the law to be dead were: Charles Fitch, 3456 Halsted street; Robert A. Pries, 3122 Halsted street; James Hartford, 5158 Wabash avenue; James Fulcr, 934 Thirty-fifth street; John Ryon, 3036 Lowe avenue; Michael Daley, 2941 Parnell avenue. The jury was accepted by both sides.

BOY PUPILS PREPARE DINNER.

Meal Served for Superintendent Cooley and Other Visitors at the Kozminski School.

Seven boys, members of the cooking class at the Kozminski School, prepared dinner yesterday for guests at the school, and were assisted by a number of girls in serving it. The visitors were Superintendent of Schools Cooley, Assistant Superintendent Lewis, J. H. Keating of the Board of Education, and Mrs. Charles Kozminski. It was Superintendent Cooley's first visit since the school was erected.

Lutheran Seminary Commencement.

The tenth commencement exercises of the Theological Seminary of the Evangelical Lutheran Church were held last night at the Church of the Holy Trinity, La Salle avenue and Elm street. The Rev. Carl Swensson of Bethany College, Linsborg, Kas., delivered the commencement address. There were seventeen graduates.

BRIDGEPORT PUMPS AT WORK.

Started Again as Result of Compromise Between Drainage Trustees and Canal Commissioners.

The Bridgeport pumps were started again yesterday morning, and enough water sent into the Illinois and Michigan Canal to restore what is known as "the Summit level." The pumps were started on telegraphic orders from President Jones of the Sanitary board at Springfield, and 25,000 cubic feet of water a minute poured into the canal. The order was the result of a compromise between the Sanitary Trustees and the Illinois and Michigan Canal Commissioners.

Some time ago the trustees agreed to preserve the Summit level until relieved by the Legislature, but got into a wrangle with the canal commissioners over the construction of a $20,000 wall at Joliet, which was called for in one of Judge Hilscher's decisions, but which the engineers of the Drainage board declared was unnecessary. Then the trustees stopped the Bridgeport pumps and the canal became unnavigable.

In the meantime considerable grain had accumulated in the elevators along the canal, which could not be shipped on account of the lack of water, and the owners demanded relief. Yesterday at Springfield the Drainage Trustees, who are looking after the bills in which they are interested, and the commissioners, who are asking the State for an appropriation, got together, and the result was an agreement on the part of the trustees to start the pumps again, and keep them going until navigation closed in consideration of the commissioners abating their claims for the wall at Joliet.

CHICAGOANS SAIL FOR EUROPE.

List of Cabin Passengers Booked to Sail on L'Aquitaine from New York for Paris.

The following Chicago passengers are booked for the steamer L'Aquitaine from New York for Havre and Paris:

Miss Alice Soum,	John Redolf,
H. J. Mitchell,	William Muller,
G. T. Henderson,	B. T. Schmidt,
Miss C. D. Laurent,	Mrs. B. T. Schmidt,
Miss F. Newton,	Fred Farron,
August Bold,	George Sanger,
Miss Anna Tromy,	Mrs. George Sanger,
Miss Marie Tromy,	Miss D. E. Raymond,
Hulbert Besson,	Oscar Raymond,
L. Diels,	François Fontaine.

No Tax on Bills of Lading.

In accordance with a ruling of the United States Supreme Court, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has notified collectors throughout the country that no stamp tax is due on export bills of lading. shippers have been paying 10 cents on each of such bills.

JUDGES' RULE ON DEBATE REVERSED BY STUDENTS.

Pupils Cancel Decision in South Division and John Marshall High Schools Contest and Order New Debate.

The judgment of Judge Sears, Judge Burke, and Alexander H. Revell as to the merit of a high school debate has been reversed and remanded by the Chicago High School Literary union, but not until after a stormy session at the Sherman House. The vote was 14 to 10 in favor of such action and another debate was ordered.

The joint discussion was held last week between students of the South Division and John Marshall High Schools. The contest was to decide the championship of the union. At its conclusion the judges found their markings showed a percentage of .527 for each school. Two of the judges thought the South Division students had a little the best of the debate and the final decision was so rendered.

Members of the union held that the judges had exceeded their authority and yesterday's meeting was called to take action. A bitter wrangle resulted, but in the end the award was canceled and a new debate called for before the close of the school year.

WILLIAM J. CALHOUN IS SICK.

Forced to Abandon Plan to Speak at Grant Day Exercises at Galena.

W. J. Calhoun, who is ill at the Lexington Hotel, was reported resting easily last night. Mr. Calhoun was to have been the Grant day orator at the exercises at Galena, but decided yesterday he would not be able to speak.

NOTICE.

Owing to the unprecedented increase in the "Want Ad" business of "The Tribune" our patrons would serve their own interests and facilitate our work if they would make an effort to hand in advertisements for Sunday Tribune" at the earliest moment. These advertisements are received at "The Tribune" office on any day of the week. The earlier the advertisements are received the more certain they will be to receive good position and proper classification. No advertisements can be received at "Branch Offices" after 7 p. m. Saturday.

HONOR NAME OF FARRAGUT

NAVAL VETERANS CELEBRATE CAPTURE OF NEW ORLEANS.

Thirty-ninth Anniversary of the Running of the Blockade at the Southern Fort Observed by a Dinner at the Palmer House—Praises for the Admiral Who Swore at the Torpedoes — Officers of the Association Elected.

The Farragut Naval association, composed of men who served under Admiral Farragut in the civil war, celebrated the thirty-ninth anniversary of the capture of New Orleans with a dinner at the Palmer House last night. Survivors of this famous expedition related their personal experiences in the battle and united in praising the ability and bravery of Admiral Farragut.

Captain W. G. Morris, who was a master's mate of the Horace Beale, a division flagship, told of the bombardment of Fort St. Philip and Fort Jackson and the running of the batteries. Comparing Admiral Farragut and Admiral Porter, Mr. Morris said:

"Farragut was not the picturesque man that Admiral Porter was. He was in no sense a Napoleonic figure. He was a plain man, who did his duty as he saw it to the bitter end. In his reports to the Navy department at Washington Farragut said all the men under his command had done so well it was unnecessary to particularize, and none was named for promotion. Porter was an officer who would make a man in the whim of a moment, without even asking his name. Farragut expected every man to do his best without the promise of promotion. What Lord Nelson is to England Admiral Farragut is to America."

The election of officers of the association resulted as follows:

Commander—W. S. Kaufman.
Executive Officer—L. C. Stebbins.
Surgeon—Dr. C. B. Plattenburg.
Secretary and Paymaster—John W. Page.

The veterans present were:

C. W. Adams,	John Franklin,
Judge E. C. Hamburger,	W. S. Kaufman,
Captain W. G. Morris,	Charles Matthews,
John W. Page,	Dr. C. B. Plattenburg,
John C. Richberg,	Jesse Sherwood,
J. J. Sullivan,	L. C. Stebbins,
Horatio L. West,	Charles H. Slack,
W. D. McIlvaine,	Robert Hopkins.

NORTHWESTERN MEETS DELAY.

Thousands Who Waited to See the Boat Start on Transatlantic Voyage Disappointed.

Thousands of people who thronged the bridges and other points of vantage along the river yesterday afternoon to witness the departure of the steamer Northwestern on its first trip from Chicago to the ocean were doomed to disappointment. The boat was scheduled to pass down the river to Rush street bridge at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, but owing to the delay in getting freight aboard its cargo was not completed until late in the night. As it then had to stop at the mouth of the river for fuel, it is not likely the boat will get away before some time this morning.

The McCormick Harvesting company took up a large part of the vessel's capacity with 222 harvesting machines, 100 hay rakes, and 135 mowers. Two carloads of meat from the Plankinton packing-house at Milwaukee was included in the cargo, and if this reaches Liverpool in proper condition arrangements will be made to have the steamers of the line stop at Milwaukee every trip.

To lessen the delay to the steamer Deputy Collector McCreary and Marine Clerk Hill boarded the Northwestern at the Rock Island dock to ship the crew and issue the necessary papers for the voyage. The entire crew were summoned to the cabin to hear the shipping articles read, and this was signed by all.

No formal ceremonies had been planned in starting the new steamer on its maiden voyage, though several parties of marine men and grain shippers were to inspect the boat at Rush street had its voyage down the river not been delayed. Collector Nixon and a party of government officials had also planned to go aboard.

The Northman of the same line will come up from South Chicago tomorrow to receive its cargo, and will probably be ready to start for Hamburg on Monday.

SOLON ARRESTS AN OFFENDER.

Superintendent of Street Cleaning Turns Policeman and Peter Schaefer Pays a Fine.

Superintendent of Street Cleaning Solon turned policeman and arrested Peter Schaefer, Thirty-first street and Groveland avenue, whom he caught disobeying the clean street ordinance by throwing ashes into the thoroughfare. When Solon arrested the man he offered not to prosecute if Schaefer would undo the damage, but Schaefer was obstinate, and dared the superintendent to take him to the police station. This Solon did, and when Justice Martin imposed a $10 fine the situation changed. It was Schaefer who wanted to make terms, while Solon became obdurate.

Mayor Harrison announced yesterday that it was not likely the proposed division of the Department of Public Works would be undertaken this year, but that probably it would be next year. The reason is that there is no provision for the change in the appropriation bill, and it would be necessary for the Council to provide the money, which could not be done until the next bill is passed. It is generally accepted that Commissioner McGann will be reappointed next Monday evening.

Alderman Brennan of the Twelfth Ward had a conference with Commissioner McGann yesterday over a plan to extend Blue Island avenue from its present terminus at Western avenue three miles to the southwest, and make it a connecting link between the South and West Side boulevards. To carry out this plan it would necessitate the filling in of "Mud Lake," and this the Commissioner has advocated for some time.

Examinations for police desk sergeants have been ordered by the Civil Service commission for May 18 and for patrol sergeants for May 11. The places at which the examinations will be held will be announced as soon as it is found what schoolhouse can be secured. The existing eligible lists for sergeants will be thrown out as too old.

BRYAN SAYS 1904 IS FAR AWAY.

Nebraskan's Response to the Suggestion He Might Again Be Nominated for the Presidency.

William J. Bryan said 1904 was a long way ahead, when asked yesterday if he had turned his face unalterably against another Democratic nomination for the Presidency. He also reiterated his statement, however, that he was out of politics.

Mr. Bryan called on Mayor Harrison at the City Hall yesterday morning, and in the afternoon addressed the Catholic Women's National league in Handel Hall. To the Mayor he is said to have talked of almost everything except politics. To the league he talked of "Civilization." The Nebraskan is accompanied on his visit to the city by his daughter, Miss Ruth Bryan.

"We did not say a word concerning politics," Mayor Harrison said after Mr. Bryan had gone on his way to the Iroquois club. "We simply had a chat about various topics."

Mr. Bryan congratulated the Mayor on his third election to his present office and remarked on the cleanness of Chicago's streets.

"I am proud of this country's civilization," said Mr. Bryan to the Catholic Women's league. "I am proud of the work done by the church and by individual men and women. I am anxious that this country shall set before the people of all climes the highest type of men, women, and of society. If we can see what God intends for his people, and if we can read his will, I see it in the destiny of this nation to solve all the great problems of civilizati

TELL JURORS OF HOSPITAL CASES.

Seven Witnesses Heard, and One, a Girl, Makes Complaint of Violence.

SAYS NURSE STRUCK HER.

Victim of Doremus Explosion Is Corroborated in Charges by Her Mother.

PLAINTS TO OTHER BOARD.

In the grand jury investigation of charges against the management of the County Hospital yesterday seven witnesses gave testimony as to the treatment of patients. Only one charge of violence was preferred, that being in the case of Fanny Dean, a young girl who was taken to the hospital after the Doremus laundry explosion. Others testified that the food served in the wards was of inferior quality and badly prepared.

James Monaghan, Assistant County Controller, was summoned to explain the finances of the hospital. He affirmed that appropriations never were overdrawn. County Commissioner Ahrens, chairman of the Hospital committee of the County board, gave the jury such facts as he had gathered in personal investigation of the wards. He said that more money was all that was needed at the hospital, and that the failure of the management to accomplish all that it should was due to the lack of funds.

Explosion Victim's Complaint.

Fanny Dean, the girl who charges brutality, said that she had been taken to the hospital after the Doremus laundry explosion. She objected to being tied down, she said, and she was refused drinking water, for which she asked repeatedly. During her struggles to prevent being bound she threw her arms about wildly. Then one of the nurses, Lydia Andrews, she said, struck her across her wrist, which was injured, causing blood to flow.

Mrs. Andrew Dean, the mother of the girl, corroborated the testimony. C. F. Griffing, whose daughter was a friend of Fanny Dean, also testified in the matter, but said that he had no personal knowledge of the charges.

Thomas S. Burton, 6430 Grove place, complained against the quality of food served. Otherwise, he said, he had been given every care.

S. T. Lawrence, 368 Sacramento avenue, also testified as to the treatment he received at the hospital. He is an uncle of C. J. Lawrence, one of the jurymen, and a director of the Washingtonian Home.

Ahrens Defends Hospital.

Commissioner Ahrens said that in all the inspections he had made of the hospital since his appointment as head of the Hospital committee of the County board he had found no abuses.

"I am at the hospital at all hours," he said. "I live close to it and am able to be there when I could not possibly be expected. I never saw things in the management which were not as they should be, and I never have been told of ill treatment to patients. I have talked to patients in the wards who would have made complaint if they had grievances."

The jury sent out summonses for additional witnesses yesterday, and will continue the investigation this afternoon. The witnesses summoned yesterday were:

Swan Johnson, 2553 One Hundred and Eighteenth street.
Sarah E. Fors, 2404 Washtenaw avenue.
Agnes McCreevy, 763 West Erie street.
Emil Reishart, 121 Dearborn-st.
F. P. Greely, 6004 Dearborn street.
Anna King, 558 West North avenue.
C. P. Meeker, 350 Halsted street.

Work of Investigating Committee.

Meanwhile, charges of all sorts were made yesterday before the Investigating Committee of Thirteen. One witness contended that because she had been given morphine several nights to relieve her pain she had contracted the "morphine habit slightly." Later she added that she did not know that it was morphine which had been administered.

Another complained that he had not been properly taken care of because he had not been kept strapped to his bed long enough when suffering from delirium tremens. Others accused the nurses of neglect and charged faults generally.

Still other witnesses declared that every care and attention had been given them during illness.

This morning Warden James H. Graham will be placed on the stand.

During the day two employés of the hospital, Chief Engineer Charles F. Lumpp and Chief Bookkeeper Joseph Purvis, were heard, as was Miss Idora Rose, Acting Superintendent of the Illinois Training School for Nurses.

Miss Rose, who has her office in the hospital, answered statements that have been made against the nurses serving in this institution, all having been assigned from the Illinois Training School.

Says Heating Plant Is Faulty.

Engineer Lumpp admitted that the heating plant is faulty and asserted that four new boilers and more radiators are needed.

Bookkeeper Purvis explained charges that $3,863 had been paid in wages to skilled workmen "in an effort to defeat the civil service law." It was declared that these men had been employed to make repairs, requisition for these workmen having been filed in each case, and that they were paid from the "supply and repair" fund, as required by the laws of the County board.

Frank Miller, 50 Kinzie street, asserted that when a patient November last he had been left in a cold room for four hours before any one attended him. Later he admitted that his wound had been dressed before he was taken to this room.

S. W. Ayers, 211 Chicago avenue, stated that a medical student, O. Larson, residing at 296 Orleans street, had told him that on April 12 a woman was operated on without an anæsthetic being administered, her screams causing many students to leave the clinic room. He added that it was stated the woman was not in a physical condition to allow of an anæsthetic being given.

Charges of Religious Lines.

G. W. Hughes, 30 Ogden avenue, charged that religious lines were drawn, but failed to cite a specific case.

"Those who inclined to Catholicism received the best treatment, though," he contended.

Chief Engineer Lumpp was closely questioned by George E. Cole as to the quality of coal used. He said in part:

"The heating apparatus is faulty. Of the ten boilers four have been condemned and new boilers should be substituted. The cost would range from $25,000 to $30,000. More radiation is needed, too. The question of installing a new system has been discussed, but nothing has been done. The coal now is good, Youghiogheny being delivered. To make matters perfect practically a new heating system would have to be installed."

Mrs. E. Raftree, 734 West Madison street, charged that the nurses were at fault, as did Mrs. Eliza Martin, 1256 North California avenue.

Miss Rose explained the contract by which the Illinois Training School supplies nurses for the hospital. She asserted that morphine was never given except on the doctors' orders.

CORN GETS STILL HIGHER.

MAY PRICE CLIMBS PAST FORTY-EIGHT-CENT MARK.

Shorts Getting Out and Some Longs Buying More on Extremely Light Receipts and Low Grading—Wheat Strong on Good Cash Demand from the Continent, but Best Prices Not Held—Oats Shorts Bid Market Up, Phillips Selling.

May corn scored a new high price in the local pit yesterday, selling at 48¼c, compared with a high notch of 47c on Tuesday, and closed just under the top at 48¼c, a net gain of 1⅛c for the day. The smallest receipts of any day in years, 80 cars, with only 10 of them contract, added to the prevailing uneasiness of shorts. There was a sharp demand at the opening from 46½c, the previous close, to 47c, and a minute later there were numerous bids and no selling offers at the higher figure. Phillips carried the price right up to 48c, where his brokers let the needy shorts have some, and there was a recession of ⅝c. The price firmed up, however, and most of the session held close to 48c, getting higher shortly before the close. The bull leader was on both sides of the market, apparently buying more than he sold, the reverse of his proceedings the day before, and preventing any marked decline. There was a big trade in July, a general outside demand which forded the price up to 45¼c in spite of heavy selling by Phillips around 45c. The close was a trifle easier at 44⅞-45c, a gain of ¼-⅜c for the day. There were reports of a little larger acceptances in Iowa and of Illinois farmers marketing some grain at stations at 40c, but this caused no pressure on the market.

Grading Keeps Poor.

The trading is so poor that elevator interests are not hedging in July, to say nothing of May, but are selling September against their cash purchases. The contract product from private houses is gowing smaller, only 10 cars yesterday, but there were 100,000 bu unloaded from vessels into public warehouses to add to the stocks to be delivered on May 1. The cash situation was lost sight of, handlers reporting bids at 1c under July for No. 3 corn. The weekly crop bulletin did not add to the comfort of the shorts, announcing that no corn had been planted north of the Ohio and that extensive replanting would be necessary in the Southern States. Talers in May have been encouraged by the steadiness of the advance to keep their corn, and in some instances to buy more. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 294,000 bu in the world's available stocks, compared with one of 415,000 bu last year. Primary receipts were 230,644 bu, compared with 503,-370 bu a year ago, and clearances 160,974 bu. Sales of 100,000 bu No. 3 for shipment were reported and the seaboard claimed 184,000 bu sold. Liverpool futures were ⅛-⅝d higher, spot up ¼-⅝d.

Wheat Has a Rally.

A strong demand for cash wheat from the continent, both at the seaboard and in this market, was the main speculative factor in that grain, stimulating an advance of 1⅜c in May and 1⅛c in July. The advance was overdone, and both futures closed ⅝c higher than Tuesday at 72½c and 72⅝c respectively. Steadiness at Liverpool, regardless of the break here, and an advance of 1c at Berlin made a strong start, and buying of May by cash houses and of July and September by New York houses for foreign account was a sufficient indication of cash business to increase the bullish sentiment. The Northwest bought May direct and bought May and sold July through Milmine-Bodman, Carrington-Hannah, and Peavey. The strength of May at New York, at one time 1⅛c over July there and 7½c over Chicago May, was taken into account by buyers. While the weekly crop bulletin declared the high promise of winter wheat maintained, and Kansas claimed a crop of 100,000,000 bu, there were reports of fly damage and of injury by drought in California which had more weight when the buying fever was on. The reaction from top prices of 72⅝c for May and 73⅛c for July came late on selling by Armour and by Pringle, C. H. Smith, and other locals against Milwaukee calls, starting a break to which pit longs contributed by unloading.

July Wheat Range.

Cash Demand the Feature.

The feature of the cash demand was the reported payment of premiums of 1½c over May for both No. 2 red and No. 2 hard in store. Total sales of 580,000 bu were reported by local dealers, and the seaboard came along with 504,000 bu. The country is still selling freely on new crop anticipations. While the Northwest had 25 less cars than last year, primary receipts went 150,000 bu ahead. Clearances were 224,520 bu. World's stocks decreased 3,632,000 bu, compared with a decrease of 1,668,000 bu a year ago. Broomhall cabled the continent had taken six on passage cargoes. Liverpool futures were ¼d lower to ⅛d higher, spot unchanged. Antwerp came ⅛c lower, Paris ⅝c higher.

Phillips Sells Oats Freely.

Phillips filled the oats crowd up all through the session, selling such quantities and in such directions that estimates of his total sales were wide apart. The largest buyers—Harris—are said to have taken about 500,000 bu, with Bartlett-Frazier and McReynolds not far behind them in extent of purchases. There was 1c range in May and only half as much in July, which illustrated the sharp demand for the earlier delivery. This demand came largely—in fact, almost entirely—from shorts who began their covering operations almost as soon as the bell tapped and ran prices up without any substantial reactions. At the high points the May-July difference was 1c. The narrowest spread was ⅜c, the difference at the close being ½c. Receipts were 163 cars, of which 14 were contract. The weekly bulletins reported seeding as about completed in the central valleys, but slow in the north. Bradstreet's world's available decreased 580,000 bu, against an increase the previous week of 34,000 bu and a decrease last year of 1,074,000 bu. There was an improved cash demand, 80,000 bu being worked here and 40,000 reported at the seaboard, where the total clearances were large, 116,200 bu.

The provision list continues featureless, but fairly firm, prices showing a shade improvement over those of the previous day. Pork made a net advance of 7½c and lard and ribs 2½@5c. The price range was only 15c in pork, 10c in lard, and 7½c in ribs. Lower hogs cut about 5c off opening pork prices, the yards having 27,000 head. All Western packing points had 77,300, against 71,000 the previous Wednesday and 73,200 the same day last year. Pit trade was entirely between professionals and extremely light in volume. Shipments were much lighter than a year ago, being 1,932,000 lbs of cut meats, compared with 3,082,000 lbs last year. Lard shipments were 746,000, as against 1,607,000 lbs a year ago.

There was a steady and featureless market in rye, though prices were fractionally higher. May sold at 50¼c, round lots, and 49¾c, job lots. July was offered at 50½c, with 50c bid. Receipts were only 3 cars.

Barley receipts fell off to 5 cars and made the market correspondingly narrow. While not much is coming not much is wanted and quotations remain substantially unchanged. Screenings sold at 37@38c. A nominal price on common to fair was 48@51c and on good 52@55c. For fine barley to arrive 56c was bid, but not accepted.

Seeds were higher and entirely nominal on a basis of $3.90 for contract timothy and $11.00 for clover. No transactions were reported.

There was a larger trade in May flax, but not much done in other deliveries. A small lot sold early at $1.61 and 50,000 bu later at $1.60. Schwartz-Dupee sold this lot, Dickinson, Hunter, and Milne taking it. Spot seed was nominally $1.61 for No. 1 Northwestern and $1.60 for No. 1. September and October were badly wanted, but not offered, though the bid price was 4@7c higher—$1.27 for the former and $1.24 for the latter.

Futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Closed Tuesday.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Apr. 25, 1900.
May	71⅝-¾	72⅝	71⅜-½	72-¼	66
July	71⅞	73¼	71⅝	73⅜	67⅛

CORN.

April	46	....	....	47⅜	39½
May	46½	48¼	46½	48¼	39⅝
July	44⅝	45¼	44⅝	44⅝-⅝	40⅝

OATS.

May	26⅝-⅞	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝	23½
July	25¼-⅜	25⅝	25⅛	25½	23⅝

MESS PORK.

May	14.30	14.37½	14.22½	14.37½	12.72½
July	14.45	14.52½	14.37½	14.52½	12.80

LARD.

May	8.10	8.15	8.07½	8.15	7.15
July	7.97½-8	8.05	7.95	8.02½-.5	7.05
Sept.	7.97½	8.02½	7.95	8.00-.04	7.07½

SHORT RIBS.

May	8.12½-.15	8.20	8.12½	8.17½	7.05
Sept.	7.82½-.8	7.87½-.90	7.82½	7.87½	7.02½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total
Winter wheat	5	6	8	19
Spring wheat	2	22	11	35
Corn	10	66	4	80
Oats	14	79	70	163
Rye	1	1	1	3
Barley	..	1	4	5
Totals	32	175	95	302

Inspected out: 4,930 bu winter and 420 bu spring wheat, 123,310 bu corn, 12,300 bu oats, 22,700 bu rye.

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts— 1901.	1900.	Shipments— 1901.	1900.
Articles.				
Flour, brls	40,928	27,050	25,115	24,218
Wheat, bu	149,400	46,700	188,921	180,781
Corn, bu	107,875	195,600	561,677	361,633
Oats, bu	399,200	230,300	461,321	246,811
Rye, bu	7,750	8,450	....	4,248
Barley, bu	9,150	18,650	850	12,398
T. seed, lbs	59,000	194,500	93,064	333,163
C. seed, lbs	41,119	3,805	7,310	35,987
O. seed, lbs	99,000	60,650	2,485	49,846
F. seed, bu	5,754	1,500	1,033	4,207
C. meats, lbs	578,506	735,435	1,802,189	3,082,424
Can. meats, c's	....	....	1,721	5,945
Dried beef, lbs	286,538	766,304	2,874,999	3,501,577
Beef, tcs	4	....	7	15
Beef, brls	7	....	247	40
Pork, brls	111	....	220	1,073
Lard, brls	99,210	28,900	746,224	1,607,176

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows on the dates named:

Western points.	Receipts, bu— Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments, bu— Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	149,400	107,575	188,921	561,677
Milwaukee	27,000	900	2,250	10,000
Minneapolis	175,560	13,350	28,900	1,780
Duluth	36,691	1,519	15,617	....
St. Louis	13,000	32,000	11,000	14,000
Toledo	4,555	18,800	3,800	49,000
Detroit	5,400	4,000	966	....
Kansas City	30,400	22,500	45,000	36,000
Peoria	8,600	20,000	....	4,000
Totals	445,606	220,644	296,423	676,457
Seaboard—				
New York	17,100	28,000	55,826	52,003
Boston	36,020	17,905	76,000	108,971
Philadelphia	79,497	152,499	....	....
Baltimore	46,271	69,691	....	....
New Orleans	72,000	10,000	40,000	....
Totals	250,897	254,095	171,826	160,974
Grand totals	696,503	484,739	468,249	837,431
Same days 1900	520,343	923,710	1,091,207	1,293,724

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—In moderate demand and steady. Standard patents, $4.00@4.10; hard patents, $3.50@3.60; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter Southern patents, $3.60@3.80; white rye, brls, $2.80@2.95; dark, $2.70@2.75.

WINTER WHEAT—In good demand and stronger. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 74,000 bu on p. t.; grade not given, 250,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 2 hard, 73¼c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 71¼@72½c.

SPRING WHEAT—Firm and about 1c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 205,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3, 50,000 bu on p. t.; No. 4, 66c. Free on board: No. 4, 66@68¼c; No. 2 Northern, 73c; not graded, by sample, 73⅝c.

CORN—Active, firm and higher; not much offered. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 100,-000 bu for shipment on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 3, 44c; No. 3 yellow, 44@44½c. Billed through: No. 4, 43c; No. 3, 42c; No. 3 yellow, 42¼c; No. 3 white, 44½c.

OATS—Steady and in fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 26¾c; white clipped, 80,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4, white, 26@28¼c; No. 3, 26¾@26¾c; No. 3 white, 28¼@29½c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 26¼@27¾c; No. 3, 27¾c; No. 3 white, 27¼@28¼c; No. 2, 27c.

RYE—Nothing doing.

PROVISIONS—Steady and slightly higher. Cash lots mess pork, regular, $14.35@14.40; old, $13.50@13.62½. Lard, $8.20@8.25; short ribs, $8.05@8.25, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady. Ash pork brls, 75 @71½c; oak, 77½@80c; lard tcs, 32½@66c.

HIGHPROOF SPIRITS—Steady, $1.27.

HAY—Steady and quiet for timothy, firm for prairie. Receipts, 713 tons; shipments, 22 tons. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $13.50@14.00; No. 1 timothy, $13.00@13.25; not graded timothy, $11.00@12.50; choice prairie, Kansas, $12.50@13.00; No. 1 prairie, Kansas, $12.25; No. 2 prairie, State, $8.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are 40 cars wheat, 95 cars corn, 175 cars oats, and 27,-000 hogs.

A membership was sold yesterday at $2,175 net to the buyer.

Public elevator interests manifested no open concern yesterday over the renewal of the attempt to compel the proprietors of regular warehouses to stop dealing in grain or mixing grain. They may not take any action until the directors act on the petition now before them.

Bids for corn sent into Iowa on Tuesday night ranged from 41c to 41¾c at the river and brought out more corn than in weeks, but sales were still small. Illinois farmers as far south as Springfield were getting 40c at stations and were doing some marketing.

A dealer, writing Norton-Switzer from Mattison, Ill., reports three inches of frost in the ground, and believes the farmers will have to resow their oats, on account of the seed rotting, though the farmers themselves are hopeful no harm has been done. There was ice in the fields as far south as St. Louis on Sunday and on Monday, and the possibility of damage to oats already sown is becoming a speculative factor.

There were bids of 2¼c for wheat to Buffalo, immediate shipment, but because of the ice jam in the St. Clair River vesselmen were unwilling to charter. Bids for loading up to May 5 were 2c.

Texas Wheat Pest.

The Oklahoma agricultural experiment station has prepared the following statement concerning the insect that is injuring the wheat crop: "Reports from various parts of central Oklahoma show that a green plant louse is doing much damage to wheat. Winter wheat seems to be favorable to the development of the species, as it provides nourishment for them to survive the winter. The complete life history of the species, like that of many other plant lice, is not well known, but it is known that it does survive winter weather and that it appears early in the spring, and during the summer is often found on volunteer wheat and oats and other grasses. They secure their food, not by eating, but by sucking the juices of the plant through a long, slender tube, which they thrust into the plant. In this way the tender wheat plants are much injured and the growth is stunted. No practical remedies can be applied against this pest of wheat cultivation, and the only hope is that one or more of the parasitic insects that are found with this louse may greatly reduce its numbers before it has done much damage. One of these parasitic insects is now under observation by the entomologist of the experiment station, and it is hoped that it may prove to be a friend."

Phillips Has Oats to Sell.

Phillips was quite as potent a factor in oats as in corn, but not on the bull side of the market. He took advantage of the higher prices to supply the wants of the unfortunate shorts and sold them oats pretty much all day. One of the first-floor commission houses took 500,000 bu off his hands, and there were half a dozen other houses which depleted his stock to nearly an equal extent. Trade guesses on his sales, based on the known purchases, were in the neighborhood of 3,000,000 bu, considerably less than one-third the holding with which he has been credited. The sharp demand was entirely for the May delivery, and it was sufficient to force the price up 1c, while the following month delivery, July, advanced in a sympathetic way only ½c as compared with Tuesday's prices. All the statistics and the news of the day so far as it referred to the crop was of a character calculated to frighen the shorts and drive them to cover. Figures showed a decrease of nearly 600,000 bu in the world's available supply, and the crop bulletins reported seeding slow in northern sections. The net advance in both deliveries, at the close, was ⅝c.

Flax seed presented some altogether unusual conditoins yesterday, a 50,000 bu lot of May coming out from one house. It was readily absorbed at $1.60. The sharp demand was for September and October, the new crop deliveries, but not a bushel could be brought out, though the September price was 4c up and October 7c higher, $1.27 being bid for the former and $1.24 for the latter.

POTATOES AT HIGHER PRICES.

Advance Based Mainly on Receipts Which Are Running Light—Produce Generally About Unchanged.

Only 12 cars of potatoes came in yesterday, and the demand was sufficient to clean up the track market closer than for a long time past. Holders were generally disposed to crowd up the price. Nearly all varieties were marked up about 2c. Butter was steady at the recent decline and eggs firm. Beans were easier. Strawberry receipts were something over 5,500 cases, with the demand mainly for high grade fruit. The general vegetable list was slow.

Quotations on round lots follow:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, at mark, new cases included ..... 13½@13¾c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned ..... 12½@12¾c
Checks, new, cases included 10¼c
Seconds ..... 11@11½c
Cheese, chedd ..... 9¼@10c
Cheese, fancy brick ..... 11¾@12c
Butter, creamery extra ..... 18½@19c
Firsts ..... 16@17½c
Seconds ..... 14@15c
Dairies ..... 14@17c
Ladles ..... 11½@13c
Roll butter 13c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded 9½c
Do, dry picked 9c
Do, roosters 6c
Iced turkeys ..... 8@9c
Live turkeys ..... 8@9c
Chickens ..... 8½@9½c
Broilers ..... 20@25c
Geese, doz ..... $5.00@7.00

VEAL.

50@60 lbs ..... 6½@7½c
60@70 lbs ..... 7@7½c
80@100 lbs ..... 6@7½c
100@170 lbs ..... 7@8c
150@200 lbs ..... 7½@8c

FISH.

Black bass, lb ..... 12½@13c
Carp ..... 7@8c
Pike ..... 6@7c
Pickerel ..... 10@5c
Perch ..... 3@4c
Eels ..... 6@8c

GAME.

Dough birds, doz $4.00
Sandsnipe, doz ..... 20@25c
Jacksnipe, per doz ..... $1.50@1.75

FRUITS.

Plover, golden, doz ..... $1.50@1.75
Grass $1.25
Yellow legs ..... $1.00@1.50
Apples, good to choice ..... $3.00@3.25
Apples, fancy ..... $3.00@4.00
Lemons, per box ..... $2.75@3.00
Bananas, bch ..... $1.20@1.50
Pears, brl ..... $1.50@3.00
Pineapples, Fla., each ..... 30@40c
Do Cuba, doz ..... $2.00@3.00
Oranges, Fla ..... $4.00@5.00
Russets ..... $3.00@3.50
Cal. navels ..... $2.00@3.25
Seedlings ..... $1.75@2.25
Cranberries, Jerseys, brls $6.50
Do, bu ..... $1.50@2.00
Strawberries, La., pts, choice $1.75
Do fancy ..... $1.75@2.00
Do half ..... $1.25@1.50
Miss., 24 qt cases ..... $2.50@3.00

VEGETABLES.

Artichokes, Mich., bu 50c
Cal., doz ..... 75c@$1.00
Asparagus, Cal., 3 doz ..... $4.50@5.00
Miss., 1-3 bu ..... $3.50@4.00
Beans, navy, hand-picked ..... $1.88@1.90
Medium ..... $1.82@1.85
Celery, home-grown, doz ..... 15@30c
Do, La., doz ..... 25@40c
Fla., 3-6 doz. crates ..... $1.50@2.25
Cucumbers, doz ..... $1.00@1.25
Cabbage, N. C., brls ..... $1.50@1.75
Do new La., crates ..... $2.75@3.25
Carrots, new, brls ..... $3.00@3.50
Radishes, La., brls ..... $4.00@6.00
Do bu box ..... $1.00@1.25
Turnips, white, brls ..... 50@75c
Do new, bu ..... 75c@$1.00
Do crates ..... $2.00@2.25
Lettuce, head, brls ..... $3.00@5.50
Do leaf, cases ..... 25@30c
Romaine, brls ..... 40@50c
Onions, Bermudas, boxes ..... $2.50@2.60
Beets, new, brls ..... $3.00@4.00
String beans, green, bu ..... $2.50@4.00
Spinach, La., brls ..... $2.50@4.00
Pieplant, Ill., 3-5 bu ..... $1.50@2.00
Potatoes, Burbanks ..... 35@42c
Rurals ..... 39@45c
Sweets ..... 35@38c
Hebrons ..... 34@38c
Mixed ..... 30@37c
Kings ..... 34@38c
Sweet potatoes, Illinois, brls ..... $1.50@2.00
Do, bu ..... 40@50c
New potatoes, Bermudas, brls $8.00
Havana, brls ..... $6.00@7.00
Tomatoes, Fla., 6 baskets ..... $2.00@2.50
Mexican, 4-basket crates ..... $1.00@1.25

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Butter, Poultry, Metals, and Other Commodities.

NEW YORK, April 24.—[Special.]—Dry goods—The local trade in dry goods has been slow, with bad weather conditions prevailing. Orders from out of town about average in volume. Export grades of brown cottons firmer, other makes dull and irregular. In bleached cottons sales limited and prices irregular. Coarse colored cottons inactive and easy; print cloths neglected. Prints and ginghams quiet. Man's wear woolens quiet and irregular. Woolen and worsted dress goods dull in most lines.

Coffee.

Rio on the spot was dull at 6c for No. 7. Sales, 800 bags La Guayra, 600 Maracaibo. Futures advanced 5 points, but lost part, closing unchanged to 5 higher with the tone steady, and the sale of 80,250 bags. Havre and Hamburg were unchanged. American warehouse deliveries, 18,157 bags. Rio steady at unchanged prices. Exchange, 12¾d (5-32d advance). Receipts, 6,000 bags. Stock, 299,000. Santos weak at unchanged prices. Receipts, 9,000 bags. Stock, 1,006,-000. Interior receipts, 18,700. There was little change in coffee prices today, the trading consisting in the main of switching from near to distant positions. There was a slight advance in prices, however, for the receipts at Rio and Santos were smaller than expected; the cables were steady, and local shorts covered.

Butter.

Creamery, extras, per lb, 20c; do firsts, 19@19½c; do seconds, 17½@18½c; do thirds, 15@17c; State dairy, tubs, fancy, 19c; do firsts, 17½@18½c; do seconds, 16½@17c; do thirds, 15@16c; Western imitation creamery, fancy, 17@17½c; do firsts, 15@16c; do lower grades, 13@14½c; Western factory, large tubs, choice, 13@13½c; do fair to good, 12¼@12¾c; factory or dairy, lower grades, 11@12c; rolls, choice, 13¼@13½c; do common to prime, 11@13c; renovated butter, fancy, 17@17½c; do common to choice, 12@16c; old creamery, best 15@16c; do common to good, 12@14c; old State dairy, tubs or firkins, 11@14c; old Western factory, 10@12½c.

Poultry.

Alive—Fowls, per lb, 11c; roosters, 7c; turkeys, 8@9c; ducks, per pair, 50@80c; geese, 70c@$1.00; pigeons, 25@35c. Iced dressed—Turkeys, hens, small, 10½c; toms, 8c; broilers, Philadelphia, under 2 lb to pair, 45@50c; do, 2½ to 3 lb, 35@40c; do, 3½ to 4 lb, 29@30c; chickens, winter, Philadelphia, 5 to 6 lb to pair, 22@25c; fowls, dry picked, fancy, small, 10c; do, scalded, 9½@10c; do, heavy, 9c; do, Southwestern, dry picked, small 9½@10c; do, Western and Southwestern, fair to good, 8@9c; old cocks, 6½c; ducklings, Long Island and other nearby, per lb, 20c; squabs, choice, large, white, per doz, $2.50@2.75; do, mixed, $2.00@2.25½; dark, $1.50.

Metals.

There was little interest manifested in the local metal markets today. The only change on the list, that of spelter, was principally due to a lack of sellers rather than to any speculative move. That metal ruled firm all day and closed 5 points higher at $4.00@4.05, while in London prices were without change on the basis of £17 2s 6d. Tin, both here and in London, remained featureless and nominally unchanged, with trading slow. The close was quiet at $26.00, and in London spot was £117 5s and futures at £114 15s. Lead continues dull at $4.37½ here, while in London a loss of 10s was noted to £12 5s. Copper was a shade firmer abroad, spot closing at £70 11s 3d and futures £71 2s 6d. The local situation, however, was tame but steady on the basis of $17.00 for Lake Superior and $16.62½ for casting and electrolytic. Iron markets were without change and quiet. Pig iron warrants, $9.50@10.50; Northern foundry, $15.25@16.50; Southern foundry, $14.00@15.50; soft Southern, $13.00@15.50. Glasgow warrants closed at 55s 6d and Middleboro 46s 3d.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Leading Trade Centers.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Flour—Receipts, 17,328 brls; exports, 2,998. Again firm and held generally higher, but to the detriment of business. Wheat—Receipts, 17,100 bu; exports, 55,826 bu. Spot strong; No. 2 red, 82½c f. o. b. afloat and 80c elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 87¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Duluth, 91⅞c f. o. b. afloat. Options were active and strong all day. Bull sentiment revived under strong continental cables and unfavorable German crop news, good Western suport, the rise in corn, active covering, a large decrease in world's stocks, and light offerings. Finally eased off under profit taking, the market closed irregular at ⅛@⅞c net rise; May, 78⅜@79 15-16c, closed 79⅛c; July, 77⅛@78 13-16c, closed 78⅝c; September, 76⅜@77½c, closed 77c.

Corn—Receipts, 28,000 bu; exports, 52,008 bu. Spot firm; No. 2, 52¾c elevator and 51⅝c f. o. b. afloat. Options were excited and strong, especially the near months, under Western manipulation, higher cables, light receipts, heavy covering, and export rumors. Closed firm at ½@1⅝c net advance. April closed 52⅛c; May, 51⅛@52⅝c, closed 52⅜c; July, 49⅝@50¼c, closed 50½c; September, 49@49⅜c, closed 49¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 111,000 bu; exports, 1,100 bu. Spot firmer; No. 2, 31½c; No. 3, 31c; No. 2 white, 33¼@33½c; No. 3 white, 32¾c; track mixed Western, 31@32½c; track white, 32½@36½c. Options generally firm and higher with corn.

Cotton seed oil—Quiet. Prime crude, 33½@34c; do yellow, 35@35½c.

Eggs—Receipts, 17,861 pkgs. Quiet. Western regular packing, 14c; storage Western, 14¼@14½c; Southern, at mark, 12½@14c.

Sugar—Raw, strong; fair refining, 3 11-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 3-16@4¼c; molasses sugar, 3 7-16@3½c. Refined, firm; crushed, 5.95c; powdered, 5.55c; granulated, 5.45c.

Coffee—Dull. No. 7 Rio, 6¼c.

Range of Cotton Prices.

Cotton—Decidedly lower prices were bulletined on the Cotton Exchange today, and the market at no time during the session showed the least semblance of its former strength. Room sentiment was decidedly bearish, and, under selling for both insiders and outsiders, prices worked off, May settling to 8.04c and July to 8.07c. The latter option was easily the weakest of the list, due to a relatively larger long interest and to belief that the recent manipulation scare was unfounded. The opening was steady, with prices unchanged to 2 points lower. Following the call, the market slowly declined under selling orders from the South and Wall street. Noon bids indicated a net loss of 4@5 points. Late cables showed a sharp rally abroad on covering and buying on the reaction theory. The English market finished at the best figures of the day, with spot cotton showing marked strength on brisk demand from spinners. The better cables had no effect on our market, the trade here seeing no possibility for higher prices for the immediate future, inasmuch as the weather South was improving rapidly each day, while receipts continued unseasonably large. Furthermore, private wires stated that spot holderrs were inclined to sell freely on every advance. New Orleans was a free seller here on all steady periods. German export interests were large buyers of May and July on the decline. The close was barely steady, net 6@13 points lower.

Spot closed dull, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 8⅝c; middling gulf, 8¾c. Sales, 15 bales.

Futures closed barely steady. April, 8.08c; May, 8.05c; June, 8.00c; July, 8.07c; August, 7.70c; September, 7.34c; October, 7.26c; November, 7.20c; December, 7.19c; January, 7.20c.

Western Grain Markets.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 24.—Wheat took a firmer turn this morning, regained yesterday's loss in part, and May sold to 71⅛@72c by noon. The market held strong to the end. May sold to 72¼c and closed at 71⅞c; July, 73¼@73⅝c, closed at 73¼@73⅝c; September, 71c. The cash market was active. Millers were buyers of No. 1, taking everything in sight. The average price for this grade was 72½c. There is still considerable wheat coming out of terminals, but so far this week there has been less loaded out than last week. No. 2 Northern sold at 70¢@71¼c; No. 3, 64@67½c. Flour—Active; first patents, $3.85@3.95; second patents, $3.65@3.75; first clears, $2.95@3.05; second clears, $2.00@2.10.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 24.—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 72¾c; track, 75@76c; May, 72⅝@72¾c; July, 70⅝c; No. 2 hard, 72¾@73½c. Corn—Higher; No. 2 cash, 45½c; track, 46c; May, 44⅞@45c; July, 43¾c. Oats—Higher; No. 2 cash, 28c; track, 28½c; May, 27⅝c; July, 25¼@25⅝c; No. 2 white, 30c. Lead—Firm, $4.22½. Spelter—Firm, $3.80 bid, but held higher. Receipts—Flour, 4,000 brls; wheat, 13,000 bu; corn, 22,000 bu; oats, 88,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 8,000 brls; wheat, 11,-000 bu; corn, 14,000 bu; oats, 29,000 bu.

DULUTH, Minn., April 24.—Close—Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 75¼c; No. 1 Northern, 73¼c; No. 2 Northern, 67¾@71¾c; No. 3 spring, 62¾@67¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 Northern, 73¾c; May, 73¾c; July, 74½c; spot, 72¾c. Corn—42c; May, 42¼c. Oats—27¼c. Flax—To arrive, $1.60; cash, $1.61; May, $1.62; September, $1.82. Receipts—Wheat, 36,001 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 15,-454 bu.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 24.—Close—Wheat—May, 67¾@67½c; July, 65¾c; cash No. 2 hard, 70@71c; No. 3, 69@69½c; No. 2 red, 70@70½c; No. 3, 68@70c. Corn—May, 42¼@42⅝c; July, 41¾@41¾c; cash No. 2 mixed, 42½@43c; No. 2 white, 44c; No. 3, 42¾@43c. Oats—No. 2 white, 30c. Receipts—Wheat, 30,400 bu; corn, 28,800 bu; oats, 19,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 40,000 bu; corn, 38,000 bu; oats, 12,000 bu.

SAVANNAH, April 24.—Spirits turpentine, firm, 33c. Rosin—Firm; quote A B C, $1.15; D, $1.20; E, $1.25; F, $1.30; G, $1.35; H, $1.45; I, $1.60; K, $1.95; M, $2.20; N, $2.30; W G, $2.40; W W, $2.65.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 24.—Spirits turpentine, 32@32½c. Rosin—Steady, $1.05@1.10. Crude turenpentine—Quiet, $1.10 and $2.10. Tar—Steady, $1.20.

TOLEDO, O., April 24.—Wheat—Fairly active. Cash, 75¼c; May, 75⅜c; July, 74½c. Clover seed cash, prime, $6.70; October, $5.25.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 24.—Turpentine—Steady, 31c. Rosin—Firm, unchanged.

PEORIA, Ill., April 24.—Corn—Easier; No. 3, 43¼c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 white, 28c, billed through. Whisky—On the basis of $1.27 for finished goods.

CORN CLOSE TO 50 CENTS.

PHILLIPS HELPS THE SHORTS TO PUT UP THE PRICE.

May Option Passes the 48 Line, and at the Close Shows a Net Gain of 1 5-8 — Bull Leader Sells or Buys During Session as Demand Seems to Dictate, and Intimates at the End That His Long Holdings Are Increased.

Phillips helped May corn shorts put the price of that future to 48¼ cents on the Board of Trade yesterday. The bull leader's prediction of 50-cent corn is nearer fulfilment by eight cents than when he first made it, and may be realised today or any time this month. The market is in such condition that, in spite of the high price, it takes a bold trader to sell May corn unless he has it bought at a lower price, and no extraordinary demand is needed to start prices soaring.

The high price yesterday was 1¼ cents above the best figure made previously, and the close at 48¼ cents was a net gain of 1⅝ cents for the day. At the opening there was a general demand from 46½ cents to 47 cents. In a moment brokers all over the pit were bidding 47 cents with no answering voices offering the grain at that price.

"I'll give 47½ cents for May corn!" shouted Phillips, and this evidence of the bull leader's belief in better prices started a scramble which kept the pit at furnace heat until 48 cents was reached. Under selling by Phillips the market eased off three-fourths of a cent, but it rallied and went still higher. Phillips seemed to be ready to buy or sell at the market whenever any one else in the pit had a proposition to make. At the close of the session he would only say of his trading:

"I bought considerable corn today."

Small Receipts from the West.

One of the bull factors of the day was the exceedingly small receipts from the West, only 80 cars, and only 10 of them contract, the smallest receipts of any day in years, in spite of the unusually high price. The showing went to confirm the bull argument of low stocks and poor quality of corn in the country. There was an addition to the contract stocks of 100,000 bu, unloaded from vessels, but this had no effect on the speculative mood.

"I noticed that," said Phillips, "but I don't care. It was claimed 500,000 bu of contract corn would be put back into elevators to deliver to me. There isn't that much in the river, but it would not make any difference if there were 3,500,000 bu. It is only a drop in the bucket, and we are prepared to take all that comes."

This statement of the bull leader points to an intention to take the cash corn deliverable on contracts. How much long corn there is on his books is something every one in the trade would like to know, but can only guess.

Corn Ready for Delivery.

If Phillips carries the May deal through, as is generally expected, he will have to take 3,000,000 bushels of contract corn the first of the month. How much will come in during May will depend upon the weather, the price, and the attitude of the farmers. If it should be 2,000,000 bushels more, and the poor grading does not justify expectation of so much, traders short the rest of the bull line would have to settle on Phillips' terms, as they did in November.

The only drawback to the bull campaign is the lack of foreign and Eastern demand for corn, but the bulls argue that the shipping demand must come and that there is no need of depressing the price of American farm products when the demand must rise to meet the price if it is held firm.

FINED UNDER SMOKE ORDINANCE

Three Alleged Offenders Assessed from $50 to $80 on Complaints by Inspector Schubert.

In Justice Gibbons' court yesterday fines were assessed for a number of violations of the smoke ordinance, reported by Smoke Inspector Schubert. The Illinois Maintenance company, Monroe street, near State, was fined $50, defendant not appearing. Southard & Trainer, agents for the Tennison apartment building, 4134 Cottage Grove avenue, were fined $80 for three violations. The Monarch Refrigerating company, 245 Michigan street, was fined $80 on four charges. The Monarch company has lately equipped its plant with a smoke consumer and will soon have it in operation.

Dull Day in Nashville.

No fights occurred in the Legislature yesterday.—Nashville American.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

4 per cent Net Income.

$1,000,000

4 per cent Gold Russian Government Guaranteed Bonds,

At Par and Interest.

Non-Taxable

Under Imperial decree these bonds are free from

BOOM IN UNION PACIFIC.

NEARLY A THIRD OF DAY'S DEALINGS WAS IN THAT STOCK.

Closes with Substantial Net Gain of 8 7-8—Market Center of Bitter Fight All Day and Bears Finally Succeed in Hammering Down Large Part of the List—Call Money Was Easy in Spite of Engagements of Gold for Export.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, April 24.—[Special.]—In a total of recorded transactions running beyond the two million mark one stock alone, Union Pacific, today contributed nearly one-third of the entire transactions, being dealt in more extensively than any single stock has ever been dealt in in the history of the New York Stock Exchange, and closing with a substantial net gain of 8⅞ points. Apart from this the market had many striking features, chief of which was the great irregularity of price movements in the general list and at times violent declines in prices, especially in the afternoon, when for the third successive day the bears made a concerted attack upon prices and succeeded not only in knocking down quotations rather sharply, but in inducing considerable liquidation.

In the morning quotations moved up quite uniformly under the influence of better figures sent over from London, which were followed by buying orders from that quarter; of the report that a further purchase of government bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury, and of the continuing ease in money notwithstanding the engagement of more gold for export.

As a matter of fact, call money rates throughout the entire day at no time went higher than 4¼ per cent, while at one time they fell as low as 3 per cent. Some loans, indeed, were actually made at 2½ per cent, but "not for publication." In this early recovery, which was led by Union Pacific, St. Paul advanced over 4 points, Rock Island 2¾, Burlington nearly 2, Northern Pacific 3, Missouri Pacific 1¼, Amalgamated Copper 3, and the local railway shares about 1½ each.

Then, about noon, without any warning and for no apparent cause, prices began to drop, until about 2 o'clock they gave way sharply when the bears threw a mass of short stock on the market. On the decline so many stop orders were received that much involuntary liquidation was caused. This in turn accelerated the decline.

Some idea of the extent of the drop may be obtained when it is stated that Amalgamated Copper declined 3½ points from the high figure; American Smelters, 4; Sugar, 3⅛; Consolidated Gas, 6; Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 2⅝; Metropolitan, 4; Tennessee Coal and Colorado Fuel, 3; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 2⅜; Missouri Pacific, 2¾; Erie second preferred, 2½; and many other stocks from 1 to 2 points each.

When the market was thus semi-demoralized and the bears were predicting that at last the "break" had come, large buying orders were placed in the market by leading banking interests, with the result that many of those losses were wholly or in part recovered, and the market closed with a general rally in progress. St. Paul, for instance, showed a net gain of 1¼ points, having rallied nearly 2 points. Rock Island, rallying almost 3 points, scored a net gain of 1¼ points, while Northern Pacific's net gain was 1⅜, Burlington's 1⅝, and Baltimore and Ohio's 2½.

The fact is that some of the declines were clearly in the nature of "scoops." A conspicuous illustration of this is Consolidated Gas, which sold down on three sales from 228 to 225½, several stop orders being uncovered by this sudden decline. Then, on buying orders executed by Standard Oil brokers, the stock advanced just as rapidly and closed several points above the low figure. Much in like manner Tennessee Coal and Iron dropped from 67½ to 64½ on comparatively few trades, closing at 65, the total sales for the day in that stock being less than 6,000 shares. The idea seemed to be—and its success is beyond question—effectually to shake out weak holders.

The air was full of many rumors, these chiefly being with those stocks that showed greatest strength. It was declared, for instance, that St. Paul is to be an assured 8 per cent dividend at the conclusion of the deal which is now pending, but of which this is unable to obtain any definite information. Then, too, it is said that the terms of the Burlington-Northern Pacific-Great Northern project are to be announced tomorrow and that they will be found to be much more advantageous to all parties concerned than generally has been anticipated. In respect to Southern Pacific, the talk is that as a result of Union Pacific development Southern Pacific is certain to be materially benefited.

It is officially stated that the sum of $65,000 has been paid for a seat on the New York Exchange. This is $2,900 above the previous high record, $62,100 having been paid for a membership on Monday. The name of the purchaser of the seat is withheld.

The liquidation that has taken place since the beginning of the week has unquestionably strengthened the position of the market. At the same time the wide and rapid fluctuations, particularly those of today, have frightened many dealers and have bewildered others. It is not improbable that even wider fluctuations and greater activity will be witnessed on the Stock Exchange before the bull movement of the current year culminates. Not one except the bankers who handle the funds of interior institutions can appreciate the enormous volume of money which is steadily flowing to this center from all quarters. The bulk of it is sent here to be loaned, still a large proportion of it accompanies orders to buy securities.

This movement accounts to an extent for the recent decrease in the loans of the local banks. Loans which they are compelled to call are at once replaced with out-of-town lenders, in addition to the unusual demand for securities from the public a new crop of speculators has sprung up through the developments in the iron and steel industry. Men with whose names the public is hardly familiar are dealing on the Stock Exchange to an extent that would have given them national reputations a decade ago.

With these factors and another prosperous agricultural year, for which the favorable weather of the winter and the present copious rains appear to have laid the foundation, this country may enter upon an era of speculation the like of which has never before been witnessed.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Among the many broken precedents which have been recorded in the present great Wall street speculation must be included the scale and character of the professional manipulation for purely sentimental effect on the speculative public at large. No such fight against a prevailing tendency in the market was ever before witnessed on the New York Stock Exchange as that of today. Some of the leading operators in the recent speculation are credited with the assertion that there is no amount of stock which they will not buy in order to sustain the market for the protection of their favorite stocks. The total dealings in Union Pacific reached an aggregate of 662,800 shares. As the total issue of the company's capital amounts to less than 960,000 shares of common stock it is evident that today's sales would have been sufficient to transfer the control of the company had they represented actual transfer of stock in any large proportion. Add the sales of Monday and Tuesday with those of today and we have a total of 971,000 shares, which is much more than the total common stock issue. Yet no hint is heard from any source that Union Pacific is changing hands. When Union Pacific itself gave way the slump of prices became general throughout the list. In the principal active stocks it amounted to from 2 to 5 points and from 1 to 2 points all through the general list.

Union Pacific convertible bonds were the leaders of the bond market at an extreme advance of 2%. The market otherwise was fairly active, but the movement of prices was irregular. Total sales, par value, $6,325,000.

United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Close—Money on call steady at 3@4½, last loan 3½; ruling rate, 4.

Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼@488¾ for demand and 485@485½ for sixty days; posted rates, 485¼@486 and 489; commercial bills, 484¼@484¾; silver certificates nominally 60; bar silver, 50⅝; Mexican dollars, 48¼; government bonds steady; State bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	April 24	April 23
Amn. Sugar	65,300	145⅝	142	143	144¾
Do pfd	200	123	123	123	123½
Amn. Tobacco	22,300	127¼	122	125¼	126½
Amn. Cotton Oil	300	28½	28	28¼	28¼
Do pfd	100	87	87	87	...
Amn. Smelting	24,000	94¼	90¼	92	93¾
Do pfd	1,500	98⅞	97¾	98¼	97¾
Amal. Copper	63,900	122⅝	120	120⅞	120¾
Atchison	33,000	69⅝	67	67⅝	67¼
Do pfd	20,900	97	95¾	96	96
Anaconda	7,000	50¼	48½	48⅝	49½
Amn. Linseed	15,000	15¼	13¾	14¼	13
Do pfd	5,200	40⅞	39	39	40¼
Amn. Malt. Co. pd	100	25	25	25	...
Amn. Car Foundry	500	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
Do pfd	1,800	79¾	78⅞	79¼	79¼
Amn. Ice	900	39¾	38¾	39¼	38⅝
Ann Arbor Ry	200	27	27	27	...
Amn. Bicycle	300	7⅝	7	7	7¼
Do pfd	200	32	30	30	...
Amn. Dist. Tel	100	33	33	33	...
Brook. Rap. Tran.	41,900	55¾	53	55⅜	54¼
Brunswick	100	12	12	12	...
Balto. & Ohio	8,900	97	94⅝	97	94½
Do pfd	1,100	91¾	89¾	91¾	92
Brooklyn Un. Gas	100	219	219	219	223¼
C. & E. I. pfd	100	134	134	134	...
Chi. & Alton	5,900	45	43¾	44¼	44
Do pfd	1,700	78	77	77½	77⅝
C., B. & Q	23,800	196⅜	195¼	196⅜	196
C., M. & St. P	1,000	207	206¼	206¾	206¾
C. M. & St. P	117,600	171	166⅝	167½	166¼
Do pfd	2,100	194	191	191	...
C., R. I. & P	14,500	155	151¾	154	153⅝
C. & E. I	2,000	133	127⅝	129	128
Canada Southern	1,200	75½	74⅜	74½	75¼
Ches. & Ohio	7,100	47⅞	46½	47	47¼
C., C. C. & St. L	3,500	85⅝	83¾	84	86
Do pfd	100	117	117	117	...
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	15,300	231¼	226½	227	230¾
Chi. Terminal	5,800	22	21¼	21½	21
Do pfd	3,100	44⅝	44	44⅞	44
Colo. & Southern	8,100	14	13¾	13¾	13⅝
Do 1st pfd	2,500	51⅜	50	50	50¼
Do 2d pfd	2,500	23½	22⅜	22⅜	23⅜
Colo. Fuel & Iron	4,400	96	93	94¾	93½
C., I. & L	1,100	36½	36	36	36½
Do pfd	1,100	71¼	70	71	71¼
C. & H. C. & I	300	18½	18½	18½	19
Chi. Gt. Western	1,500	23	23¼	22¾	22¾
Do pfd A	400	82	82	82	82¼
Con. Tobacco	7,000	45½	44	44	45¼
Do pfd	400	104	103¾	104	104¾
Del. & Hudson	4,800	174½	171¾	177	177
Den. & Rio Grande	800	45¾	44¾	44¾	44½
Do pfd	100	94½	94½	94½	95
D. M. & Ft. Dodge	900	33¼	31½	31¾	33
D., S. S. & A.	100	6	6	6	6
Do pfd	100	15	15	15	...
E. T. H	2,900	65¼	62¼	62¾	63
Erie	16,100	38½	37¾	37⅞	38
Do 1st pfd	3,100	69⅞	68¼	68½	69
Do 2d pfd	5,400	57½	55	55½	56⅜
General Electric	200	221½	221	221	221
Glucose	300	51¼	51	51¼	51
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	98
Gt. Northern pfd	900	179½	179	181	181
Do rights	100	24	24	24	24½
Hocking Valley	500	52¼	49	52¼	51¾
Do pfd	600	74½	74½	74½	74½
Int. Pump	400	39	38¾	38¾	38¾
Do pfd	400	81¾	81½	81¾	...
Int. Power	4,400	74¾	73¾	74¼	74¼
Illinois Central	5,100	142	140¾	140¾	140¾
Iowa Central	200	31	30¾	30¾	31
Do pfd	600	61¾	61	61½	61¼
Int. Paper	600	25	25	25	25¼
Do pfd	500	78¾	78¾	78¾	...
K. & M	3,400	26	25	25	26¼
Kas. City & Sou'n.	600	22	20	20	20¾
Do pfd	100	44	44	44	44¾
Knickerbocker Ice	100	19	19	19	...
Louis. & Nash	12,800	103¾	103¼	104¾	104¾
L. E. & W	1,300	66¼	63	63	62½
Laclede Gas	200	86	85½	85½	...
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pd	100	52	52	52	...
Manhattan	22,100	128⅝	126½	127½	127¼
M., K. & T	14,600	32¾	30	31¾	32
Do pfd	15,500	65¾	63¾	64¾	64¾
Met. St. Ry	20,200	174	170¼	172¾	173¾
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	2,500	23¼	22½	22¾	22½
Missouri Pacific	27,100	108¼	105½	106¾	106¾
Mobile & Ohio	10,700	41¼	40¼	41¼	42
Minn. & St. L	100	84	84	84	84
N. Y. N. H. & H.	100	214	214	214	214
National Biscuit	500	41	40	40	40
Northern Pacific	72,900	105	102⅞	103¾	102¾
Do pfd	7,100	99¼	98⅝	99	98⅞
N. Y. Central	9,100	153	152⅜	153	153
Norfolk & Western	5,200	54	52⅜	53¼	52⅜
North Amn. Co	2,200	37	35¼	36⅝	37¾
N. Y., Ont. & W	8,300	34⅜	33	34	34¼
Nat. Lead pfd	100	85	85	85	85
N. Y. C. & St. L	200	35½	34½	35½	34⅝
Do 2d pfd	200	71⅞	71¼	71¼	71½
N. Y. Air Brake	200	107	107	107	106
*National Salt	200	44	43½	44	45¼
*Do pfd	100	76¼	76¼	76¼	79¼
P. & E	100	28	28	28	...
People's Gas	22,400	115	112⅝	113¼	113½
Penna. R. R	17,400	160	157½	158⅝	159
Pacific Mail	1,500	37⅝	39	39	39
Pullman	300	211¾	209	209	209
Pressed Steel Car	1,100	46½	45	46¼	45
Do pfd	700	92¾	92	92¾	93¾
P., C., C. & St. L	900	70¾	69¾	70¾	...
Do pfd	200	97	97	97	...
Pacific Coast	100	93¾	93½	93¾	93¾
Phila. Co	100	94	94	94	94
Père Marquette pd	200	74	74	74	...
Reading	5,000	38¾	36¾	37	37¾
Do 1st pfd	5,500	78⅝	75¾	75¾	76⅝
Do 2d pfd	6,100	53½	52¾	52¾	53¾
Rep. Iron & Steel	2,700	20¾	20¼	20¼	20¾
Do pfd	1,100	76¾	75¾	76	76¼
Southern Ry	14,200	29¾	28¾	29¼	29¼
Do pfd	5,200	83¾	82¾	82½	82¾
St. J. & G. I	100	13	13	13	13
Do 1st pfd	200	72	71½	71½	...
Do 2d pfd	500	33¾	32	32	33½
Southern Pacific	99,900	52	50¼	50¾	50¼
St. L. S. W	3,400	38	37	37	37¾
Do pfd	1,900	65½	63½	64¼	65½
St. L. & San Fran.	3,500	45¾	44¾	45	46
Do 2d pfd	400	68	67⅞	67¾	68¼
S., S. S. & I	300	38	38	38	36½
S., R. & T	100	...	...	4¼	4¼
S. St. L. & W. pfd	600	32¾	31¾	32¼	32
Texas Pacific	31,000	48¼	46	47	46¾
Texas Land	500	4	40¾	41	40¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	6,400	67¼	64¼	64¾	66¾
Union Pacific	624,900	107½	99¾	107½	98¾
Do pfd	80,900	91	87¼	90¼	87¾
U. Bag & Paper	300	14	14	14	...
U. S. Rubber	700	21	20¼	20¼	20½
Do pfd	300	63	62	63	63
U. S. Leather	5,400	11¾	11¼	11⅝	11¾
Do pfd	2,900	77¼	76½	76⅝	77½
U. S. Express	500	91	90	90	89¾
U. S. Steel	43,300	44¾	43½	46	46
Do pfd	19,000	93¾	90¾	93¾	94
Wheeling & L. E.	200	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	...
Do 2d pfd	200	34½	34½	34½	35
Wabash	3,500	20¾	20	20¾	19¾
Do pfd	15,800	40⅜	38⅝	39¼	39¾
Wis. Central	21,000	23½	21¾	22¼	21½
Do pfd	5,200	47¼	45	47¼	47¼
Western Union	3,300	93	92¼	92¼	92¾

*Ex-div.
Total sales, 2,080,860 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	163	United States	90
American	196	Fargo	145

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. refs 2s, reg	106¼
U. S. refs, 2s, coup	106¼
U. S. 5s, reg	110¾
U. S. 3s, coup	111¾
U. S. new 4s, reg	138½
U. S. new 4s, coup	139¼
U. S. old 4s, reg	113⅜
U. S. old 4s, coup	113⅝
U. S. 5s, reg	104¾
U. S. 5s, coup	111¼
Dis. of Col. 3-65s	125

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

57000 Atch gen 4s ... 102½@⅝
75000 do adjmt 5s ... 96@96¼
3000 do stamped ... 96
21000 Amer Bicycle 5s ... 82
23000 B-O 3½s ... 96¼
13000 do 4s ... 102¾
6000 B-O S W 3½s ... 90
3000 Balt Un El 1st ... 101@¼
19000 C-A 4½s ... 106¾@106
24000 do 5½s ... 85¾@86
10000 C R I-P 4s ... 108¾
31000 Colo So 4s ... 87¼@87¾
8000 Chic Termi 4s ... 96¼
1901.
7000 C-O 4½s ... 105¼@¾
2000 do 5s ... 102
4000 C M-St P 4s ... 113¾
35000 C Pac 1st ... 100¼@¾
Colo Mid 3-4s ... 84¾
3000 C N J 5s ... 132¼
10000 Cent Ga 2d inc ... 29¼
2000 D-R G imp 5s ... 104¾
2000 D M-M 1st ... 33
2000 Det Gas 5s ... 102
10000 D-R G 4½s ... 100¾
19000 E L-B S 5s ... 101¼@¾
40000 Erie gen lien 4s ... 87@¾
110000 do con 4s ... 99
10000 Ft W-R G 1st 8s ... 88
9000 Ft W-D C 1st ... 106¼
3000 G H-H 1st ... 111
16000 G-E of Berg 5s ... 102¾
15000 G H-S A-M-P 1st ... 105¼@¾
2000 H 4½s ... 103¼
55000 Kings Co El 4s ... 94¼@¾
193000 Mex C 1st inc 3½s ... 63¾@63¾
171000 do 2d inc ... 19@¾
5000 Mo P tr 5s 1917 ... 106
Total sales, $6,588,000.

FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The stock market here was engrossed in the settlement today, after which the tendency to buy for speculative account was generally small—except in Americans, where it was large and required prolonged arrangement.

The contango rate for carrying over American shares began at 5 per cent and finished at 5¼. For Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul the rate was 2½ per cent; this stock is gradually disappearing from the London market, as the Lake Shores did. The Northern Pacifics were also scarce, beginning at 3 per cent and closing at 4⅜, but this was due mainly to the exchange of certificates.

Trading in the American department became heavy, and everybody was inclined to sell on the break yesterday afternoon, and the day before in New York. But early purchases of Union Pacific hardened the list; then New York opened strong, and there was a great demand for Union Pacific, which advanced by leaps and bounds. The Northern Pacific issues and St. Paul also were wanted, and the bidding for these hoisted the rest of the list. London, however, is rendered apprehensive by these sporadic movements.

The new consols opened at 8⅜, went off to ⅝, and closed at 7-16.

It is whispered here that in view of the low premiums for consols the American syndicate may be "ratted" with them. The three chief insurance companies of America have intimated officially here that their subscription is for £5,000,000 of the new issue.

Money was hard on account of the large sums locked up against the new issue. The call rate was 3¼ per cent; time money, 3; discounts, 3⅛. The street is still borrowing largely from the bank.

Silver was weak on profit taking for speculative accounts.

Exchange on Paris was 26.15½; Berlin, 25.42¾.

Consols for money, 94 3-16; consols for account, 94 3-16; Atchison, 69½; Canadian Pacific, 98¼; St. Paul, 171½; Illinois Central, 144; Louisville, 107½; Union Pacific pfd, 89; New York Central, 155½; Erie, 38⅝; Pennsylvania, 81½; Reading, 19½; Erie 1st pfd, 71; Northern Pacific pfd, 100⅝; Grand Trunk, 9½; Anaconda, 10⅝; Rand mines, 42½; U. S. Steel, 47⅜; do pfd, 97.

Bar silver opened weak, but closed steadier at 27 7-16. Money, 3¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅛ per cent; do three months' bills, 3⅛@3⅜ per cent.

Money on the Continent.

PARIS, April 24.—Prices opened irregular on the bourse today and afterwards grew firmer on an important recovery in Rentes, owing to the savings banks purchasing largely, in addition to rumors of a Russian loan and that the Credit Lyonnais would be intrusted with the issue. Brazilians were in good demand on the continued improvement in exchange. Spanish 4s were easier on adverse exchange. Rio Tintos started weak, but recovered before the close. Diamonds were maintained. Three per cent Rentes, 101 francs 52½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 16½ centimes for checks. Spanish 4s, 73.

BERLIN, April 24.—On the boerse today Home funds and Internationals were quiet. Americans were fairly maintained. Canadian Pacifics relapsed. Mines were stronger, owing to the Harpener company's favorable March returns. After the regular boerse hours there was further improvement and banks were supported. Exchange on London, 20 marks 42⅜ pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills, 3 per cent; three months' bills, 3¼ per cent.

FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions on the Liverpool Exchange.

LIVERPOOL, April 24.—Closing—Wheat, spot, steady; No. 2 red, Western winter, 5s 10½d; No. 1 Northern spring, 6s 10d; No. 1 California, 6s 2d. Futures steady; May, 5s 9⅞d; July, 5s 10⅝d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 3½d; American mixed, old, 4s 4d. Futures firm; May, 4s 2d; July, 4s; September, 4s.

Lard—American refined, in pails, quiet, 42s 9d; prime Western, in 4cs, quiet, 42s 3d.

Cotton seed oil—Dull; refined, spot, 21s 3d. Turpentine—Spirits, 27s 3d.

Cotton—Spot, fair demand, easier; American middling, 4 21-32d. The sales of the day were 9,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 8,700 American. Receipts, 11,000 bales, including 10,500 American. Futures opened quiet and closed steady. American middling, l. m. c., April, April-May, May-June, 4 34-64@4 35-64d. buyers; June-July, July-August, 4 35-64@4 36-64d. sellers; August-September, 4 28-64d. sellers; September, 4 28-64d. sellers; October, good ordinary clause, 4 11-64d buyers; October-November, 4 7-64d, buyers; November-December, 4 5-64@4 6-64d, buyers.

Weekly Wool Market Review.

BOSTON, Mass., April 24.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say of the wool market tomorrow: "Aside from the liberal purchases of fine Australia and Ohio delaine, made at the beginning of the week under review by a well known mill, which practically cleans up the supply of such stock in this market, the trade has ruled dull and has presented, locally, few features of interest. The sales referred to consisted of something like 1,500 bales of Australian, which were taken, it is reported, at prices ranging at from 32c to 34c, equivalent to a clean cost of 65@67c. The delaine wools amounted to about 150,000 lbs, and the prices paid are understood to have been 28@29c. These sales reflect the tendency of the demand towards fine wools, which are relatively much stronger than medium and low wools, and they indicate the confidence of consumers in this class of stock, in which prices are firmly held. Taking the market as a whole, the purchasing has been mostly of a piecing out character. There is no disposition to anticipate future requirements to any great extent, and no speculative tendency is noticeable. While trading may be dull, the tone of the market as far as prices are concerned is steady.

The sales for the week in Boston amounted to 2,591,000 lbs domestic and 690,000 lbs foreign, making a total of 3,281,000 lbs, against a total of 4,420,000 lbs for the previous week and a total of 2,256,000 for the corresponding week last year. The sales since Jan. 1 amount to 76,123,900 lbs, against 52,109,900 lbs for the corresponding time last year.

Available Supply of Grain.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies, compared with last account: Wheat, United States and Canada, east Rockies, decreased, 3,732,000 bu; afloat for and in Europe, increase, 100,000 bu; total supply, decrease, 3,932,000 bu. Corn, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased 294,000 bu. Oats, United States and Canada, east of Rockies, decreased, 580,000 bu. Among the more important decreases reported are those of 1,000,000 bu at Northwestern interior elevators, 200,000 bu in Manitoba, 112,000 bu in Cleveland, O., and 100,000 bu each at Omaha and Minneapolis private elevators. The leading increase is that of 10,000 bu at Chattanooga. The combined stock of wheat at Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash., decreased 415,000 bu last week.

In the Mining Stock Market.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Mining stocks:

Adams Con	23	Little Chief	14
Alice	25	Ontario	900
Breece	135	Ophir	90
Brunswick Con	21	Phoenix	8
Comstock Tunnel	5	Potosi	6
Con. Cal. and Va	215	Savage	5
Deadwood Terra	30	Sierra Nevada	23
Horn Silver	110	Small Hopes	60
Iron Silver	90	Standard	400
Leadville Con	5		

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., April 24.—Credit balances, $1.20; certificates, no bid. Shipments—101,173 bris; average, 69,353 bris; runs, 91,455 bris; average, 81,497 bris.

TRADE IN LOCAL STOCKS.

AMERICAN LINSEED ISSUES MAKE FURTHER ADVANCES.

Standard Oil Connection with Buying Denied and Statement Made That Another Interest Seeks Control—More Gold Exports to Europe—Chicago Brokerage Houses Heavy Buyers of Union Pacific—Sales on the Local Exchange—Financial Topics.

Further advances in American Linseed issues were made in both Chicago and New York yesterday. The report that the company is to pass into the hands of the Standard Oil company still meets denials, but it is admitted that the buying recently has been for the purpose of gaining the control for another interest. The name of H. H. Rogers of the Standard Oil company was mentioned yesterday in connection with the Presidency of the Linseed company, but it is not believed that any change in management will be made at present. It is stated that President Major will continue in that office for some time, but that he will resign in the future, and a representative of the new interests, some one prominently known, will be elected to succeed him.

In the local stock market the day's trading centered again on the industrial issues. Central Union Telephone made another gain. Large expenditures for betterments are anticipated by the telephone companies, for which the money will be raised by stock issues. American Can common and preferred were confined within a narrow range, but made fractional advances. Chicago Edison sold again at 161. Union Traction stocks were lower at 15 for the common and 56 for the preferred. National Biscuit common held at 40. The elevated issues were dull.

More Exports of Gold.

The National City Bank has ordered $500,000 gold bars at the Assay office for shipment to Paris by today's steamer. Estimates of exports on Saturday's steamer range from $1,500,000 to $2,500,000.

The London Statist says on the money market: "Money is not likely to be easy during the present year. It is absolutely necessary to keep rates up nearly to their present level if the French banks are not to be forced to withdraw the money from London for the purpose of investing it elsewhere. It is to be anticipated that as the year advances money will become much scarcer and dearer in the United States than it has been since the first election of Mr. McKinley. There is no such increase to the circulation now as took place last year. Though it is true that the gold raised in the United States, Canada, and Mexico goes for the most part to the United States mints, yet the addition so made to the American currency is hardly likely to prevent a certain hardening tendency in the market, considering how immensely prices have risen of late and how vast is the volume of business that is now being done."

The ruling rate for call money in New York yesterday was 4 per cent, and money closed at 3 to 4 per cent.

Chicago in Union Pacific.

Chicago houses were heavy buyers of Union Pacific stock on the advance yesterday. They have been bullish on the stock since last summer, and some large profits have been made by local operators. J. W. Gates and his followers became interested in the stock first last summer, and they are credited with having been in the stock much of the time on the rise since then.

The first transactions in the Burlington-Northern Pacific-Great Northern new 4s, when issued, were made yesterday. About $100,000 sold at 99 to 99½, 99¼.

At the close of yesterday's meeting of directors of the Canada Southern railroad it was said that nothing was done except to close the transfer books and arrange for other details pertaining to the annual meeting on June 5.

A director of the People's Gas company denied the report that the stock would be put on a 7 per cent dividend basis.

President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania road denies that the road is seeking control of the Mexican Central, and says there is no truth in the reports that it is trying to get possession of other Southern or Western roads.

Denies Santa Fe Combine.

President Ripley of the Santa Fé road says that any report of a combination between the Pennsylvania and the Santa Fé roads is absolutely without foundation.

It is acknowledged officially that Mr. Gates has bought a large amount of stock of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company. The new interests are in harmony with the present management, and no changes in officials are contemplated. Mr. Gates and his associates expect no difficulty will be experienced in preserving harmony with the United States Steel corporation.

The firm of M. P. Ayers & Co. of Jacksonville, Ill., which has done a private banking business for forty-eight years, has reorganized under the national banking system with the name of the Ayers National Bank. The change will go into effect on May 1. The bank will have a paid up capital of $200,000.

After today the dealings in the trust company certificates of deposit for the Federal Steel, National Steel, National Tube, American Steel and Wire, American Tinplate, American Steel Hoop, and American Sheet Steel companies will be discontinued on the New York Stock Exchange.

The Chicago Clearing-House has formally voted to change the organization from an incorporated to a voluntary association, and the new by-laws, which have been under discussion for some weeks, have been adopted. It was decided not to change the method of electing the clearing-house committee.

Corporation Reports.

The annual report of the Mexican Telephone company for the year ended on Feb. 28, in Mexican currency, shows:

Gross	$ 187,468	$ 160,640	$ 26,826
Oper. expenses	102,635	93,251	9,384
Net	84,831	67,389	17,442

IOWA CENTRAL.

Third week April	$ 34,805	$ 35,428	*$ 623
From July 1	1,904,908	1,936,780	*31,872

RIO GRANDE AND WESTERN.

Third week April	$ 98,300	$ 93,700	$ 4,600
From July 1	3,378,939	3,138,699	240,330

WABASH.

Third week April	$ 314,478	$ 314,153	$ 325
From July 1	12,533,000	12,068,184	763,816

*Decrease.

Net earnings of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company for March decreased $36,758, as compared with the corresponding month of the previous year. From July 1 the net increase is $426,077.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

Sterling—	Demand.	Sixty days.
Actual	488¼	485⅛
Commercial	487⅛	484½
Paris francs—		
Actual	515⅝	518¼
Commercial	516⅞	519⅜
German marks—		
Actual	95 11-16	95
Commercial	95 9-16	94⅝

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Bridge	47½	48½
Do pfd	102½	103½
Bay State Gas	⅛	¼
Compressed Air	12½	14
Distilling Co. of America	7⅛	7⅝
Do pfd	32½	33
Electrical Vehicle	10½	11½
Do pfd	20	24
Illinois Electrical Vehicle	¾	1
Otis Elevator	35	35¼
Do pfd	93	94½
Royal Baking Powder	94	95
Rubber Goods Mfg. Co	27¼	27¾
Do pfd	78	79
Standard Oil	810	815
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	8½	9½
Do pfd	40½	41½

Sales on the Chicago Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	2,320	14⅞	13¾	14¼
Do pfd	320	41	40¾	40¾
American Can	1,245	26¼	25⅝	26⅛
Do pfd	800	76½	75¾	75¾
American Strawboard	515	25	25	25½
Central Union Telephone	150	48	47	47
Chicago Edison	100	161	161	161
Chicago Union Traction	200	15	15	15
Do pfd	800	56	56	56
Diamond Match	100	135¼	135	135

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FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1901.

20,000 Pigeons Slaughtered.

At the recent Grand American Handicap pigeon shoot held at Interstate Park, Long Island, nearly 20,000 tame pigeons were killed by the expert marksmen who competed. This tremendous slaughter of birds has aroused a storm of protests from people all over the country, whose humane instincts have been shocked by the wholesale killing in the name of sport. The objectors point out that hundreds of birds in the great handicap were not killed outright, but were maimed and left to suffer for hours until they were gathered up by the retrieving boys whose methods of putting the wounded birds out of their misery are often the refinement of cruelty. How many crippled birds were not found by the boys but fluttered and crept out of reach and died later from their wounds is uncertain. An attempt was made to secure the passage of a law by the New York Legislature making trap-shooting at live birds unlawful, but it proved unsuccessful. Laws forbidding the "sport" are already on the statute books of each of the New England States and of Colorado. The chief advocates of this form of pigeon-shooting are the gun and ammunition makers, who employ many of the well-known professional marksmen to travel around the country and slaughter birds with their appliances. Few real sportsmen find much excitement in murdering tame pigeons with double-barreled shotguns as they rise from the ground less than a hundred feet away.

The principal of one of the Chicago public schools has just published a book in which he sets forth the value of conversational power as a commercial asset. He points out that large salaries are paid to men who have conversational gifts, and that a young man will find few things of more value than the ability to express himself fluently and forcefully. Incidentally the professor sets forth the methods which he has adopted in teaching his pupils in the public schools to converse. There can be no question that the ability to express one's thoughts easily and convincingly is a valuable accomplishment. It is probable also that to an extent the ability to converse well may be acquired, but the able talkers, like the great poets, are born and not made. The "gift of the gab" is with some men a birthright. They begin when they are children to argue with and convince their fellows, and when they grow up they become successful lawyers, book agents, or confidence operators. With no amount of special training can the average man ever hope to meet them in a conversational contest, whether the subject be the sale of a book or a gold brick, or the winning of a lawsuit. If in the overcrowded public schools the pupils are taught the fundamentals of correct, not to say elegant, use of the English language, the niceties of conversation as a fine art may perhaps be left for future acquirement.

Commercial Conversation.

WHY THE STREET CAR BILL HALTS.

It is time to analyze and lay bare the influences which have blocked the Council's street railway bill at Springfield.

The first significant fact is this: The Union Traction company, although so tremendously interested in the fate of the bill, has not for a moment figured openly in relation to it—has not even paid it the compliment of an attendance at the House committee hearings. To infer from this fact, however, that the company must be indifferent or has been idle would be to display a lack of capacity to observe and reason. It would be equally superficial to interpret the mild and deferential attitude of the Chicago City railway company toward the measure as indicating like indifference.

The second unpleasant fact which has to be faced is this: The Senate itself is usually the easiest of the two bodies at Springfield to be manipulated by corporate influences. That body, four years ago, passed the Humphrey bill—which was afterwards defeated in the House. The inner circle which controls the affairs of the present Legislature has its stronghold in a combine in the Senate, and that combine has declined to forward the street railway bill in the Upper Chamber. It has even been impossible to get a committee hearing on it there, plausible assurances being given that as soon as the bill should be passed by the House it would be taken up and put through the Senate at once.

The House bill, however—and this is the third fact—hag, by long adjournments between hearings, been steadily, brazenly, and successfully held up in the Committee on Municipal Corporations, of which Mr. Carl Mueller is chairman. The last of these adjournments was taken without excuse, at a secret session of the committee last Thursday; at the hour for reconvening on Tuesday evening the Democratic members alone were present, so that no meeting could be held. The House began holding evening sessions on that day. The chairman must have been aware of its intentions last week and yet these evening sessions are made an excuse by him for refusing to call the committee together again at present. All doubt is removed as to the determination of the majority in the committee not to report this bill at all, or at least not in season for action by both Houses.

The three facts above go together and explain each other. The street railway bill is held up by the managers at Springfield, the chairman of the House Committee on Municipal Corporations is their accomplice, and the operating influence, though not appearing on the surface, cannot be mistaken.

By-and-by, when the street railway question actually comes up in the Council and the people of this city fully realize the fact that their hands have been left by this Legislature still bound, the spirit of reckoning will assert itself to some purpose with reference to future Legislatures. The people will not go on indefinitely paying Aldermen and special commissions to devise required street railway legislation and at the same time go on selecting and paying legislators to thwart such legislation. There will be a reckoning with the leaders at Springfield on the fate of the car bill.

CONGRESS AND GERRYMANDERS.

The last Congressional apportionment act provides that districts shall contain "as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants." In the opinion of the Democratic Legislature of Missouri these words are not mandatory, but simply suggestive. That Legislature has deemed it expedient for political reasons to lay out districts which are singularly unequal as to population. The ratio is one member for each 194,182 of population. One of the new Missouri districts has a population of 142,254 and another of 290,187. Only six of the sixteen fairly comply with the requirement as to equality of population.

This is not due to ignorance or to carelessness. It is due to the gerrymandering instincts of the party which is in the majority in the Legislature. One St. Louis district has been laid out with a great excess of population because it was deemed advisable to lump all the strong Republican wards. Other city districts, made up of Democratic wards, have an unreasonably small number of inhabitants. It is the determination of the Missouri Democrats that the Congressional delegation shall contain but one Republican.

This is a contemptuous treatment of the directions of Congress which Congress cannot afford to ignore if it have power to enforce its laws. The matter is one which calls for action at an early day. It will not do to wait until Representatives shall have been elected from these gerrymandered districts a year from next November. Before the 1902 election is held Congress should notify the State authorities of Missouri, if it be determined that the right to do so exists, that the apportionment which has just been made is in flagrant violation of law and that a new one must be made if the State desires to be represented in the next House.

After Congress has once asserted the power to set aside apportionments which defy the plain mandates of law there will be less outrageous gerrymandering. State politicians will continue to be influenced by "political necessities" in making apportionments, but they will not go to the lengths they do now. If Congress be without power to act, which can hardly be believed, then the gerrymander will continue to flourish rankly. The politicians of one party, under the plea of self-defense, will try to outdo their opponents.

COMING OF THE GAINSBOROUGH.

The discovery of the Gainsborough portrait in Chicago is said to be responsible for the coming into vogue of this formidable article of millinery. From such slight sources does fashion trace her beginnings! Unfortunately, fashion never condescends to conform to physical conditions. If it is decreed that long skirts shall be worn upon the dirty streets of Chicago, then fair wearers begin to gather to themselves as much of the dirt as can be conveniently carried. If the sanction of style is bestowed upon big hats, then the Gainsborough makes its appearance even in a city as famous for its winds as is Chicago. But a Gainsborough in a gale is not a thing to be lightly spoken of. Perhaps a woman could wish her rival no keener punishment than to be compelled to wear a Gainsborough around the Masonic Temple corner, and it is safe to say that the man who believes sweet-temperedness to be the prime qualifications in a wife needs but to station himself upon this corner and wait for the woman whose temper comes out unruffled from this ruffling process.

It is not to be denied that the Gainsborough has picturesqueness to recommend it, and that a galaxy of Gainsboroughs would be an edifying sight. But there are so many millinery lovers who are given to exaggeration, and an exaggerated Gainsborough is a thing to be dreaded. The eye of a spectator lighting upon headgear of this pronounced type roves first through a forest of feathers, then traversing a floral display that would put a prize garden to the blush reaches at last that seemingly insignificant item, the human countenance. Of course there are faces which should be subservient to millinery, but there are not many of these in Chicago, and it is to be hoped that the Gainsborough lovers of this city will not retreat entirely from view beneath their hats.

PROTEST OF THE VETERANS.

Two Grand Army posts at Terre Haute have issued an address to "Christians, patriots, and countrymen," protesting against the change of Memorial day into a holiday for sports, "through the thoughtlessness of youth, the greed of gain, and the pleasures of debauch." The veterans look upon the change as showing dishonor toward the dead and as indicating a "fearful degeneracy of patriotism." To them Decoration day is a national funeral day, and they think the boys ought to stop playing while the funeral is taking place.

It is natural that the old soldiers who fought in the civil war, and who saw their comrades fall, should feel as they do on this subject. For them the day is sacred to personal griefs and to the deepest patriotism. But it is also natural and inevitable that the younger generation should not feel as the veterans do. Forty years have passed since the men of the North marched away from their homes to give their lives for the union. The boys who now play ball or run bicycle races on Decoration day are not turning "from the grave of a dead father," and are not unpatriotic. They simply cannot look on Memorial day from the same point of view as their fathers. As for any decline of patriotism, there is none, as was shown three years ago, when the young men of the land rallied to the flag at the first call for soldiers.

The Fourth of July is no longer celebrated as it was a century ago, when the day was observed in every village and town with patriotic speeches and the public reading of the Declaration of Independence. The annual fast day in New Hampshire has become largely a day of sports, and will doubtless continue such, in spite of the Governor's recent plea for a return to the old mode of observance. In Massachusetts a fast day which had ceased to be observed with either fasting or prayer was changed into Patriots' day. Thanksgiving day has suffered a similar change. Sunday has become with a great many a day of rest or recreation instead of one of sober religious observance. This whole movement is a result of changes in individual feeling which it is useless to combat or mourn over. It does not necessarily indicate any falling off in patriotism or in earnestness of high individual purpose. Each generation finds its inspiration in new events and new ideals, and it is no proof of degeneration if men fail to express their patriotism in the ways that were sacred to their fathers or grandfathers.

A SOCIAL BOYCOTT.

The action of several New York ministers in refusing to sit on the same platform with Professor Herron at next Monday's meeting of the Get-Together club is a practical application of the plan of ostracism recommended by President Hadley of Yale. The method was a failure as applied to trust promoters or to persons who defaced the scenic beauty of the Hudson, because there was no strong public opinion on those subjects, but the action of the ministers is based on grounds well supported by public sentiment and may be effective.

Dr. Hillis and his fellow-ministers refuse to associate with the Iowa ex-professor, not because of his religious or political vagaries but because he deserted his wife and children. The case as set forth by Dr. Hillis fully justifies his scathing indictment of the man. His grounds are the same as those on which the Iowa Congregational association is calling for Herron's expulsion from the church, the charge being that he is guilty of "conduct unbecoming a Christian and a gentleman." As Dr. Hillis puts it, Mr. Herron accepted money from an unmarried young woman to pay for his clothes and traveling expenses, and against his wife's protest went abroad a year with this woman and her mother. When he returned he told his wife he loved the other woman and urged her to obtain a divorce, which she reluctantly did. Mrs. Herron is said to have accepted a large sum of money from the other woman's friends by way of alimony. If this is so, Dr. Hillis is right in saying that "this man sold himself, and whether for Judas' thirty pieces of silver or $60,000 makes no difference." The father's act in abandoning his four little children is one which deserves the strongest comments that have been applied to it.

It requires a good deal of moral courage to take the stand adopted by the New York ministers, and they should have full credit for it. Society would be the gainer if their example were universally followed in dealing with persons who trample on the moral laws. Social ostracism is a powerful weapon and it is a legitimate and salutary one when used as Dr. Hillis and his friends are using it. There would be less laxity in marital relations if respectable society everywhere were to treat all such offenders as Professor Herron has been treated by those who publicly refuse to associate with him and say plainly why they refuse.

WARD IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATIONS.

Professor James of the University of Chicago, who has been nominated as President of the South Side Improvement club, has the correct idea of the methods necessary for the cleaning and beautifying of the city, and if by the example of the South Side club other associations can be induced to adopt it a clean city will not be so far in the future as we have been accustomed to regard it.

The first item in Professor James' prescription for cleanliness is cooperation of citizens with the city government. This is absolutely essential, because, as the municipal authorities are now restricted, they are powerless to do all that should be done. With the help of the public, however, a long step can be taken toward that cleanliness without which there can be no real beauty. The second item is that people should keep their own premises and neighborhoods clean, and should further see to it that city employés do their duty. The Street Cleaning bureau is repeating the broken promises of other years. It will be more likely to keep them if its employés are closely supervised by the public. This supervision will be more effective after the promised telephones shall have been installed, so that complaints may reach headquarters at once. When individual property-holders have cleaned up their premises, and have got in the habit of watching the street cleaners and reporting at once any shortcomings on their part, a great advance will have been made.

Professor James is right when he says: "After we have succeeded in cleaning up our own back yards and our front yards, and have the streets reasonably clean, we can go after the smokestacks and the billboards and the other eyesores from which this city now suffers." In this direction improvement associations can do a great work, and they should be organized in every ward of the city. They should be encouraged by the city government, in whose work they will prove a most potent auxiliary. They should cooperate with each other. The combined effect will be surprising.

Professor James strikes the right note when he says: "The reason our city is dirty now is because a majority of the people are used to filth and have become indifferent. But once let their sensibilities become aroused and it will be only a short time until our city will simply shine." Determined work on the part of ward improvement associations, reinforced with the judicious assistance of the city government, will arouse these sensibilities and do the work, for as soon as the people of Chicago demand a clean city they will have it, and no sooner.

THE DEPARTURE OF KIPLEY.

Mayor Harrison has removed Chief of Police Kipley. This is what the refusal to reappoint him amounts to. Whether the Mayor has had in view the public interests in taking this step is uncertain as yet. If offensive and demoralizing methods of administration, which have prevailed under the Kipley régime, are to be copied by his successor the change will be no special blessing.

The reasons for Kipley's removal have not been made public as yet. The Mayor has not announced the name of the member of the department who is to be put at its head. Concerning him the Mayor says he has been picked out solely because of his fitness for the position.

Mayor Harrison has said not once but many times that Kipley was the best Chief of Police Chicago has ever had. Only a little while ago he expressed himself to this effect. If the Mayor is of the same opinion still it cannot be regard for the interests of the public which has induced him to remove this best of Superintendents and to take the risk of appointing a man who may turn out to be inferior to him. If the Mayor has changed his mind regarding the great merits of Kipley he has not announced his reasons for doing so. Kipley has been told that there are certain reasons why it is deemed inexpedient to reappoint him. What they are he does not know.

The words and acts of the Mayor are a "contradition in terms." Does he still believe Kipley the best Superintendent Chicago has ever had and is he removing him in compliance with what he considers an unjust popular clamor? Has the Mayor instead of yielding to such a clamor acceded to the demand for Kipley's removal made by politicians of his own party? Has he selected a successor in accordance with the advice of these same politicians, who are not, as a rule, in the habit of consulting the public interest when they make or recommend appointments?

These are queries some of which may perhaps be answered by the time the name of the new Chief of Police is sent in to the Council next Monday. Until then it will be impossible to know whether Chicago is to have a better Superintendent than that "best Superintendent" it has had for the last four years. Doubtless there are men on the force who can manage it more satisfactorily than Kipley has done. But if one of them shall be selected, will he be allowed to do any better than Kipley has done? That is the really important question. There is greater need in the Police department of a change of methods than of men.

CHICAGO AS AN OCEAN PORT.

With the clearing of the steamer Northwestern from Chicago for Liverpool yesterday the first attempt to establish a regular line of ocean-going vessels between this city and European ports was begun. The experiment is one that will be watched with keen interest. If it should prove successful it will add a new and valuable marine interest to those already centered here. Whether the traffic can be made profitable or not can be determined only by actual trial.

There are items on the credit side of the account. The question is whether or not they will give a profit over and above the special expenses incidental to navigating the Welland Canal and the St. Lawrence River. There is some question as to whether a suitable return cargo can be secured at the European ports visited. All these questions will have to be settled by experience. Probably the owners can discover various ways of lightening the expense after one or two round trips have been made. The fact that they are building three other vessels like the Northwestern for the same purpose shows that they have faith in their enterprise. They deserve to be rewarded with success according to their faith.

It would have been eminently proper for the Hon. Bob Burke to have acted as a committee of three to notify Chief Kipley that his lease had expired.

Fair weather and a successful voyage to the good ship Northwestern!

Reformer George D. Herron may as well apply for the Chiltern Hundreds.

The score stood yesterday 48¼ to 0 in favor of Farmer Phillips.

He may woo all the muses at once if he will, but the scent of the bathhouse will cling to him still.

There is a horrifying possibility that Uncle Joe Kipley's successor may have different views as to the necessity for livening up things south of Jackson street.

An old broom, after having gone around among the neighbors and had its straws turned the other way, will sometimes begin to sweep cleaner.

If Sixto Lopez insists on being a man without a country there will be no objection on the part of the countries.

IN A MINOR KEY.

As to Professor Herron.

"Speaking of Professor Herron and the Get-Together club," said Rivers, "it seems to me his domestic record would make it more fitting for him to go and talk to some Get-Apart club."

Laying Bare Her Heart.

"Darling," she wrote, "my own darling, I love you, love you, love you! I repeat the words a thousand times a day. Am I forward and unmaidenly, my own beloved, in thus revealing my heart to you? Ah, no! Have you not told me, my precious one, that I am constantly in your thoughts, waking or dreaming? Have you not assured me of your deathless devotion in burning words that thrill me when I think of them, as I do every moment of my life? What are you doing now, darling? Are you counting the leaden hours as they drag themselves along toward the day when we shall be with each other once more? How is it possible, sweet, that you can love me with a millionth part of the fondness I feel for you? O, I am yours utterly, utterly! Had I the eloquence of an archangel and all the years of eternity, my own Archibald, I could never express the love that fills my whole being," etc.

Do you think she really was writing to her Archibald?

Not at all, my dear children. She was laying bare her heart's rich treasures for publication in a magazine under the title, "Love Letters of a Typewriter Girl."

Entitled to the Record.

On the floor lay the broken remnants of half a dozen soup plates, a lot of china cups and saucers, a cream pitcher, a gravy bowl, several glass goblets, a covered dish, and a formidable array of plates and sauce dishes, all of which the light-running domestic had been carrying in a huge dishpan.

"How did you do it, Norah?" asked the professor, whom the noise had drawn to the kitchen.

"I tripped and fell, sor," tearfully answered Norah.

"Well," he said, surveying the wreckage, "it was what you might call a record-smashing trip."

Society Event in Hickory Ridge.

"There was a dog fight last Wednesday night," wrote the editor of the Hickory Ridge Missourian, "in Bud Throstledyke's barn, between Tod Bellamy's white bull terrier, Andrew Jackson, called Jack for short, and Link Gillinwater's black-and-tan, Henry Clay, known as Hank. The betting was 5 to 3 on Jack. Early in the fight Jack got a grip on Hank's jaw and held on for about fifteen minutes. Then he tried to chaw, and Hank wriggled loose. Then Hank nabbed him on the neck and they had it all around the ring for another quarter of an hour, when Jack begun to get tired, and quick as a flash Hank got Jack's foreleg in his mouth. He stuck to it like grim death, and Jack hollered enough.

"A good-sized wad of money changed hands on the result.

"Among those present were Uncle Hod Arkwright, Bill Timmins, Tad Slingerland, Wes Kittering, Tobe Craushaw, Uncle John Phillips, Spike Thunderbush, Jim Eckroyd, Gabe Milliken, Joe Rippetoe, and Lige Adkinson. Mort Guthridge was the referee, and he done a square job. Tod Bellamy says he's got $4 to put up on another go, and we guess Link is old Barcus on that. We are aware that some of our citizens don't believe in dog fights, but where the owners are willing and the dogs enjoy it as well as them two dogs did, we can't see where the harm is. As for the dogs themselves, they are two of the orneriest specimens we ever saw, and if they had killed each other it would have been a gain to the community. We lost a dog on Bryan's election that was worth a whole township full of bull terriers, and we are ready to back that up any time and in any way."

Pleasant Advertising.

"I see we have been greatly deceived about the women of Philadelphia. We thought they were slow and steady."

"Well?"

"Well, they are nothing o' the sort. A Philadelphia minister asserts that the society women there play poker and drink absinthe."

"Say, it takes a minister to pleasantly advertise the women of his own town, doesn't it?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Voice from Dixie.

As soon as a man marries his stenographer he stops dictating to her.—Atlanta Journal.

A LINE-O-TYPE OR TWO.

BREAKFAST TABLOID.

What I aspired to be,
And was not, comforts me.
—Browning.

CORRESPONDENT CURTIS touts the rather late Thomas Jefferson as the inventor of a folding chair. Mr. Jefferson's disciple, the Hon. William J. Bryan, invented the political folding bed.

WE are rather glad now that we refrained from making a fuss over Gunner Morgan.

LONDON has stopped talking about the Boer war, and is arguing over Edna May's play.

OF course the gentlemen that named it the Get Together club expected that it could.

WITH his last breath a man in Binghamton, N. Y., requested that all of Ingersoll's books be burned on his grave. This was his way of expressing disapproval of them.

THE ELEGANT MR. BEANS.

Mr. Beans of Mattoon entertained a number of lady and gentlemen friends on Friday evening with an elegant supper at the Boyer Hotel.—Paris (Ill.) Beacon.

WE can furnish to the Mayor of 'Frisco the text of any number of statutes. As to the enforcement of them—that's another matter.

ALL aboard for Liverpool! No stops.

ASSASSIN BRESCI is reported as having gone mad. What, again?

BETWEEN TRAINS.

Henry Omholtz passed the time between trains in Leaf River, yesterday.—Forreston (Ill.) Herald.

"I THINK silver is a pretty good thing now," says Editor Bryan. "Our subscription books are open."

The Billoystino.

I never saw a pale-blue ass—
I've always wished to see one.
Meanwhile I do my level best
Endeavoring to be one.
—Fra McGinnis.

Mr. Dubbe Sees Fra McGinnis.

I WENT to East Aurora, Ill., yesterday to see Fra McGinnis, and I confess that I carried a strong prejudice with me. I had regarded the Fra as a species of literary rendering works, which ought to be abated as a common nuisance. The questions that I desired to settle were, Is the man sincere? Does he believe in humanity? A rendering works may be sincere, and I can conceive the possibility of a soap factory believing in humanity. The Fra, I reflected, for all his grotesqueness, all his vulgarity—not frank, Rabelaisian vulgarity, but cheap, smoking car smuttiness—may be a sincere believer in the human race and desirous of bettering its low estate.

I found the Fra in the alley that skirts the Philandery, standing in a negligee attitude, with a far-away expression in his eyes. I waited till he had completed his pose, and then introduced myself.

"Let us go into the Philandery," said he, "and do a few thoughts into conversation."

"Is there," I inquired, "any place near-

(7)

THE REV. DR. PARKHURST says he would rather have lived in Gomorrah than in New York. We are quite sure that New York, also, wishes he had.

AN up-to-date disease is "golf tendon." It is confined to upper tendom.

HEART TO HEART WHISPERS.

Anxious: No; General Josh is not connected with the Hash-Slingers of Chicago.

THE financial condition of Sir Henry Irving's London Theater is so deplorable that one soulless shareholder suggested that the theater be turned into a variety house. But the optimistic chairman expressed the hope that another farewell tour of America might boost the treasury. Come along, Sir Henry. We'll stake you.

"PLEASURES OF HOPE."

The world was sad, the garden was a wild,
And man bought seeds and seeds—till woman smiled.
—Campbell (Revised).

HURRAH for the Gainsborough lid! It's coming back, and the Missus shall have one if we don't lay up a cent.

RATHER FLAT.

Clark—"I see the Pan-Germans took a fall out of the Christian Socialists in the Reichsrath today. What the deuce is a Pan-German?"

Dearborn—"Well, as near as I can make out it's a German pancake."

ON THE TRAIL OF DE WET.

Near Einzweifontein, April 24.—[Wireless Special.]—Something has finally happened. After a toilsome march over a sandy road I came, toward nightfall, within eyeshot of a farmhouse, untouched by War's devastating hand. After a brief consultation we decided to demand something to eat, and marched boldly to the burgher's gate. Instead of being repulsed we were politely, if not cordially, welcomed, and upon my announcing that I was General Slinger of his Majesty's service I was requested to make myself at my ease, a little matter that I am much experienced in. My command repaired to the barn and I to the large, vaulted kitchen of the farmhouse. Supper was speedily served, and I cast an approving eye at the burgher's daughter, a well-favored wench of modest bearing. After the repast was disposed of I smoked a pipe with the burgher, an estimable man named Jan Van Decken. "You are fatigued, mynheer," said he, when I would talk war to him. "Rest yourself tonight and tomorrow we will make some conversations." I readily assented, and passed the evening most agreeably, especially exerting myself to entertain Miss Gretchen, who hearkened to a recital of my many adventures like another Desdemona.

JOSH SLINGER.

"ONE-HALF of having a thing is to think you have it," says the Mayor, referring to police protection. The innumerable citizens that have been "handed a few" by the footpads rather thought they had something.

ARCHITECTURAL RIVALS.

Robert Wilson and Ennis Quick both erected new poultry houses. Ennis says Robert is ahead, for he built a fine hog-house.—Robinson (Ill.) Constitution.

F. W. B.—Too fierce. They are not worth taking seriously.

IT has probably dawned on Joke Kipley that, for some reason or other, he didn't make a hit as Chief of Police.

GOOD chance to bet on the candidate that will draw Jokip's old shoes.

THE engineer of the County Hospital admits that the heating plan is faulty. According to the patients' testimony, the task of making it hot for them was left to the doctors and attendants.

AS the Auditorium is sold out for the balance of the week, it will not be longer necessary for us to help boom the Novelty Opera company. Mr. Grau has probably concluded by this time that one can catch more flies with treacle than with vinegar.

MR. MORGAN has gone to Aix-les-Bains. If he likes it, he'll buy it.

AGUINALDO isn't all the diamonds. Pettigrew is wearing a few himself.

B. L. T.

CAUGHT IN THE CROWD

WILD SCENE ON CLARK STREET.

It was during the noon hour and the crowds on Clark street were large and pushing. The big policeman who guards one of the busy crossings suddenly reached out a large hand and tapped a man who was passing on the shoulder. The man so accosted stopped and the officer caught him lightly by the lapel of the coat.

A couple of young clerks from La Salle street, on their way from lunch, stopped to see the fun.

"The cop's making a pinch," one of them said.

Almost instantly the committee of inspection, which is always ready to go into session on the down-town streets, gathered about. The big policeman leaned over and whispered to the man he had stopped, and the latter started to search his pockets in a nervous way.

"He's trying to show the cop that he ain't got no swag about him," said a wise man in the crowd, which was constantly getting larger and more excited. By this time there were perhaps fifty people standing in the middle of the street, and those on the outside were making a frantic effort to get a sight of what was going on in the center. Two or three loaded drays were blocked by the crowd, and their drivers started to express their sentiments in vigorous English.

Still the policeman held his prisoner by the coat, while the unfortunate man dived deep into one pocket after another, with a look of chagrin on his face.

"Pickpocket," said a man with a gray beard, who had just come up.

"Naw, he ain't," said one of the La Salle

THE CROWD GREW LARGER AND MORE EXCITED.

street wise men. "He's wanted down on the South Side for safe blowing."

People were beginning to lean out of the windows of the skyscrapers, and there was talk in the crowd of sending in calls for the patrol wagon and for the wrecking crew of the street car line. All this happened in about two minutes.

Finally the man who had been stopped by the policeman spoke.

"Sorry, Mike," he said, "but I haven't got a bit of plug in my clothes. I must have left it in the desk."

Then he went this way, and life on Clark street once more resumed its normal course.

SAD SIGHT IN CITY HALL.

Mayor Harrison's office was filled with the regular noonday crush. A dozen Aldermen, a number of ward politicians, and perhaps a hundred plain "grafters" looking for jobs and favors were standing about the room and pressing close up to the railing which is the first buffer between the Mayor and the public. Even behind the railing the space was packed. The desk of the Mayor's private secretary was the center of attraction. It sits almost in front of the door leading into the Mayor's private room, and is intended as a further dam against the flood of office-seekers.

Into the outer office came a tall, well-set-up man, wearing a black slouch hat, a turn down collar with black string tie and dark clothes. His face was clean shaven and wore an expression of grave interest. He was plainly a stranger. The motley crowd outside the railing paid no attention to him, and he was forced to elbow his way vigorously to the gate leading into the inner office. There an employé of the office met him.

"What do you want, sir," said the guard.

The stranger gave his name, but the man behind the railing did not seem impressed. Perhaps he did not catch it.

"Yes," he said, "but who do you want to see?"

"— of Lincoln, Neb.," went on the stranger.

"Do you want to see the Mayor?"

"If you please," said the stranger.

"Is it anything important?"

"A personal matter," said the stranger, smiling.

"You'll have to wait a minute," said the

"YOU'LL HAVE TO WAIT A MINUTE, SIR."

guard. "His Honor is busy now with an Alderman."

It was the boy orator of the Platte. He had come to town to make an address before a woman's club at Handel Hall, and an old politician, hearing the tale and mindful of the cheering thousands of a few months ago and the days when all doors swung open on their hinges before him hummed softly that pathetic ballad, "O, what a difference in the morning."

ROOSTER TAUGHT A LESSON.

Down on South Water street the other morning a heavy box lay on the sidewalk, where it had been unloaded from a dray. Two men were trying to tip it over so that it would slide down an inclined chute into the basement of the commission house where it stood. The box was too heavy for them and the men strained and tugged in vain. A dozen men with nothing better to do gathered about to give advice and encouragement.

On the edge of the sidewalk, close by, stood a pile of chicken crates. All of them were empty except the one which crowned the top of the pile. It was inhabited by a huge white Shanghai rooster. The bird, which had perhaps proved too old and tough for

SOUNDED THE SIGNAL OF VICTORY.

South Water street consumption, was also much interested in what was going on down below him on the sidewalk. He stuck his head and neck out between the slats of the crate and eyed the crowd and the straining workmen with a knowing and interested look.

The men tried in several ways to get a purchase on the box and tip it over, but each attempt was a failure. Finally they called for volunteers and several of the Advisory committee took hold with them.

"One, two, three," counted one of the workmen. Then the whole party gave a tremendous heave and the box went over and slid down the chute out of sight.

Instantly the old rooster, struggling frantically to get his whole body through the slats, lifted up his head and crowed a long and lusty peal of victory.

"I and pap killed the bear," said a man in the crowd. "The old rooster thinks he tipped that box over himself. There's a good deal of human nature about a chicken."

WHAT SHOCKED THE DEACON.

Deacon Edwards and his wife have lived for several years in a big apartment house far out on the South Side. It is an exclusive apartment house and the tenants are of social or even of suspicion has never come near it.

Across the hall from the Edwards family Mr. John Elliott has lived for the last six months. He keeps bachelor's hall, with an extensive retinue of servants and a carriage and saddle horse always at his command. Mr. Elliott is an elderly man of dignified appearance and deportment. Deacon and Mrs. Edwards have often congratulated themselves on having such a pleasant and discreet neighbor.

One night a few weeks ago Deacon Edwards

"THE DEACON WAS TERRIBLY SCANDALIZED."

came home late from a conference held on the North Side. It was almost midnight when he reached the apartment, and as he ran himself up on the elevator he was stricken dumb to hear the sounds of music and loud laughter coming from Mr. Elliott's apartment. Deacon Edwards listened a moment and was further shocked to distinguish the voices of several women. One of them was singing something about "Goo-goo eyes," and he was almost certain that dancing was going on.

Deacon Edwards was scandalized. He hesitated a moment as to whether he had better call the patrol wagon and publicly expose Elliott or wait until morning and privately remonstrate with him. Finally he decided to go to bed and sleep over the problem.

Next morning he concluded that there must be some mistake. Perhaps a party of friends had dropped in on Mr. Elliott. At any rate he would do nothing about it until he had further evidence.

The next night the Deacon was awakened from a sound slumber by a burst of music from the adjoining flat. He pulled his watch out from under his pillow and looked at it. It was after midnight. Certainly something must be done. Three nights in succession the same thing happened. Deacon Edwards made up his mind that the time had come for action. He went to the breakfast table with the determination of speaking to his wife about it. Before he had a chance to begin she spoke.

"I met Mr. Elliott's daughter yesterday," she said. "She's a charming girl."

"Why," said the Deacon, concealing his astonishment as best he could, "I thought Elliott was a bachelor."

"No," said his wife, "he's a widower. His daughter has been in Europe for a year or two and just got home last week. She's full of life and spirits. I expect she'll make the building a little livelier than it has been in the past."

Deacon Edwards said he thought so, too.

The King's Little Joke.

"By me spunjub, it is hot," quoth the king of the Peagreen Isle, as he removed his last string of pearls.

"But you do not look so warm, sire," said the courtier, with feigned humility and intent to compliment.

"I may not be so warm, but I smoke," returned the dusky monarch, who had a pretty wit, and did not hesitate to put it to base uses.

And the courtier, seeing no way out of it, gave up one of his own particular brand of cigars.—Indianapolis News.

Knew Their Place.

The President and cashier of a wrecked Vancouver bank have committed suicide. It must be admitted that, though it was in a cowardly way, they showed their sense of the fitness of things.—New York Sun.

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AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

CHARMING TALES FROM THE LAND OF THE NORTH.

Selma Lagerlof in Her Book, "From a Swedish Homestead," Tells Some Delightful Stories That Have the True Flavor of the Sagas of Old—Exquisite Poetic Beauty and a Fantasy All Their Own—An Admirable History of the Thirteen Colonies.

"QUEENS at Kungahälla," "Sigrid Storråde," "Astrid," "Old Agnete," "The Peace of God," "A Story from Halstanäs," "The Inscription on the Grave," "The Brothers"—these are stories such as old wives tell in the far North country when the snow is deep and the nights are long, and the family gathers about the great hearth fire. These are primeval tales whose origins seem to reach back into the dawn of tradition, and which have come down from Eld, hoary with the centuries, quaint with the language and terms of the seventh daughters who tell them. They leave a tang on the tongue as of wine found buried for ages in some Viking's boat.

Selma Lagerlöf, who tells these and other stories in her book, "From a Swedish Homestead" (McClure, Phillips & Co.), evidently possesses that gift of her race, the telling of tales. Whenever the Swedes, or the Norse, or the Danes, or the Icelanders foregather there are these semi-inspired relators. Whether it be in the palaces of Christianla, Stockholm, or Copenhagen, or in the huts under the arctic's shadow, or among the lava beds of the storm-beaten island in the North Atlantic, these tellers of tales may always be found. Yea, even where their expatriated children brave the heat of Nebraska's summers or blast of Dakota's cold, this same spirit of inspired story-telling may still be found. The mother countries may continue to produce their Ibsens and their Strinbergs, but these others are the true descendants of the men who made the sagas of old.

"The Story of a Country House," which is the first and longest tale in the book, is a skilful combination of the ancient gift and modern conditions. Some of the other stories are uneven, but they are all worth reading, and most of them are excellent. "The Forest Queen" is an exquisite telling of how a young Roman gentleman in the olden days went away to find a place in which to put an end to his life. He sails far to the north and finally enters a river emptying into the German Ocean. Instead of encountering populous towns his boat sails between shadowy banks, high trees, and cliffs. Finally a fine elk plunges into the river and swims towards the boat. On its back is a beautiful maiden. The Roman plunges into the water, is caught by the maiden, and the elk swims off with both on its back, and they are never seen again.

Helen Ainslee Smith, in her two-volume history of "The Thirteen Colonies," has produced one of the most interesting books in the Putnam's admirable series of "The Stories of the Nations."

It was a fine conception to group together in one work the several histories of the thirteen original colonies. These colonies were a collection of God-fearing, conscientious, sagacious, intrepid, invincible, and ultimately victorious commonwealths, whose achievement of union was not less illustrious than was their achievement of independence and freedom for an entire continent. And Americans cannot be made too familiar with the joint story of how the colonists came to be here and what they came here to do.

Although the story of each has its own individual note and quantity, and there were many and wide differences, yet each one serves to throw some interpretative light upon the others and upon the whole. The author has done well, however, not to attempt to carry along simultaneously the several histories. Each one is properly treated separately.

Hitherto the New England colonies have undoubtedly received relatively much more attention on the part of the most widely-read American historians than have the others. The debt of America to England, despite the stupid blunder of England's unspeakable Georges, is one not likely ever to be insufficiently appreciated, but, fortunately, what the American nation builders owe to the Dutch, the Scotch and Scotch-Irish, the Huguenots of France, and to the persecuted "pilgrim fathers" from Germany and Switzerland, is beginning to be more worthily understood and acknowledged. The ultimate evolution of the American spirit and the American government of the people by the people was, as this illuminative "story of the colonies" shows, an altogether composite result. Every colony contributed something to the total product.

The author has done her work well. Although she does not claim to have made extensive original research, she has evinced excellent historic perception, judgment, and sense of proportion, and a happy freedom from vitiating prejudice. The work is issued in two volumes, and the publishers have done their part to make it attractive. It is timely, inasmuch as it may serve to throw light on our present-day problems in dealing with our newly-acquired colonies. It shows the things which should not be done.

"Every Inch a King," by Josephine Caroline Sawyer (Dodd, Mead & Co.), was written, the author avows, "for the single purpose of proving that the character of Henry V., while Prince of Wales, was greatly misjudged." Yet it is not in this vindication of the Prince that the probable reader of the book will find his greatest interest. Indeed, so much of Henry Monmouth's attraction has been due to the sudden and complete reformation attributed him on his accession to the throne that it is doubtful if this assurance of his youthful rectitude will be altogether welcome. Besides, Miss Sawyer makes him so fair of face and form; so noble of bearing and so generous of heart, that even granting as true all the dissipations laid at his door, he is still every inch a King.

Of his deeds and virtues a new story is made, and his wooing of the Princess Catherine is embellished and enlivened into the prettiest of romances. It was rather clever of the author to begin her story with the exciting little episode that threw into Prince Henry's hands the miniature of a woman whose exquisite beauty captivated his heart. And by referring to this attachment from time to time, the interest in it is maintained until the Prince goes for purely state reasons to the King of France to ask for his daughter's hand in marriage, and finds in her the original of the miniature.

While the book has the drawback of being an historical novel, it has much more than the usual amount of interest.

In a volume entitled "Under Tops'ls and Tents," (Scribner's), Cyrus Townsend Brady brings together a large fund of reminiscences gleaned from his service in the army and navy. His experiences at Annapolis, which comprise the first part of the book, are related in that delightfully desultory way which made his "Reminiscences of a Missionary in the Great West" so enjoyable, and then follow his experiences in the Spanish-American war, which, if more serious than those of boyhood, have still their humorous side. In the light of recent events which have brought honor and glory to so many of our brave men, these stories are especially interesting, for many of them have for their central figure men whose names, within the last three years, have become household words.

There are stories of harmless hazing, stories of practical jokes played on the teachers and on each other, stories of heroism, and some of the scenes from the late war are pitiful and touching. The book ends with a half dozen love stories of Army and Navy life. Like all Mr. Brady's books, this one breathes a strong and healthy spirit of patriotism that makes it wholesome reading for boys.

Books Received.

"Handel." By C. F. Abdy Williams. E. P. Dutton & Co.

"The Son of Amram." By G. Monroe Royce. Thomas Whittaker.

"John Henry." By Hugh McHugh. G. W. Dillingham company.

"Old Bowen's Legacy." By Edwin Asa Dix. The Century company.

"Under the Redwoods." By Bret Harte. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

"Penelope's Irish Experiences." By Kate Douglas Wiggin. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

"The Prince of Illusion." By John Luther Strong. The Century company.

"Miss Pritchard's Wedding Trip." By Clara Louise Burnham. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

"Robert Annys: Poor Priest." By Annie Nathan Meyer. The Macmillan company.

"The Way of a Man with a Maid." By Frances Gordon Fane. G. W. Dillingham company.

"The Successors to Mary the First." By Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward. Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

"The Changing View-Point in Religious Thought." By Henry Thomas Colestock. E. B. Treat & Co.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

Dolly's Diary.

BY IDA SHEPLER.

[Copyright, 1901.]

AUG. 1—I am eighteen today. No one seems to remember the fact but myself. I feel that I have lived all of life worth living. I have made two lasting resolves today. One is that I will keep a diary of all my doings worth recording each day, the other is I shall never marry. Never. For a long time now I have felt that I must do something noteworthy in life; make some great sacrifice. Suddenly this morning it was borne upon me what it should be. I will be an old maid and devote my life to mamma. Poor mamma! Of course I must look after the comfort and well being of others also, but she first. I have heard that old maids are such a blessing to their family. We have never had one in ours. My aunts and sisters married young. This morning papa set his cup down hard in the saucer—he must not have been quite well, for usually he is kind—and said crossly to mamma: "Why in the nation did you change cooks again? That last one made coffee just like Aunt Mary used to, and she was the boss coffee maker of the family. You are always changing cooks."

Mamma said the last cook was wasteful and not overly clean. And papa said she never did know when she had a good girl. Then he went out without finishing his breakfast and mamma cried herself into a headache, and I had to sit up with her and bathe her head and soothe her. She said that she did not know what she would do without me. Well, she shall not do without me. I will stay with her forever.

Aug. 2—And when papa came home last night he brought me the lovellest turquoise necklace—just the color of my eyes, he said—and he was sorry that he forgot until almost evening it was his little girl's birthday. Mamma did not act as though a thing had happened, met him with the same smile she always had. But I shall not change my mind. Let me see—the first step toward being an old maid is to look sour at marriageable men. I cannot do that. It isn't my nature to look sour at any one, but I can avoid them.

Aug. 3—I'm more than ever now determined to be an old maid. This afternoon I went to see my sister Kate. She has not been housekeeping long. And, actually, we thought Kate's husband was all that was desirable, but now I am not so certain. She was dusting out his desk when I went in. Presently she untied a packet of business letters to arrange them better and in their midst was a small envelope, directed in a fine handwriting. She opened it and read it, of course. Just then her husband came home.

"Charley," she said, "are you keeping this letter of Nellie Gwynn's because you had not the heart to destroy it? I thought you told me you cared nothing for her?"

"Well, I didn't. And that must have slipped in there by mistake," he coolly answered.

"I cannot think Nellie Gwynn would have written such a letter as this to any man unless he had given her reason to think he loved her," Kate persisted.

"Now, look here, Kate, don't make a gilly of yourself over that letter," Charley said. And then he went out, making no other explanation, and Kate almost cried her eyes out after he was gone. Poor Kate.

Aug. 4—I joined two societies today, the Young Women Helpers and a missionary sewing society. Mamma scolded. Said she did not mind the former so much, but she thought that I had been to school so long that it was time I was taking a rest and having a good time. The idea!

Aug. 5—Sister Kate said for me to say nothing about the words she and Charley had the other day; that she was all to blame, and she never intended to talk that way again to him. Well, I didn't intend to mention it. I called on my best friend this evening, Jennie Jones. We have been bosom friends since we were little tots. She told me that her best beloved cousin, Harry Jones, had come to make them a long visit; that he was out upon the lawn somewhere smoking, and for us to go out and meet him. I said, "No, indeed!" Then I told her of the vow I had taken. My, I would not have believed it of Jennie! How she did talk! We have always thought just exactly alike on everything before this. She said she had always told Harry so much about me, and had hoped that some day I would be her cousin. She said that when he heard this, which she was sure he would never hear from her, he would set me down as crazy. I gave her to understand that I didn't care what he or any other man thought of me. I knew my own mind and expected to stay with it. Just then her cousin Harry came in. He is nice-looking, just the right height, and the color of hair and eyes I admire in a man. But I must quit writing such stuff.

Aug. 8—Forgot my diary for three days. I was so busy trying to learn to make coffee as papa likes it. Jennie and her cousin called on me. Of course, I was courteous.

Aug. 12—Jennie's cousin wanted me to go riding with him last evening. I refused. How mamma scolded afterward! Said it would be an honor to be loved by such a man; that, in case he cared for me, I would make a better match than all my sisters before me. I told her I thought she understood my life was to be devoted to her, and that I never intended to marry. She looked blankly at me a moment, and then said I was too pretty for such a fate as that. And I had thought she would be so rejoiced to know that one girl of all her girls would stay always with her.

Aug. 13—Mamma must have told papa of my resolve. That wasn't one bit nice of her, for this morning he kissed me and said he was so glad that I was going to be his sensible little girl and always stay at home with him. He said that old maids were the most sensible of women. Now, then, that isn't fair. I never made up my mind to be an old maid for his sake. Last night as I came out of the ball where the Young Women Helpers meet there was Jennie's cousin waiting to escort me home. This must not happen again.

Aug. 25—Well, dear old diary, how I have neglected you. I feel guilty. I must do better in the future. It seems to me that Jennie and Kate and mamma and everybody have entered into a conspiracy to keep me going to picnics and all sorts of rural amusements and games, and Jennie's cousin is always around, and he don't try to hide his partiality for my company in the least. If I had not made up my mind as to what is the right thing to do in this world I would be pleased with his interest, for he is so handsome and jolly—and intelligent, which is better than all else—so mamma says.

Aug. 26—I shall stay right with my diary, my missionary work, and my resolve. Harry brought Sadie Binkley to the play last night and walked home with Nell Gwynn from the tennis grounds today, and Jennie whispered to me that she fully believed Harry admired Nell Gwynn. Mercy me! How can he? With her bold ways, her stubby nose, and the record she has as a notorious flirt. Besides, she is older than he is. What does a man want with a woman older than himself?

Sept. 5—Old diary, I had almost forgotten you again. I suppose we must part company, for I would not want you lying around accusing me of inconsistency. Harry and I are to be married Christmas. When he came last night to tell me he was going home I felt almost like crying. But when he told me that he loved me I acted like a silly, I know, and I actually did cry and tell him I loved him, too. Mamma will have to do without me. I am not caring so much now about her missing me as papa. But, then, he left his parents when he married.

DAILY HINT FROM PARIS.

Over the skirt of this dress, which is of embroidered tulle, embroidered with Isigny lace, is a blouse of ibis pink China crape,

PRETTY INDOOR DRESS.

ornamented with Isigny lace insertion and a drapery of pink mousseline de soie. The hips are encircled with two shaped flounces. —New York Herald.

STRIKING SCHOLARS RETURN.

All but Two Members of Junior Class at Sterling High School Resume Studies.

Sterling, Ill., April 24.—[Special.]—All but two of the "striking" juniors who left the Sterling High School last Friday have apologized to the faculty and resumed their studies, thus terminating the bitterest class fight in the history of the school. A remembrance from a young woman in Peoria was the cause of the trouble, which carried in its wake a series of color rushes and fistic battles between the juniors and seniors and the retirement from school of the entire junior class of twenty-six members.

Miss Klea Alexander of Peoria sent the senior class a banner of black and gold silk, the class colors. This was hung in the assembly room and excited the feeling of several juniors, who stole it.

Superintendent Miller told the boys to return the banner, which they did, but not until they had painted it purple and white, the junior colors. For this the superintendent lectured the juniors before the assembled school and the juniors walked out, saying they would not return until the senior colors, which took the place of the banner, were removed from the room. Parental persuasion induced the ringleaders to give in and the rest of the class followed in groups from day to day. The only two still out are Albert Rich and John Wolfersperger, both members of prominent families. The juniors were obliged to sign written apologies before they were permitted to reënter school. All class colors have been removed from the assembly room.

Divorce for Dr. and Mrs. Wetzel.

Judge Burke yesterday morning entered a decree of divorce freeing Dr. Tobias H. Wetzel and Mrs. Agnes E. Wetzel from their bonds of matrimony. The decree was entered on the grounds of cruelty by Dr. Wetzel. Her bill for separate maintenance was withdrawn, and also his bill for divorce. Mrs. Wetzel and her daughter, "Enid Delle," are connected with various theatrical troops.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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NO little comment of an unfavorable character has been created at Madrid by the action of the Queen Regent in keeping her son, the 15-year-old King, altogether in the background while pushing forward and bringing into prominence on all possible occasions and in every conceivable way, her son-in-law, the recently wedded Prince Charles of Bourbon. Although the young King will attain his majority just a year hence, when the regency will come to an end, yet he is never permitted to be present at any of the ministerial councils, or even at the great state functions and state banquets. At the royal wedding, for instance, in January last, he was relegated altogether to the background.

Of course the Queen Regent, who has until now shown herself an excellent mother, may have good reasons for this line of conduct with regard to her son, and may consider it advisable that nothing should be allowed to disturb or interfere with his studies, or to give him an undue sense of his own importance. But, on the other hand, if the lad, who is from an intellectual point of view well developed for his age, is to assume the reins of government next year, and take upon his young shoulders all the burdens and responsibilities of a constitutional monarch, it does seem that he should be initiated into his future duties and obligations at least some months beforehand, in order to qualify him for the position.

The attitude of the Queen Regent, it must be confessed, goes far towards lending color to the rumor which is current according to which she will demand a prolongation of her powers of Regent for two years beyond the allotted time, that is to say, until May, 1904, on the ground that her son requires that length of time to complete his education, and likewise that, owing to his inexperience of statecraft, he is entirely unqualified as yet for the fulfillment of the duties of rulership. There are even some who assert that the Queen proposes, in the event of the prolongation of the regency, to surrender it to her eldest daughter, the Princess of the Asturias, who in her default is entitled thereto as the nearest relative of the young King, and as the next agnate in the line of succession, and it is with this object in view, they insist, that the Queen is bringing forward Prince Charles so much, and insisting upon his presence at councils of state and at all sorts of state functions.

He is taking more and more an important part in the public life of Madrid, and, indeed, of the whole kingdom, and has just been admitted to the "Maestranza" of Valentia, one of the most aristocratic and exclusive organizations in the kingdom. The "Maestranzas," of which only three now remain—namely: those of Valentia, Seville, and Ronda, were associations of noblemen formed in various towns during the wars against the Moors five centuries ago. Now, of course, they are mere survivals, with no particular privileges except those of wearing a uniform and other insignia at court. In fact, they form something in the nature of a parallel to the Knights of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem in England and in Prussia and the Knights of the Sovereign Order of Malta in Austria and in Italy.

King Victor Emmanuel and his consort have shown such indifference with regard to religious matters since their accession to the throne that a good deal of satisfaction, not unmixed with surprise, was caused last week by the news that the Rev. Father Ferrini, rector of the Church of St. Vincent and St. Athanasius, had visited the Quirinal at the request of their Majesties for the purpose of blessing all the apartments of the royal palace, with the exception, of course, of those formerly occupied by the Popes. The particular reason for which his presence was desired at the palace was for the purpose of the apartments in which the so anxiously expected heir to the throne is to make his appearance. After leaving the Quirinal the priest was driven in a royal carriage to the palace of Queen Marguerite, which was formerly occupied by the Drapers as the United States Embassy. There, escorted by the widowed Queen and by her white-haired mother, the aged Duchess of Genoa, he passed from room to room, blessing all in turn. This deference to religious ideas has gone far towards conciliating those devout Catholics who looked upon the young King and Queen as sworn foes of the church, while at the same time it has served to show that the antagonism between the Vatican and the Quirinal is not quite as acute as appears upon the surface.

There is no truth in the story that the appointment of General von Hulson Haeseler to the important office of chief of the military cabinet of the Kaiser implies the disgrace of General von Hahnke, who has filled the office for ten years past, General von Hahnke, who has just celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his admission to the army, is an aged and much broken man, no longer capable of enduring the fatigues and obligations of the office, which entail accompanying the Kaiser on all his everlasting journeys. A much younger and stronger man, such as Count Hulson Haeseler, can alone display the same powers of endurance as the Emperor, and it is astonishing that General von Hahnke, who has never recovered from the shock caused by the tragic and mysterious death of his son while yachting with the Kaiser, should have been able to retain the office so long.

Perhaps the most striking proof that the old General continues to enjoy in a marked degree the favor of the Emperor is that he has been appointed to the military command of the metropolis, an office which almost invariably carries with it promotion to the rank of Field Marshal before retirement. It must be confessed that the General will well deserve the baton, for in spite of his unpopularity he has contributed in no small measure to the wonderful reorganization of the German army since the death of the old Kaiser in 1888.

Scottish hearts have been stirred by the news that when the period of official mourning for Queen Victoria is over King Edward intends to hold court once more at Edinburg within the historic gray walls of Holyrood Palace. Not that King Edward is ever likely to live there, for the accommodation is altogether inadequate. But I presume that he would follow the example of his grand uncle, King George IV., and stay at Dalkeith Palace, the county seat of the Duke of Buccleuch nearby, driving into the city for the various court functions at Holyrood. King Edward has a complete set of court officials for Scotland, who are only required to do duty in Scotland, the three chief dignitaries being the Earl of Errol, in his capacity as Lord High Constable of Scotland; the Duke of Argyle, who is the King's brother-in-law; and the Duke of Buccleuch.

The palace of Holyrood has seen grand as well as evil days, and there are few abodes that are more closely associated with the history of the Scotch nation. Eliward Balliol there made submission to Edward III. of England. Scottish Kings made their homes within its walls for centuries. It was there that Rizzio, the favorite of Mary Queen of Scots, was torn from her supper-room and assassinated. King James I. of England was crowned there as James VI. of Scotland, and within its walls "Bonnie Prince Charlie," the Pretender, in the brief heyday of his fortunes, held kingly state, before being forced to seek refuge abroad and death in foreign exile.

ART FROM SCHOOLS ON VIEW.

Paintings and Drawings Displayed Preparatory to Sending Them to Buffalo.

Paintings and drawings, the work of classes of the Chicago public schools, were displayed at the rooms of the Board of Education yesterday preliminary to being sent to Buffalo this morning, where they will form an exhibit at the Pan-American exposition. The series contained specimens from each of the four classes in the high schools, pencil work from the first year students, designing from those of the second year, and monochrome, pen and ink, and crayon studies from the third-year class, and water color sketches and technical drawing from the pupils of the last year.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS LUCY CHASE TO MR. E. M. DEVEREUX.

Bishop Cheney Performs the Ceremony at the Residence of the Bride's Parents, 3401 Michigan Avenue—Miss Agnes McAuley Married to Mr. George W. Keller at Church of Immaculate Conception — Miss Kelly Gives Luncheon for Miss Winston.

The wedding of Miss Lucy Blanchard Chase, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Horace O. Chase, and Mr. Edward M. Devereux of New York, took place last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 3401 Michigan avenue, Bishop Cheney performing the ceremony at 7:30 o'clock. Only relatives witnessed the ceremony, but a reception was held at 8 o'clock. Easter lilies and palms were the decorations. The bride's gown was of renaissance lace over white satin and chiffon, the veil caught with orange blossoms. Her flowers were lilies of the valley. Mrs. Louis M. Grant was the matron of honor, and there were two bridesmaids—Miss Bertha Baker and Miss Jane Barnes. They wore gowns of white organdie and lace, and carried pink roses. The bride's little cousins, Alice and Dorothy Chase, acted as flower girls. Mr. Leon Foss was the best man, and the ushers were Mr. Dexter Wiswell and Mr. Edward Whitman, both of Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Devereux will live in New York.

At the Church of the Immaculate Conception the wedding of Miss Agnes McAuley, daughter of Mrs. Mary C. McAuley of 554 Dearborn avenue, and Mr. George William Keller took place last evening, the Rev. Francis Headen performing the ceremony at 7 o'clock. The bride's sister, Miss Mary McAuley was the maid of honor, and Mr. Francis Schrer the best man. After the ceremony a supper was served for sixty guests at the residence of the bride's mother. Mr. and Mrs. Keller will be at home after July 1 at 1736 Buckingham place.

Miss Matilda Elizabeth Roth and Mr. W. R. Michaelis were married last evening at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Charles Roth, 178 Lincoln avenue. The Rev. Emil Roth, pastor of Emanuel Lutheran Church of Brooklyn, performed the ceremony. Miss Sadie Malley was the maid of honor, and Mr. Edwin K. Walker the best man. After their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Michaelis will be at home at 173 Lincoln avenue.

Miss Katherine M. Wilson and Mr. William M. Ritchie were married last evening at St. Vincent's Church, the Rev. J. E. Kennelly of La Salle, Ill., officiating. Miss Mary Rohan was the bride's only attendant, and Mr. George A. Ritchie was the best man. The ushers were Mr. Albert J. Neuman and Mr. John C. Trainor. A reception followed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's mother, 102 Center street.

June 5 is the date set for the wedding of Miss Mary Wayne McMunn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel W. McMunn of 6059 Jefferson avenue, to Alvar Bournique.

Miss Eleanor Kelley of 2129 Calumet avenue gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Mervyn Winston. Among the guests were:

Miss Hazel Haskell,	Miss Margaret Potter,
Hadassah Felton,	Miss Helen Stewart,
Miss Marguerite Mannerre,	Miss Beatrice Key,
Miss Hamilton.	Miss Emily Lyon.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest A. Shanklin of 49 Roslyn place, gave a children's party last evening for their daughter, Madeline Shanklin.

The Ashland club will give an English garden party on Friday evening.

Mrs. Arthur Meeker, 2016 Calumet avenue, will give a dinner on May 1 for Miss Bellas.

The Saddle and Cycle club will give a dinner on the evening of May 1.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Adams and Miss Isabel Adams of 530 Belden avenue, who spent the winter in Italy, will sail for home on May 17.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Mair of 583 North State street left yesterday for a trip to New Orleans.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. De Witt of 608 North State street will go abroad in May.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin F. Bayley and Miss Katherine Bayley of 4634 Greenwood avenue have returned from California.

Mrs. Leonard E. Reibold of New York is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Charles W. Drew of 2230 Calumet avenue.

Mrs. A. T. Galt of 550 Dearborn avenue is visiting friends in Boston.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Wednesday, April 24, 1901:

Blaikie-pl., s end of, s f, 50x128. April 16 [James B. Waller to William J. Mancello and Anna R. Byrne] $20,000
Barry-av., 61½ w Clark-st., s f, 50x125, incumbrance $10,000, revenue $20. April 23 [Emmy C. Evald and husband to Mary Knauer] 20,000
North-av., 75 e of Asbury, s f, 22x125. April 22 [George C. Johnsen to Herman Brand] 10,300
47th-st., n e cor St. Lawrence-av., s f, 60 7-10 x100, incumbrance $11,000, revenue $14. April 18 [Maud B. Woodruff and husband to Joseph E. Otis Jr.] 25,000
20th-st., 97 e State, s f, 21x125. April 18 [Joseph E. Otis to Maud B. Woodruff] 8,000
Stewart-av., 75 n of 120th-st., w f, 100x123½. April 12 [American T. & S. Bank to Arthur M. Stone] 3,400
Clinton-st., 130½ s of 121st, w f, 100x123. April 12 [same to same] 2,800
Emerald-av., 55 s of 112lst-st., e f, 175x123. April 12 [same to same] 4,200
Canal-st., 150 n of 122d, w f, 62½x123. April 12 [same to same] 2,000
Green-st., 100 n of 122d, w f, 50x125. April 12 [same to same] 1,000
Premises 6067 Edgerton-av., 22x74. Dec. 1, 1900 [Frank L. Bennett et al. by S. C. to estate of Darius R. Emerson] 6,586
Premises 6065 Edgerton-av., 22x74. Dec. 3, 1900 [same to same] 6,125
Congress-st., 191 w of Hamlin-av., s f, 25x124. April 9 [Lambert Tree to Katherine M. Taylor] 2,500
Ohio-st., 25 e of Noble, s f, 20x72. April 23 [Hanna Johnson et al., by M. in C., to Title G. & T. Co.] 5,800
Cornelia-st., 125 n of Point-st., e f, 25x118. April 6 [H. Landfield et al., by M. in C., to A. E. Smith] 2,251
107th-st., n e cor Curtis-av., s f, 64x124. April 18 [Roseland S., L. & B. Co. to M. Brueggen] 5,214
Wabash-av., between 107th and 108th-sts., e f, 40x121. April 15 [M. Doran to B. Daniels] 1,350
Premises 6116 Woodlawn-av., 22½x174. April 15 [Margaret A. Long to Olive M. Ogden] 5,500
Premises 2443 Kenmore-av., 65x150, incumbrance $8,000, revenue $9. April 1 [Winnifred S. Prescott to Ann M. Payne] 9,000
Newport-av., 391 w of Ashland-av., n f, 25x124. April 18 [Caroline M. Hofman and husband et al. to Patrick Lyons] 7,000
Wabansia-av., 75 n of Blanchs, e f, 24x124½. April 20 [Nellie M. Gordon to K. Stenszewski], incumb. $4,400 5,500
Artesian-av., 192 s of Fullerton-st., e f, 24x125. April 20 [P. Curran to Nora Redmond] 2,000
Erie-st., 125 e of Wood, n f, 25x124, and 1-2 int. April 17 [T. A. E. Ridell to C. A. Ridell] 1,000
Premises 20 and 21 N. Elizabeth-st., 50x30. April 23 [J. Windelshafter to John G. Lorin] 2,400
Harrison-st., 111 e of Paulina, s f, 22x100. April 15 [L. Reynolds to Margt. L. Brewer] 6,000
Monroe-st., 404 e of Halsted, s f, 50x189. April 18 [Mary A. Munger to James Nicholls], revenue $15 5
Blue Island-av., s w cor Loomis-st., n w f, 157 to Morgan-st., triangular piece. April 23 [Wm. H. Carroll et al., by M. in C., to Chgo. T. & T. Co.] 16,309
Premises 389 Oakland-blvd., 18x125, more or less. April 23 [Anna L. Conlin to Lillian C. Emery] 7,000
44th-st., 200 e of Grand-blvd., s f, 25x100. March 30 [John R. Murphy to Margt. Murphy], revenue $10 1
Princeton-av., 90 e of 52d-st., w f, 24x124. April 15 [Albert L. Reeves to Orlando C. Patterson] 1,825
47th-pl., 153 w of Union-av., n f, 24x125. April 20 [K. Stenszewski to Nellie M. Gordon] 4,000
61st-pl., 240 w of Stewart-av., s f, 50x121. March 25 [Jessie W. Culjer to Louis Kulp Jr.] 3,750
Ave "N," 48 n of 98th-st., e f, 24x121½. April 23 [J. Dobin to James Rupel] 2,000
Winthrop-av., 110 n of Lawrence, w f, 50x150, incumbrance of $12,000, revenue stamps $8. April 23 [Andrew J. Pruitt to William Kemper] 20,000
Aberdeen-st., 150 s of Jackson, e f, 25x145. April 10 [William E. Hall et al., by M. in C., to William Eustace Hall] 7,522
Congress-st., 201 e of S. 43th-av., 50x125. Feb. 19 [Annie Bredfield and husband to Mary Kendrick] 5,000
41st-st., 282 w of Vincennes-av., s f, 21x143½. April 20 [Mary E. McEwing et al., by M. in C., to Edward O'Reilly] 5,300
L 8 and 9, Sub L 2 to 5, B 15, Washington Heights, revenue stamps $2. April 15 [W. B. Keen Jr., to A. B. McLaughlin] 1
Ems-st., 120 e of Campbell-av., s f, 26x110. March 26 [Jennie P. Samuels to Albert J. D. Neide] 1,300
North-av., 49 e of Elk Grove-st., n f, 24x125, revenue stamps $1.50. April 23 [E. Enricht to Fred Schaumann] 1
Central Park-blvd., 71 w of Homan-av., s f, 20x150. April 19 [F. A. Henshaw to Annie E. Spencer] 1,000
Carroll-av., 136 e of Ashland, n f, 20x120. April 22 [August Clausen et al. to Sophia G. Anderson] 2,700
Harrison-st., 99 w of S. 42d-av., s f, 25x100. April 15 [Eliza Rowe and husband to Addie Moore] 2,150
Myrtle-st., 75 n of Ashland-st., w f, 25x100. April 20 [William Ryan to Mike Keller] 4,000
Green-st., 99 n of Jackson, e f, 25x125. April 9 [Frank P. Reynolds to Trustees of Estate of John A. Tyrrell] 2,500
Halsted-st., 50½ s of Polk, f. 50½x250. April 20 [Lucinda C. Tyrrell et al. to Frank P. Reynolds] 6,500
14th-pl., 102 w of Stewart-av., n f, 25x175. Avenue stamps $6. April 24 [Thomas O'Connor to Henry Dibbles] 1
Hibbard-av., 150 n of 52d-st., w f, 24x175. Feb. 15 [Mary F. Ritchie to Thomas W. and Robert F. Ritchie and Ida E. Swett] 9,486
Lowe-av., 149 s of 66th-st., w f, 24x125. April 17 [John H. Medill to Jacob Boyd] 1,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

Alex. M. Ross, 3-story apartment building, 3779 N. Paulina-st. $11,000
A. L. Strown, 2-story frame residence, 1206 Winthrop-av. 6,000
V. Pribolsky, 2-story brick flat, 370 W. 17th-st. 4,200
MacKoack, 2-story brick flat, 503 W. 18th-st. 4,000
M. Bwarty, 2-story brick flat, 920 Avers-av. 2,000
Mrs. W. Benfield, 2-story frame residence, 3500 N. Lawndale-av. 1,000
E. Overfield, 1-story frame cottage, 1276 N. Spaulding-av. 1,000
C. A. Johnson, 1-story frame addition, 2030 Grand-av. 1,000
T. Peterson, 2-story frame flat, 624 Almest. 2,500
Catholic Bishop of Chicago, 2-story frame church, 1088 N. 50th-ct. 3,700
Peter Le Witt, 1-story frame cottage, 6185 Morgan-st. 1,200
O. E. Johnson, 1-story frame addition, 9442 Greenbay-av. 1,000
Edward Horn, 1-story brick cottage, 4343 Talman-av. 1,000
Dewey & Cunningham, 1-story frame cottage, 7136 Marshfield-av. 1,000
S. H. Kirchberg, 3-story brick residence, 4815 Drexel-blvd. 40,000
F. W. Porter, three 1-story brick stores, 253-55 79th-st. 5,000
Ralph S. Farwell, 2½-story brick residence, 4846 Kenwood-av. 14,000
E. A. Rice, 2½-story frame residence, 6015 Yale-av. 4,800
G. A. Springer & Co., three 2-story brick residences, 8583, 8622, 8624 Forest-av. 18,000

TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY.

Acetylene Lighting.
F. C. WILSON & CO., 239 and 241 Lake-st.

Art, Beveled and Stained Glass.
The Flanagan & Biedenweg Co., 57 to 63 Illinois-st.

Artistic Picture Frames.
F. A. BRYDEN & CO., 331 Wabash. Tel. H. 1967.

Assayers and Analytical Chemists.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1104 Rookery, H. 2569.

Bakery Goods.
Ask your grocer FOR BRYCE'S STAR BREAD. PALM'S HOME BAKERY, 378-81 W. Harrison. PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Building, Curb, and Sidewalk Stone.
Charles L. Bo

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, COMpetent bookkeeper, now employed in Chicago, wishes situation in Evanston; best Chicago refs. Address G N 226, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR GENERAL OFFICE work; 3 years' experience; salary $6; references. Address T 141, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED lady bookkeeper; accurate; refs.; $10. Address W 411, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COPYIST AND AD-dresser, lady, quick writer, good penman, open for engagement. Address J. I, G., 53 Wendell-st.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY BOOKkeeper, cashier, etc.; good penman; experience. Address W 350, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT YOUNG woman in pleasant country home; must be trees. Address W 407, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD COOK AND laundress in private family, city or suburb; wages $5; refs. Address K X 403, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A FIRST-CLASS German cook and general. 29 E. 45d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT HOUSEwork girl; references. 3622 Highland-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED Swedish cook, private family. 3130 Forest-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT GIRL; SECond work. 83 45d-st., Store.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK AND LAUNdress. 3206 Indiana-av. Wages, $5.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FINE COOK, WITHout washing; will go to country. 520 N. Clark-st.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK, colored. 3238 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—COLORED CHAMBER maid, on S. S. 3213 Armour-av., 2d flat.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED housekeeper, in an American family; highest references; wages $6; call at 4300 Ellis-av., The Tudor. ANNA JEPSON.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD WORKING LAdy, 40, wishes housekeeping position; rooming-house preferred. CAIRY, 8 E. 16th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEKEEPER OR nurse to invalid; experienced, reliable, good manager. 6460, references W 460, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WORKING HOUSEkeeper for gentleman; age 26. Call at once. 4225 Calumet-av., third floor. REED.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE HOUSEkeeper in family; exp.; good, economical cook. Address W 469, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WORKING HOUSEkeeper in widower's family. 764 Sedgwick-st., top flat.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT seamstress and children's dressmaker; $1.50 a day. Address A. PETERSON, 2721 Princeton-av.

SITUATION WANTED — DRESSMAKING, IN family; $1.50 day; fit guaranteed. Address G V 332, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ON S. S.; GOOD DRESSmaker; $1.25 day. Address F L 955, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — DRESSMAKER, IN families; good fitter. 3816 Rhodes-av., Flat 1.

SITUATION WANTED — DRESSMAKING, BY competent dressmaker. 167 Ashland-blvd.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS; COLored woman; first-class washing and ironing by day. 11 Harrison-st.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRY WORK, BY competent woman; or housecleaning; by day. 6625 Union-av.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT WOMan wants laundry work by the day. 6017 Halsted-st. 2d floor, front.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD LAUNDRESS to go out or to do cleaning. 217 E. 41st-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — COOKS, MAIDS, laundresses, waitresses, housekeepers, housework girls, pastry cooks, bakers, ironers, pantry, kitchen, grove, dining room, dishwasher, chambermaids, ice cream makers, etc., for first-class summer resorts, institutions; largest Chicago patronage; call and engage help. 132 North Clark-st.; MATHEWS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY MANY DESIRAble servants, for all branches of household work, whose capability and character are beyond question. TAYLOR, 1402 Michigan-av. Est. 1880.

SITUATIONS WANTED — GERMAN COOKS, 2D girls, and German general housework girls. Call 347 E. North-av. MRS. MATHEWS.

SITUATION WANTED — LADY'S MAID (Scotch), thoroughly competent; highest refs. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ENGLISH PARLORmaid; also chambermaid; two sisters. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—DOMESTIC SERVants, all nationalities, private families; town or country. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st. Tel. N. 100.

SITUATION WANTED—EXCELLENT COOK; best city refs.; German-American. 1462 Michigan-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—TWO SCOTCH GIRLS, chambermaids and waitress. BIGGS, 67 Rush.

SITUATIONS WANTED—ENGLISH WAITRESS or 2d work; exceptionally fine. 1462 Michigan-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BEST OF SERVANTS, with refs. Woman's Exch., 3310 Cottage Grove.

SITUATION WANTED—FINE SWEDISH COOK; best refs. North Side. 1462 Michigan-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR MY STENOGrapher; Remington operator, bright, efficient and dependable; pleasant disposition; you would appreciate such person; she is worth $12 per week. Address W 460, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; good; 6 months' experience; salary $10 to $12. Address W 328, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD, ACCURATE, rapid young lady stenographer; two years' experience; salary $8. Address W 440, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EDUCATED YOUNG lady stenographer, beginner, with thorough training. Address W 431, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, EMployed during day, would like to work a few evenings in a week. Address W 450, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT STENOGRApher, beginner, will start small salary. Address W 310, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COPYing, etc.; MSS. specialty; reasonable. Address V 961, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY STENOGrapher; good writer; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address W 315, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT, INTELLIgent young lady stenographer; $5. W 112, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—NEAT APPEARING young lady stenographer; $6. W 111, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. LADY STENOG. and office asst.; mod. salary; ref. 424, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STENOG.; good experience; $6. W 425, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG LADY DEsires position as companion to or in elderly lady; either at her home or to travel. Address M15 M. H., 258 West 63d-st.

SITUATION WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMpetent young stenographer, Smith-Premier; any line of work; six years with last firm; highest city references. Address W 331, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT, REsponsible woman, as governess, lady's companion, or housekeeper; good seamstress. Address W 466, Tribune office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—ENTIRE DRIVING EFFECTS OF private stable, consisting of extension top surrey, rubber-tire Effel trap, seats 4, top full spring rubber-tire buggy, rubber-tire runabout, nearly single gold-mounted surrey harness, light road harness, handsome mare used to city objects; will fully guarantee. P. J. ——The above will be sold separately or together; owner is moving East; very low price will be asked to encourage immediate sale. Call owner's residence, 643 W. Adams-st., between Paulina and Wood-sts.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—BEAUTIFUL family broke horse, sound and good looker; can trot well; safe for lady. Address S 940, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; A LIGHT RUBBER TIRE Stanhope, as good as new. Apply at stable, rear of 4357 Calumet-av.

FOR SALE—FINE LIGHT CUT-UNDER TRAP and family surrey; owner has no use for them, and will be bought cheap, as I have no use for them both. 607 E. 44th-st.

WANTED—PONY AND CART. GIVE PRICE and full particulars. Address W 472, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BARBARA WILKES, FAST TROTting mare; sound. 75 Bryant-av.

LAWYERS.

WAGES COLLECTED FOR POOR PEOPLE who have no money; we quickly collect wages, notes, rent, board bills, or anything due; our charges are taken from your bill when collected; we never fail. The Greene Agency, 305, 59 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 1395.

IF YOU ARE IN DEBT GO INTO BANKRUPTCY; experienced lawyer will get discharge for $20; all legal business promptly attended to; family difficulties quietly and speedily adjusted; information free. Address K F 153, Tribune office.

LAWYER HANDLES CONFIDENTIAL CASES quietly, cheaply; bankruptcy $15 fees; consultation free. KING, Room 700, 128 La Salle-st.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN-ST., established 1864. Advice free. Confidential, quiet service; references; 9,000 successful clients.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

11X17 PRESS, CHEAP FOR CASH; 34X52 Cranston, 2 revolution; 37x52 Campbell; 44x44 Miehle; 29x42 Huber; all 4-roller; 4 h. p. Fairbanks gas or gasoline engine; 1 h. p. Bruner; 10 h. p. Otto gas engine. POWELL, 329 Dearborn.

10X15 GORDON, THROW-OFF, FOR BARgains see Warner's Printers' Warehouse, 302 Dearborn.

ALMOST NEW 14X22 CHALLENGE PRESS; very cheap. MACHAN, 43 Custom-House-pl.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—ASSISTANT; MUST UNDERstand Goldman system and be able to handle large amount of work quickly, accurately, and neatly; state age, experience, and salary wanted. Address W 351, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, FAMILIAR with safeguard system; $12. 740 Monon Bldg.

PHARMACIST—REG. YOUNG GERMAN-AMERican. Address K W 103, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—16 TO 18 YEARS, OF GOOD family, to help in advertising and stationery department of a large commercial house; one with some knowledge of stenography preferred. Address K E 460, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—TO ASSIST IN OFFICE AND capable of operating Remington billing machine; state salary expected. Address W 439, Tribune.

YOUNG MAN—TO WORK IN GROCERY AND meat market. 1880 Harrison-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER, WHO CAN FURNISH SATISFACTORY REFERENCES CAN SECURE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AGENCY RENEWAL CONTRACTS FROM THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO., 134 MONROE-ST.

BUSINESS-MAN—TO MEET MERCHANTS, city and country. Address T 390, Tribune office.

CAPABLE, ACTIVE AGENTS CAN POSITIVELY better their income through the sale of New York Life's absolutely matchless 20th century policies. Call in person on A. GOLDMAN, gen. agt., 304, 100 Washington, 1-2 p. m., or res. 4723 Calumet-av.

CIGAR MFR. WANTS GOOD SALESMAN WITH $500 or $1,000 as partner. W 339, Tribune office.

GOOD SPECIALTY SALESMEN FOR "THE best grocers and butchers' computing scales on earth." Call 10 to 12 or write. REID & CO.; 17 Quincy-st., Suite 306, Chicago, Illinois.

MEN AND WOMEN—WHO CAN AND WILL solicit fraternal insurance; good paying proposition. Call 210 Baltimore Building.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, CAPABLE, traveling grocery salesman, by one of the largest wholesale grocery houses, for territory in Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, and Dakota; permanent position and good salary to right party; mention experience, age, and refs. W 255, Tribune.

SALESMAN—TO SELL HIGH GRADE CIGARS for Denver, Colo., manufacturer; only those who can furnish very best references and have some acquaintances need apply; Black Hills and Northwest territory; splendid opportunity for first-class salesman. Address W 204, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WITH GOOD REFERENCE, WHO desires to take sample line of large New York kid glove importing house through State of Illinois against five per cent commission will address R 480, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—OF GOOD ADDRESS AND BUSIness ability; one well adapted to our line can secure a good position; only good pay for applying promptly; references required. GEO. L. SHUMAN & CO., 315 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment at once. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society (DAVIS), 181 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN—OF ABILITY, PUSH, AND HONesty (not over 40) to call on Connecticut trade for large Chicago house; answers confidential and must state age, former lines, references. Address R 906, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, TO REPRESENT a Phila. manuf. of ladies' misses, children's cloaks, suits; one who controls city trade and vicinity; good opp. for right man. Ref. H. L., P.-O. Box 1992, Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMAN — A HIGH-GRADE OFFICE SPEcialty salesman understanding bookkeeping; request particulars. The International Arithmachine Co., Roanoke Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMAN—AN ANTHRACITE COAL SALES man to travel in territory west of Chicago. Call Lehigh Valley Coal Co., Western Union Bldg., Chicago.

SALESMAN—SALARY TO A FIRST-CLASS, experienced house-to-house canvasser. Call, 7 to 8 p. m., 410 Abel Bldg., 63d and Wentworth-av.

SALESMAN, A SHARP, BRAINY, QUICK sales; no competition; forenoons. CLARK, 62 N. Clark.

SALESMAN—JOHN W. McMILLAN CO., 175 Dearborn-st., have opening for 1st-class salesmen.

SALESMEN—MESSRS. P. F. COLLIER & SON have just published their new scientific library, 32 vols., including Darwin, Tyndall, Huxley, Spencer, Kant, Hegel, De Tocqueville, Buckle, Bacon, Smith, Herschel, Kelvin and Tait, Aitken, Gelke, and Mendeleeff; popular prices and terms; splendid opportunity for experienced salesmen; compensation large.

J. P. ROBINSON,
524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

SALESMEN—CARPET. APPLY TO SUPERINtendent's office. THE FAIR.

SALESMEN—CAPABLE, ENERGETIC MEN TO take orders from retail stores for Ceroleum Floor Dressing on commission, salary, or both; sells itself. We have a lasting proposition for good men. Ceroleum Floor Dressing Co., 3901 Indiana-av.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING, CHOICE OF SIX novel side lines; will arrange for one or all; pocket samples; liberal commissions; exclusive territory. Call and see lines or write for circulars. Room 1412 Great Northern Bldg.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING IN ILLINOIS; SIDE line; no samples; small county rights; new mechanic' printing device. 9-10 o'clock mornings, 410, 59 Dearborn-st. STRAND.

SALESMEN — FOR PEN CARBON COPYING books and other office specialities; easy sellers; liberal terms; exclusive territory; stat. free. Model Mfg. Co., Box G, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—DO YOU WANT A PERMANENT position canvassing for goods used by every man, woman, and child? Address "Winona Mills," Englewood Station, Chicago, Ill.

SALESMEN—EXCLUSIVELY, OR SIDE LINE; easiest, quickest, and best paying line on the road. Extra good men can be made. Makers and Sellers' Co., 47 W. Lake-st.

SALESMEN—THAT CAN SELL AN OFFICE NEcessity; we have good opening. 425 Dicky Bldg.

SALESMEN—TO CARRY GOOD SIDE LINE; small sample. Address K E 448, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—TO SUBMIT MERITORIOUS PROPosition to business men; permanent; paying position. Call mornings. 138 Washington, R. 1120.

SOLICITORS—WELL DRESSED; NEW PROPOsition; good pay. Room 5, 153 Washington-st.

TEN FIRST-CLASS INSTALLMENT AGENTS—Good terms; money advanced weekly. C. F. ADAMS CO., 221-223 State-st.

Boys.

ACTIVE BOY, 19 YEARS OLD, MUST WRITE good hand; for outside work; wages $20 per month. Address W 345, Tribune office.

BOY—BY WHOLESALE HOUSE RELIABLE and experienced office boy. 401, 34 Clark-st.

BOYS — TO WORK IN WHOLESALE HOUSE, running errands and working in general young store. Address in own handwriting, K E 465, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—$3 A WEEK. CALL 1 P. M., Room 256 Rand-McNally Building.

OFFICE BOYS—PITKIN & BROOKS, 152 MICHigan-av.

Trades.

BARBER—MUST BE STEADY; 187-CLASS. CONDIT, 489 E. 43d-st.

BICYCLE REPAIRMAN—THOROUGHLY EXperienced, for repair work inspector; permanent position if work is satisfactory; state age and experience. Address K E 407, Tribune office.

CARPENTERS AND CABINETMAKERS—MEN able to do good inside work and hardwood. Truscott Boat Mfg. Co., St. Joseph, Mich.

CUTTERS—ON COUNTRY ORDERS; FIRSTclass men; good pay; steady position. 233 Market-st.

ENGRAVER—COPPER PLATE, ON ROMAN, old English, and block letter; also engraver on steel die work. WM. FREUND & SONS.

FIRST-CLASS LITHO. COMMERCIAL TRANSferer. Apply at once, giving address and experience. H. D. BROWN, 328 Dearborn-st.

FOREMAN—FOR GAS ENGINE FACTORY; wants to be thoroughly experienced on gas engines and up on modern methods; good salary and good future for right man; to receive answer give experience in detail; position now open; interview Saturday. Address F B 41, Tribune office.

GORDON FEEDER—RAGEN & HALL CO., 132 Market-st.

PATTERN MAKERS—FOUR, FIRST-CLASS, familiar with locomotive work; good wages and steady employment.
Richmond Locomotive Works, Richmond, Va.

RIVETERS—OR HANDY MEN ON BOILER work, to leave city. Apply to C. O. WILLIAMS, Wyoming Hotel, 260 Clark-st.

SAWYER AND MACHINE HAND—HARTY & HARTY, 21st and Throop-st.

SWITCHMEN—TO GO OUT OF CITY. APPLY Room 9, Atlantic Hotel, immediately.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER—FOR COUNtry; willing to make himself generally useful; come well recommended. HENRY KLEINE, 200 Lake-st.

DRIVER—CITY PICK UP WAGON; MUST BE acquainted in down-town district; wagon kept in livery; salary $9 per week; must live on North Side; state experience and references. Address K B 658, Tribune office.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS — HARVEST SELLING BUFFALO badges; phenomenal fad; six kinds, with official rules; 25c; $2 per 100, $15 per 1,000. Excelsior Novelty Co., 271 Wabash-av., Chicago.

HUSTLERS—WRITE TODAY—HOW TO GET A $25 1901 bicycle free. Inclose 15 cents for sample by mail. Limited offer. LEE DUCON CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

PORTRAIT AND PHOTO BUTTON AGENT—WE have something new that you need in your business; send for it; it's a wonder.
LAWSON, 7 BLUE ISLAND-AV.

OUR AGENTS EARN $5 TO $15 DAILY SELLing our stereoscopic views; over 5,000 original subjects; our proposition will interest you. Write.
GRIFFITH & GRIFFITH, Chicago.

AGENTS—LARGEST LINE USEFUL AND FAST selling articles. Big profits. Steady work.
National Novelty Works, 60 Wabash-av.

AGENTS—FOR PATENT ADJUSTABLE APRON —Lightning seller to stores, offices, factories. 225 Dearborn-st., Room 712.

AGENTS—TO INTRODUCE BENEDICT'S PEN copying letter and bill books; liberal terms. Write or call. J. B. SCHISSLER, 744 W. Madison.

AGENTS—SELL ALUMINUM CARD CASES and cards; big profits; circulars and samples free. Bunker Pig. Co., Dept. 24, Kansas City, Mo.

$100 MONTHLY SELLING OUR HOUSEKEEPers' favorite. American Machine Co., Kalamazoo, Mich.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE BEST AND ONLY positive skirt supporter invented. GEO., N. SCEETS, 45 Commerce Bldg., 16 Pacific-av.

READ BRAHAM'S HONEST, STRAIGHTFORward offer in agent's column. Write to them.

$100 MONTHLY; PATENT METALLIC BREAD boards; sample free. Forshee Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—PORTRAIT AGENTS; HIGHEST commission. 59 Dearborn-st., Room 814.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

SALESMEN—TO TAKE ORDERS BY SAMPLE, to thoroughly introduce our FLOR DE THEOPHILUS long combination filler high-grade 5c cigar; most excellent quality ever equaled in Imported; we ship 100 for $2.75, C. O. D., privilege of examination in Cook County. FREE! With every first order for 100, until thoroughly introduced, a patent self-opening silk umbrella, equal to any umbrella sold at retail for $5.00; highly serviceable and convenient; by pressing the button open flies the umbrella. Salesmen can easily earn daily $4 to $8 without experience. Investigation immediately convinces that ours is a legitimate advertising proposition. HOWLAND CIGAR CO., HOWLAND BLOCK, Monroe and Dearborn-sts.

AGENTS WANTED—$25 PER DAY GUARanteed in salary or commission for every day you are in our employ; this statement is not exaggerated; we want a general agent for your territory; our goods sell at sight to every man, woman, or child; in every office, factory, and home; a person in any part can sell anything can make a fortune; every article patented and never before sold in your territory; exclusive territory granted and free outfit; state age and right to work sent you on receipt of your application. Write at once as we only want one good man for your territory. THE NATIONAL CO., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—HERE IS THE KING OF MONEY MAKERS. Our non-absorbent bread and pastry board is a household necessity that sells at sight; orders are taken rapidly and many agents are selling 20 to 50 per day; four large sizes, with 20 distinct advantages; dough won't stick to it; profits immense; model free. Address

AMERICAN BREAD AND PASTRY BOARD CO., CAMBRIDGE, OHIO.

ARE YOU WORKING WHERE THERE ARE MANY PEOPLE EMPLOYED? IF SO, YOU CAN EASILY MAKE $15 TO $25 PER WEEK. APPLY SIXTH FLOOR, 70 LA SALLE-ST.

AGENTS WANTED—EVERYWHERE, TO SELL our "Equity" Accident Policy; sells itself; new and original with this company; costs but $6 yearly, payable quarterly; issued to all classes; all occupations accepted as "preferred" risks; pays handsome permanent renewal commission; no experience necessary to sell them. National Accident Society, 320 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A BANK—A MAN OF GOOD APPEARANCE, TO SOLICIT SAVINGS AC-COUNTS. APPLY SIXTH FLOOR, 70 LA SALLE-ST.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION—THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pens and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS — EVERYWHERE, GUARANTEED money-making specialty; newly introducing meritorious preparations; business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars with 500 money-making secrets, one dime; investigation solicited. A. Wyvell-Chappell Co., 53 River-st., Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL OUR FULLY guaranteed L. A. W. bicycle tires; only hustlers need answer; agent's sample pair of tires with instructions, subscription etc., sent prepaid upon receipt of reference and $1. The Goodyear Pad and Rubber Co., 81 Chambers-st., New York.

CURE WITHOUT MEDICINE—EVERY DISease, in any stage; only absolutely correct and never failing method; journal containing valuable facts and testimonials FREE. National School, Carrollton, Mo.

AGENTS—HAVING DEALINGS WITH SALOON trade for the sale of a new stomach bitters; branch of European concern; the best ever put on the market; liberal commission. Apply J. H. SCHEUER CO., 284 Franklin-st., cor. Van Buren.

AGENTS — OUR SECRET PROCESSES, RECIpes, formulas, etc., teach how to start paying business in your locality; instructions and free sample. Address WHEAT, 1000 New Bedford, Mass. We are originators and headquarters.

WANTED—AGENTS, MAKE YOUR OWN CIgars and cigarets and save a fortune; it the Non-Combustible Cigar Wrapper with Filling Cap; no injurious paper; send 12 cents for two. Winton Specialty Co., Ft. Dodge, Ia.

A PRACTICAL IDEA; SOMETHING EVERY one should know; sent postpaid for 10 cents in stamps; no fake. Address PRACTICAL IDEA, Box 143, South Bend, Ind.

AGENTS—EVERYWHERE, ON STAPLE ARTIcle of merit; sales will surprise you; sells to every business house, office, and family. Sample, 15c. FUNK BROS. CO., 21 Quincy-st., Chicago.

WE PAY $18 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO men to introduce our Combination Lye; 1 pound; send stamp. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kansas.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX; USEFUL ARTICLES for ladies' wear; no peddling; profits; canvass or sell to the trade. Addison Mfg. Co., 167 Dearborn-st.

$8 PER 100 CASH MADE COLLECTING NAMES and addresses anywhere; send 10c for book and instructions. Address Directory Co., 62 Webster-av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

AGENTS—VEST POCKET WEIGHING MAchine, latest fast selling novelty; sample 10c; special terms. Supply Co., Universal Supply Co., 134 Van Buren-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—WITH HAYES' METALLIC RUBBER tires for rocking chairs you can make $100 per month; address J. C. HAYES, 416 E. Locust-st., Des Moines, Ia.

Employment Agencies.

AUDITOR—TRAVELING POSITION.....$30
Bookkeeper, under 30, experienced..... 18
Bookkeeper for temporary work..... 18
Stenographer, young man, r. r. experience..... 15
Stenographer, sales with wholesale books..... 15
Office clerks, out of town..... 14
Bookkeeper, out of town..... 12
Office clerk out of town..... 12
Stenographer, good penman..... 12
Stenographer and bookkeeper..... 12
Bill clerk, boy or girl..... 8
Office boys, good writers..... 4
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

CORRESPONDENT.....$25.00
Bookkeeper, cashier, and stenographer..... 13.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper..... 15.00
Bookkeeper..... 12.00
Stenographer..... 10.00
Stenographer, Rem., German..... 10.00
Man, exp. bottling in wine cellar..... 10.00
Stenographer, clerk R. R. exp..... 10.00
Husky man, per day..... 1.25
Boys..... $3.00 to 5.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.
324 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN OF GOOD personal appearance and with a good education can secure a good position at $50 per month by applying to
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007 Journal Bldg., 160 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER — FIRST-CLASS.....$25
Bookkeeper and stenographer..... 12
Bookkeeper, young man..... 12
Stenographer, railroad..... 60
Stenographer, railroad..... 50
Stenographer and bookkeeper..... 50
Youngster, clerk R. R. exp..... 50
Office men, four..... 12
Office man, North Side..... 10
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

ENGINEER'S LICENSE—MECHANICS, ENGIneers, firemen, electricians, etc.; 40-page pamphlet containing questions asked by Examining Board of Engineers; sent free. GEO. A. ZELLER, Publisher, Room 81, 18 S. 4th-st., St. Louis, Mo.

MEN—POSITIONS SECURED FOR MEN IN ALL lines of work; licensed by the State. STROUP'S Bureau, 199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor. Employers wanting help, telephone Central 1395.

'HOUSEMAN—IN PRIVATE FAMILY; GOOD wages; references. 1462 Michigan-av.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER YOUNG MAN, WITH knowledge of bookkeeping, wholesale house; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address W 430, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—Young man; $15. Room 720, 322 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN stenography, typewriting, and clerical work; salary not to exceed $7. Call 8:30 to 10:30 a. m. 122 East Kinzie-st. Ask for MR. KASITER.

Miscellaneous.

ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN—WHO UNDERstands the clothing business and willing to go far West, assist in handling line packing trunks; small salary to begin with, but great opportunity for a future for right man. Apply today between 11 and 12, at Great Northern Hotel. R. M. LEOPOLD.

GENTLEMEN — FOR THE STAGE; MUST FURnish fine wardrobe; musicians preferred; amateurs considered. This is strictly legitimate. Address W 401, Tribune office.

MAN—EXPERIENCED, AS WINDOW TRIMmer, advertising sign writer, and floor walker, for country town; must be a hustler. Call at J. V. FARWELL & CO.'S, Thursday, between 11 and 1. Call at door for J. KAISER.

MAN—MARRIED, WHO UNDERSTANDS GARdening, lawns, and care of gentleman's place; have good living rooms for same. 4824 Woodlawn-av.

MAN—AND WIFE, NO CHILDREN, AS HELP on 30-acre farm with lot of fancy small poultry; must be experienced farmer; pay $30 board, and room. Call 362 Illinois-st.

MAN—TO TRAVEL; NO SELLING; SALARY, commission, expenses. Call 225 Dearborn-st., Room 829.

MAN—TO MAKE AND HANG WINDOW shades; experienced.
A. H. REVELL & CO.

MEN—FOR U. S. ARMY, ABLE-BODIED UNmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write English; recruits specially desired for service in Philippines. For information apply to recruiting officer, 32 W. Madison-st., 420 S. State-st., or 15 S. Clark-st., Chicago, Ill.

MEN—TO LEARN BARBER TRADE; SPECIAL offer of scholarship, board, and tools until May 15; two months completes; busy season now; big wages paid graduates; have places for barbers at Buffalo Exposition. Call or write. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

MEN—SINGLE, EXPERIENCED, TO DELIVER portraits; bond positively required. 447 Ogden-av., Chicago Copy Co.

WINDOW TRIMMER AND TICKET MARKER—Thoroughly experienced, immediately, for out of town by dry goods store; write, giving reference. Address F S 10, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN — PUBLICATION OFFICE; charge of mail and advertising; good salary; interest to right party; must have $150 cash; money secured; act promptly; references required. 71 Dearborn-st., Room 34.

YOUNG MAN—TO TAKE CHARGE OF SUBDIvision; must be hustler and have $250. Address W 417, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN — IN OFFICE, TO GIVE ESTImates on printing; exp. references, and salary. Address W 406, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—WITH COUNTRY STORE EXperience, hardware. $8, 156 Lake-st.

YOUNG MAN—18 OR 20 YEARS OLD; MUST BE bright and active. Address K B 462, Tribune.

NOTICE.

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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookeepers and Clerks.

FIRST-CLASS D. E. BOOKKEEPER AND STEnographer; salary $8; give references. Address W 422, Tribune office.

GIRL—FOR OFFICE WORK; GOOD PENMAN, rapid and accurate; state age and experience; salary $6 to start. Address K E 464, Tribune office.

GIRLS—TO ADDRESS ENVELOPES AT OUR office; South Side; must write plain hand. Address W 333, Tribune office.

LADY — EXPERIENCED IN NEWSPAPER checking; one who has worked for newspaper advertising agencies preferred. GUENTHER, BRADFORD & CO., 19 Dearborn-st.

Domestics.

COOK AND LAUNDRESS—SMALL AMERICAN family; references; good wages. Call at 4450 Ellis-av.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED, FOR SECOND WORK; German or Swedish preferred; references required. Call between 10 and 12 at 3626 Indiana-av.

GIRL—GOOD GENERAL WORK; $5; WITHout washing; $5. 610 Lake-st., Evanston.

GIRL—COMPETENT GIRL; WAGES $4.50. 4105 Lake-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—A CAPABLE GIRL FOR VERY light housework; must be a good plain cook, neat, and active; wages $4.50 a week, without washing or ironing. Address or apply to 1102 Grove-st., Evanston.

HOUSEWORK—STRONG, MIDDLE AGED GERman woman for general housework, family of four; good wages and good home; references required. 604 E. 44th-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family; go to country for summer. 3025 Calumet-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL; GENERAL housework; German preferred. 5226 Indiana-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; references required; American family of two. Call at 4450 Ellis-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT WOMAN FOR general housework in suburb; $5. Call early today. 172 Washington-st., Room 907.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages; Irish. Knickerbocker flats, 3078 Vincennes-av.

HOUSEWORK—RELIABLE MAID FOR GENeral housework; 2 in family; wages $5. "The Genesee," 20 Delaware-pl., Flat B.

HOUSEWORK—WHITE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 6411 Ingleside-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL, LIGHT HOUSEWORK. 671 Kimball-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply Flat B, 210 E. 35d-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork; good home; no children. 287 Wells-st.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; wages $5. 6508 Lexington-av.

HOUSEWORK—GERMAN GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. 4730 Calumet-av. HARTMAN.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; wages $5. 6506 Lexington-av.

LUNCH COUNTER GIRL—GRAND CENTRAL Depot, Harrison and 5th-av.

WAITRESSES — NOON, AND 1 ALL DAY; good pay. 117 W. Van Buren-st.

YOUNG GIRL—NEAT, FOR SECOND WORK; small private family; good wages. Call at once, 3807 Forest-av.

Housekeepers.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING; 2d and 3d floors; 180 State-st.

EXPERT WAIST DRAPERS, TRIMMERS, AND finishers; also skirtmakers and helpers; positions permanent to first-class help. 1114-15-16 Steinway Hall.

HELPERS—ON WAISTS AND MACHINE OPerators. PECK & ARCONET, 1913 Michigan-av.

LADY TAILORS—WORK ON SHIRTS; GOOD hands; steady job. 235 E. 55th-st.

MILLINERY TRIMMERS AND PREPARERS—Experienced.
CHICAGO STRAW WORKS,
263 Wabash-av.

SKIRTMAKERS—EXPERIENCED. PECK & ARCOUET, 1913 Michigan-av.

SKIRT MAKERS—EXP.; AT ONCE. APPLY all week, 179 Wabash-av.

TUCKERS—EXPERIENCED.
SILK WAIST AND SKIRTMAKERS, AND HAND SEWERS.
Apply at once, 5th floor.
CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.,
111 to 115 State-st.

WAIST FINISHERS AND HELPERS, TAILOResses, fancy coatmakers and helpers, machine operators. 1720 Michigan-av., after May 1. 84 Wabash-av. MME. BAKER.

YOUNG LADY—TO ALTER SKIRTS AND KEEP stock in wholesale house; salary $7; state age, experience, etc. Address K E 468, Tribune office.

Nurses.

NURSE — INFANT'S NURSE; COMPETENT; references. 45 E. 46th-st., between Woodlawn and Lake-avs.

Agents Wanted.

LADIES—$4 DAILY MADE IN MONEY, NOT promises, introducing our entirely new qu

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TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—NEW BRICK HOUSE, WITH STONE trimmings, 4027 Prairie-av., one block from station of Alley L.

Front and back parlors, dining-room, and kitchen on first floor; kitchen and butler's pantry, six large bedroom, spacious closets, and two complete baths.

Polished oak finish and hardwood floors throughout; carved staircases, sideboards, mantels, concave mirror, hallrack, medicine case, and spice boards; beamed ceilings, gas range, gas fixtures, shades, screens, and decorated walls; refrigerator room with drain; storeroom and laundry.

HOT WATER HEAT.
LATEST IMPROVED SANITARY PLUMBING.

For particulars call on JOHN BERNRITTER, Owner, 902 Chicago Opera-House Bldg.

TO RENT—100 E. 36TH-ST., OPP. ELLIS PARK, 9-room brick dwelling; will be newly decorated; rent $50.

TO RENT—Calumet-av., 6-room modern brick, $25.

TO RENT—Cor. Langley-av., fine modern frame residence, corner; every convenience; $32.50.

TO RENT—454-56 St., 8-room brick dwelling, $25.

TO RENT—Rosalie-ct., 8-room modern frame dwelling; hardwood floors on parlor floor, just laid; $35.

TO RENT—Rosalie-ct., large 8-room detached brick dwelling, overlooks the Midway, near I. C. station.

TO RENT—No. 743 St., Windsor Park, 8-room frame house, newly decorated, exterior painted; $18; key next door. CHANDLER & CO., 84 Washington-st.

TO RENT—BY
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO.,
115 DEARBORN-ST.
SOUTH SIDE HOUSES.

3712 Michigan-av., 14-room stone front residence; modern and in Al condition; open today.
3233 Prairie-av., 11 rooms, stone front, $50.
3323 Madison-av., modern 10-room stone front house, furnished or unfurnished; get permit at office.
4150 Lake-av., modern 10-room brick house, $45; key at 4150 Lake-av.
4527 Madison-av., modern 9-room house; Al location; near Illinois Central trains. Apply 4531; $50.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—
6178-6-8 Kimbark-av., east of Ill. Central, 10-room stone front house, nearly new; a beautiful house; near Jackson Park; hot water heat, sanitary plumbing, artistic gas and electric light fixtures, specially built console and sideboard; hardwood finish and floors, gas range; a typical home; worth $75 per month; present price $50 per month. Inquire of JOHN MOREY.

TO RENT—144 42D-PL., NEAR DREXEL-BLVD. This is a perfect gem of a house, decorated in tapestry and fine papers, hardwood floors throughout; shown by appointment.

TO RENT—6230 Calumet-av., modern detached house; both with investigation. A. B. SOUTHARD, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5 LEFT OF THOSE BEAUTIFUL modern houses on 34th-st., bet. Cottage Grove and Rhodes-avs.; up-to-date in every particular; every known convenience; rent reasonable.
D. G. HAMILTON.
J. D. ALLEN
100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, CONVENIENT TO Hyde Park and L. R. 272 Lake, modern 10-room stone-front house, in thorough repair.
In Kenwood—Handsomely furnished modern stone-front house, from June 1 to September 1!!!
J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO.,
31 Dearborn-st. Money to Loan.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—
No. 6. 65th-pl., 65th-st. depot Ill. Central, a beautiful modern up-to-date 8-story and ten-room house; hot water heat, hardwood, sanitary plumbing, in fact, everything fine; splendid surrounding; cost of ill. Artistic wall decorations; rent price $50. Inquire on premises of A. SPINK.

TO RENT—HYDE PARK HOUSES—
6110-12 Hibbard-av., fine modern houses and on beautiful street; near Ill. Central express and suburban stations; rent $90 and $95.
McKEY & POAGUE,
29 Chamber of Commerce, cor. Washington and La Salle.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE FRONT HOUSE, 36 E. 41st-st., 9 rooms; $40.
3724 Vincennes-av., cottage, 7 rooms; $20.
3728 do do 9 rooms; $35.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.
Branch office, 177 E. 39th-st.

TO RENT—NICE 9-ROOM HOUSE, 358 N. NORTH Park-av., Ill. L. lot, park frontage; reached in 11 min. from 175 Lake-av., large 10 r. house and barn, wide lot, $27.50. 6700 Lafayette-av., 6 r. cottage, 50 ft. cor. lot, $18. Owner, 175 Dearborn.

TO RENT—3554 AND 3558 PRAIRIE-AV., MODern two-story and cellar brick houses, with stone trimmings; dining-room and kitchen on parlor floor; 10 rooms and bath; $37.50. E. E. DE YOUNG & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO RENT—5112 CORNELL-AV., UNUSUALLY beautiful new detached colonial home; just completed; private paths; hallroom; most beautiful colonial interior; L. C. express. OWNER, 5130 Cornell-av.

TO RENT — CORNER MICHIGAN-AV. AND 31st-st.; 3-story and basement stone-front house; location for ladies' tailor, dressmaker, milliner or other business; rent reasonable.
HONORE BROS., 1524 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—1 47TH, NEAR COTTAGE GROVE-av., Oakland car, 3-room flat, with bath, sunshine every room; $35; perfect repair. Call at house or agent, 4703 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—HOUSE, 2417 SOUTH PARK-AV., 10 rooms, stone front; polished hardwood floors and plumbing, new and thoroughly decorated throughout; immediate possession; $40. Apply Room 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—469 BOWEN-AV., NEAR GRAND-BLVD., stone front dwelling, 10 rooms, furnace; all good conditions; possession May 1; $45.
OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4534 WOODLAWN-AV., DESIRABLE modern 8-story stone front, 10 rooms, hardwood finish, open sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, convenient to Illinois Central and electrics.

TO RENT — 2017 MICHIGAN-AV., 14-ROOM residence; $75 per month.
SHELDON & SHELDON,
99 Randolph-st.

TO RENT—3634 PRAIRIE-AV.—MODERN STONE front house of 10 rooms; hardwood finish, newly decorated; price $60; elegant home.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3227 MICHIGAN-AV.-BLVD., TWO-story and cellar house, 10 rooms, d. and k. on parlor floor; $45. B. R. DE YOUNG & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3613 AND 17 CALUMET-AV., MODern stone-front; $25. Lasher & Son, 103 S. Water.

West Side.

TO RENT—HOUSES—
1111 Wood-st., fine 6-room house..... $15
1113 Grenshaw-st., fine 6-room house..... 15
1107 W. Taylor-st., fine 5-room cottage..... 14
1109 W. Taylor-st., fine 5-room cottage..... 14
Inquire 555 S. Western-av. or Union Trust Co., 209 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—MODERN STONE HOUSES—
1611 and 1621 Harrison-st., 8 rooms; $50.
1617 Livingston-st., 7 rooms; $35.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—722 W. MONROE-ST., 10-ROOM house, modern two-story dwelling, with brick stable; desirable residence. Apply to W. GRAY BROWN, 805 W. Madison-st. Phone West 279.

TO RENT—934 MONROE-ST., NEAR OAKLEY-blvd.; very desirable 8-room 2-story-stone front; modern, two-story dwelling, with brick stable; street newly paved; $32.50; key 804 Madison-st.; HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HOUSE, 9 ROOMS AND BATH; 54 S. SHERMAN M. GOBLE, 324 Woman's Temple.

TO RENT—MODERN BROWNSTONE, 2-STORY, 10-room house; 202 Lincoln, nr. Jackson-blvd. HART, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT — 738 W. ADAMS-ST. NEAR WINchester; 10-room front dwelling; hardwood finish; OLIVER & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—907 JACKSON-BLVD., COR. IRVING-av.; 10-room brick with barn; $40; gas range, hallroom, etc. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—262 SACRAMENTO-AV., BRICK COTtage. LASHER & SON, 103 S. Water.

TO RENT—24 JACKSON-PL., MODERN 7-ROOM brick house; only $25.

TO RENT—6 ROOMS, FINE LOCATION. 849 ——.

North Side.

TO RENT—
261 KENMORE-AV., just north of Buena-av., 9-room dwelling, in perfect order; immediate possession; Northwestern Elevated within ½ block; $35 per month. Key at branch office, s. e. cor. Clark and Graceland-avs.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES—
1 Erie-st., 14 rooms, furnace..... $75
1 Ontario-st., 14 rooms, furnace..... 60
1 Ontario-st., 12 rooms, furnace..... 50
3 Adams-st.
Ogden Building, 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED; $45 per month—New 7-room brick and stone front house, with modern improvements; every convenience; owner, n. w. cor. Sheridan-drive and Byron-st; block south of Sheridan-drive station, Northwestern Elevated.

TO RENT—LARGE RESIDENCE AND BARN on Main-st., for fashionable boarding-house; furnished for sale.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—OR FOR SALE—BUENA PARK—131 Sheridan-road; hardwood finish; all modern conveniences; special concessions to right party.
EDGAR B. GILES, 19, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—513 CLEVELAND-AV., A NICE TEN-room residence, with new modern furnace, etc.; rent $17.50.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—A-IV., 10-ROOM MODern; hardwood floors and finish; open during the day; will decorate throughout. Apply 628 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—NEW BRICK HOUSES, CORNER Grace-st. and Alta Vista Terrace, 7 rooms, bath, furnace; $45 per mo. W. J. SANFORD,
604 Masonic Temple.

TO RENT—$100, 500 LA SALLE-AV., 16 ROOMS and cellar, detached residence; nice home and location. Ask for MRS. CALKINS.

TO RENT—827 BELDEN-AV., 3-STORY, 11-room house; hot water heat. TIFFT & BESS, R. 312 S. Clark-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES ON BELLEVUE-PL.: 1st floor; steam heat; $60, $75; one further. S. HONORE, 14, 177 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—74 BELLEVUE-PL., MODERN 12-room house; $60.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—44½ BELLEVUE-PL., 12 ROOMS; ——.
GODFREY & SCHMID, 601, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—304 ONTARIO-ST., 14-ROOM HOUSE; steam heat. Inquire 362.

TO RENT—9 ROOM HOUSE, FINE REPAIR, 99 Lincoln Park. Apply 531 Belden-av.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, NEAR SOUTH end Lincoln Park; stone front; strictly modern; hot water heated at my expense and attendance; hardwood polished floors, gas range, shades, etc.; $50; every convenience found in a flat. Apply rentling office, 681 Wells-st., or 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—COR. MAPLE AND MONROE-STS., Hinsdale, fine furnished house of 12 rooms, bath, bath, laundry, basement, etc.; beautiful grounds; abundance of berries, small and large fruit, etc.; June 15 to Oct. 1; only $350 for whole term. R. SAYER, 701, 100 Washington-st., or at Hinsdale.

TO RENT—OR SALE—
Near Morgan Park, furnished 8-room house, all conveniences, on ridge, corner lot, 50x125; barn; free mail delivery; convenient to "Rock Island" suburban service; splendid location. Owner, 1201 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—AT LOMBARD, 5 ACRES; LARGE house, good barn, with 6 living rms. for servants; chicken-house 100 feet long; orchard, grapery, and shade trees; on main street, 3 blocks from depot; price $25; or more land if desired.
GARNER & CO., 164 La Salle-st., Room 18.

TO RENT—OAK PARK HOUSES AND FLATS—Complete printed rental list mailed on application. FRANK H. JUNE, 119 Marion-st., Oak Park. Tel. 73.

TO RENT—HANDSOME PLACE AT ELMHURST, two acres, shaded, garden, barn, use of horse and man; furnished modern house. J. R. CASE, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE, NEWLY PAINTED and papered, hydrant water, near College-av. Wheaton, Ill. Apply to N. W. SIMONDS, 49 Market-st., Chicago, or 725 College-av., Wheaton.

TO RENT—HIGHLAND PARK—FURNISHED house for summer; modern improvements; choice location; nice grounds; barn. V 927, Tribune.

TO RENT—IN HINSDALE, HOUSE, 13 ROOMS; immediate possession; two acres garden stable; shade. WILLIAM DUNCAN, Hinsdale.

TO RENT—HIGHLAND PARK—BEAUTIFUL house; fine location; electric light; modern improvements; large barn. V 926, Tribune office.

TO RENT—LA GRANGE—MODERN HOUSES, large grounds; convenient to station. D. B. LYMAN JR., 1616, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK AND AUSTIN—NEW houses, $4,500, $5,000, $5,500, $6,000; also rents. WEAGE & ROSE, 100 Washington-st.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—TWO COTTAGES, FURNISHED; good boating and fishing; good shade; fine summer resort; north shore Bluff Park, Bluff Lake, Antioch, Ill.; good bus service from depot. Apply to AYLING BROS., 14 Haddon-av., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE for summer, facing parks or lake, or with good grounds; with or without horses; business man, responsible; very small family; best of care assured. Address B., Flat 2, 170 Oakwood-blvd., City.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSES, STORES, AND flats to furnish tenants and collect rents.
Phone South 994. J. BUCHMAN,
RENTING AND INSURANCE, 3101 State-st.

WANTED—TO RENT—LIST YOUR HOUSES and flats with SOUTHARD & TRAINER,
Tel. Oak. 795. 142 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO.,
115 DEARBORN-ST.
SOUTH SIDE STEAM HEATED FLATS.

THE KENWOOD, n. w. corner Washington-av. and 50th-st., modern 6 and 7 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, marble vestibules, carpeted halls, telephones; near Illinois Central express trains; $30 and $35.

THE TECUMSEH, Washington-av. and 56th-st., high grade 6, 7, and 8 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, hardwood floors, carpeted halls, telephones; two blocks from Illinois Central express trains and cable; easy.

THE OMAHA, 55th-st. and Lake-av., modern 5, 6, and 7 room apartments; hot water, steam heat, gas ranges; janitor service.

4602 WOODLANDS-AV., 8 rooms; strictly modern; steam heated.

THE WELLINGTON, 3433-3437 Wabash-av., strictly modern 7-room apartments; first-class in every respect; hardwood floors, steam heat, elegant sideboards, gas ranges, janitor service.

5218 JEFFERSON-AV., 7 rooms; steam heat, hot water, janitor service, etc.; rent $34.

THE CALUMET, 5943 and 5945 Calumet-av., 4 and 5 room steam heated flats; janitor; $18 to $25.

THE CLAYTON, 4805 Berkley-av., s. e. cor. 43d-st., 6 and 7 room steam heated flats; hot water, gas ranges, janitor; Ill. Central or cable; $22.50 and $25.

THE DEVONSHIRE, s. e. cor. Wabash-av. and 28th-st., 7-room modern apartments; steam heat, hot water, hardwood floors, janitor service; moderate rent.
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5 AND 6 ROOM FLATS—
RENT $27.50, $30 AND $35.

1156-58 56th-st., near Michigan-av.
Steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, finished in mahogany and oak.
Janitor at building always.
—NEW FLATS—
4 rooms, $25. 5 rooms, $30.
6 rooms, $32.50. 7 rooms, $34 and $42½.
Cor. 50th and Wabash-av. Completed April 1.
Steam heat, hardwood floors and finish, mahogany and oak throughout.
Janitor always.
Agent at building always.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 47th and Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THE CAMPDEN, COR. 39TH AND LANGLEY-av., 5, 6, 7, and 12 room flats; steam heat, electric light, elevators, hot water, natural gas range, artesian water, free telephone, janitor service; close to I. C. and boulevard trains, cable, and electric cars; high class apartment buildings. See manager, at building, or call 312, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.
THE ALBEMARLE, 3769 LAKE-AV.
Elegant high-grade apartments, 7 rooms; private balconies overlooking the lake; interior finished in mosaic, carved white and golden oak and Algerian onyx; elevator, telephone, gas logs, steam heat, laundry driers, refrigerators, beautiful home. Must be seen to be appreciated. Open today.

TO RENT—FLATS IN "THE FOLLANSBEE," n. w. cor. 22d and Wabash-av.; 16 minutes from business district. Agent, 174 22d-st. 'Phone S. 1172.

TO RENT—SMALL FLATS AT WOODLAWN, ON residence street near I. C. and L. stations—
3 rooms, 2d floor front..... $16.50
3 rooms, corner..... 16.50
4 rooms, corner..... 19.00
6 rooms, 1st floor..... 27.50
Steam. Best in city for prices. DORN & CO., 2222 63d-st., near Jackson Park entrance.

TO RENT—3302 LAKE PARK-AV., HAVING A view of the lake; a fine modern house of 10 rooms; will be put in first-class condition and all newly decorated; only $40 per month. Apply to
R. R. FITZCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., Room 29.

TO RENT—6247 MONROE-AV., 1 BLK. FROM I. C. and "L" stations, modern 3 and 6 room flats; $18 to $35. Agent on premises today.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—BRIGHT 8-ROOM APARTMENT, 159 E. 47th-st., cor. Woodlawn-av.; finest cor. rooms in Kenwood; $55.
DR. RICHARDSON, on premises.

TO RENT—PIASA BLDG., 4707 CALUMET-AV., elegant 6 and 7 room flats, near elevated; fireproof building; steam heat, hot water, nickel plumbing, etc.; $30 and $35. Inquire janitor.

TO RENT—4234 CALUMET-AV., 8 ROOMS AND bath, every room large and light, steam heat, hot water; this is only a 2-flat house; ¼ block to 43d-st. L station.

TO RENT — 1601 WABASH-AV. — TO RENT — 6 and 7 room flats; respectable people only.
See janitor of building.

TO RENT—TWO HANDSOME CORNER FLATS, 24 and 26 floors, 5 rooms each, south exposure, large grounds, beautiful locality, facing park. N. e. Jackson-av. and 54th; Cottage Grove cars.

TO RENT—82 E. 22D-ST., ONE 2-ROOM SUITE, 1st floor; desirable bachelor quarters; also one 5-room, 2d floor; steam, private baths, etc.; south windows, all rooms outside. Apply 90 22d-st.

TO RENT—512 E. 50TH-ST., NEAR COTTAGE Grove-av., Flat 2, 5 rooms, bath, gas range, janitor service; only $16.
A. B. TITCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., R. 29.

TO RENT—4000 VINCENNES-AV., 4-ROOM corner sunny flat, steam range, bath, refrigerator; every room fronts street. Agent there.

TO RENT—417 TO $20, 3 AND 4 ROOM SUNNY corner flats, steam, bath, range, 394-396 E. 43d-st., cor. St. Lawrence-av. Agent on premises.

TO RENT—4619 VINCENNES-AV., 10-R. DUplex flat; steam, hot water; decorations to suit; open today. R. J. MURPHY, 47th and Grand-blvd.

TO RENT — 48 ELDRIDGE-CT., ELEGANT flat, 1st floor, 4 rooms; modern plumbing; $12. J. V. A. WEAVER, 54, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4525 OAKENWALD-AV., OVERlooking lake, 7 and 8 room flats, modern, $25; hardwood floors throughout.

TO RENT—3504 RHODES-AV., 5 AND 6 ROOM steam heated flats; $23. Inquire on premises.
MYRON A. PEARCE.

TO RENT—$22, NEW 4-ROOM; FINE 3-ROOM, $16; 2-room, private bath, g. and d. room, $15; well kept. Tel. no dogs. 3828 Rhodes-av.

TO RENT—FLAT 3453 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., $23; 7 large, light rooms; all conveniences; unheated; view of Groveland Park and lake.

TO RENT—MODERN 8-ROOM FLAT, 4133 CALUmet, carpeted halls, porch overlooking Grandblvd., one block to 43d-st. L station.

TO RENT—7-ROOM FLAT WITH ALL MODERN improvements and 100-foot lawn in rear; $40 per month. 169 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—IN HIGHLAND BLDG., 4465 AND 4467 Oakenwald-av., one 7-room flat, overlooking lake; every convenience; see janitor.

TO RENT—PLEASANT 4 AND 6 ROOM FLAT, 2354 Indiana-av. Inquire BARKER & JACKSON, 1818 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 5-ROOM FLATS, STEAM heated, all modern improvements, $25; agent on premises at 10 a. m. 2962 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—"THE MARIE," 4632 VINCENNES-av., 7-room flats, steam heat, modern; $35.00.
HABERER & DELFORGE, 86 Washington-st.

TO RENT—ARIZONA APARTMENTS, 42D-ST. and Lake-av., 4 to 6 rooms; elegant. 1165 Oak.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LIGHT, MODERN, NINE-room flats, 3812 Vincennes-av. Owner, 1st flat.

TO RENT—4 AND 5 ROOM FLAT, 1802 WABASHav.

TO RENT—3001 CALUMET-AV., 6-ROOM FLAT, modern building; low rent. P. A. GEORGE.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS; 3, 4 ROOMS; $15, $16; steam heat, etc. 3337 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—FLATS, NICELY FURNISHED FOR housekeeping; heat, etc. Hutchins, 98 36th-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, 7 ROOMS, modern, overlooking lake; $30. 4025 Oakenwald.

TO RENT—4-R. SOUTH FRONT FLAT; MODern. 3606 Wabash. Apply Flat 9.

TO RENT—5010 57TH-AV. 2D FLOOR; GOOD light; low rent. G. LASHER & SON, 103 S. Water.

TO RENT—4007 GRAND-BLVD., 9 ROOMS, TWO baths; $35. See janitor.

TO RENT—YALE AND 64TH, NEAR ROCK ISland, nice 5-r. flat; $28.50; steam, hot water.

TO RENT—IN THE DE LEON,
1451 E. 60TH-ST.,
OVERLOOKING DREXEL-BLVD.
SEVEN AND EIGHT LARGE ROOMS, STRICTLY MODERN EXPENSIVE AND DESIRABLE, SUNLIGHT IN EVERY ROOM; CROICEST SOUTH EXPOSURE; AWNINGS; TELEPHONE. APPLY PREMISES.

TO RENT—YES! HERE THEY ARE; ALLEY L. 4-room stylish flats, light, airy, up to date, Park View, 6237 and 9 Cottage Grove-av., flats A, G, and K, $20 and $22.50. E. flats, 6611 Yale-av., 4 bays to each, $25. 7 and 8 r. flats, 4517 and 19 Lake-av., $32.50 and $35. Best in Kenwood for the price; handsomely decorated and flats in Rock Island, 6802 Yale-av., $18; furnished, $20.
Owner, 175 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 4 AND 6 ROOM STEAM-heated modern flats in Hyde Park,
5401-5403 LAKE-AV.,
Hot water, janitor service; porches overlooking lake for every tenant; within 1½ blocks of 53d-st. I. C. depot; anywhere in city in 10 minutes on express trains; rent $18 to $25 per month.
Janitor on premises will show flats.
F. H. BRAMMER, 70 La Salle-st., Room 35.

TO RENT—HERE IS YOUR CHANCE—
REDUCED PRICES. TEL. OAK. 616.
THE NEWEST APARTMENTS IN THE CITY.
4 AND 5 ROOMS; $22 TO $36.
PALAIS ELYSEE. FLEUR DE LIS.
NEW, COR. WABASH AND 36TH-ST.
12 MINUTES BY L ROAD DOWN-TOWN.
MAHOGANY FINISH, MARBLE BATHROOMS.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED FLATS.
$42.50—3 LEXINGTON-AV.—$42.50
Every room light. Janitor and agent at building always. Rent, $25 up.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th and Calumet-av.
Branch office open evenings.

TO RENT—THE KATHRYN
3567 RHODES-AV.
3 and 6 room apts.; $25, $27.50, $30.
Steam heat, hot water, hardwood floors, etc.; shades, screens, awnings, janitor service. THE BUILDING ENTIRELY REMODELED AND REFURNISHED.
COLONIAL ENTRANCES. MARBLE VESTIBULES. CARPETED HALLS.
New decorations entire. Ready for occupancy.
See Agent at building.
RHODES BROS. & CO., 99 Washington-st.

TO RENT—
BEST BLDG.
S. e. cor. 42d and Wabash-av.
Elegant 6, 7, and 8 room flats.
Hot water heat, hardwood floors, carpeted halls, marble entrance, electric lighted halls, electric door openers.
This is one of the best apartments in Chicago; rent $32 to $50.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th-st. and Calumet-av.
Open evenings and Sunday.

TO RENT— —NEW—
"SAN HELENE."
N. w. cor. 56th and South Park-av.
Only 2 apartments left.
Overlooking South Park.
2 blocks from 55th-st. L road station.
Marble entrances; carpeted halls, hardwood floors, mahogany and oak finish, tile and nickel finished bathrooms; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, etc.; telephone; laundries, etc., in basement.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—THE TUDOR, S. W. COR. ELLIS-AV. AND 43D-ST.; 6, 7, AND 8 ROOM FLATS IN THIS MODERN, FIREPROOF BUILDING; PASSENGER ELEVATOR, STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, POLISHED FLOORS, SIDEBOARDS; FLATS HANDSOMELY DECORATED; PURE AIR; GAS RANGES; APARTMENTS CONVENIENT TO ILLINOIS CENTRAL AND COTTAGE GROVE-AV. LINE; RENTS REDUCED; $30 TO $50.
SEE JANITOR ON PREMISES.
SEND FOR PRINTED LIST.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—
THE ROSEBERY, 4901 Lake-av., elegant new, modern, steam heated, 8-room apartments; rear porch overlooking the lake; convenient to Ill. Central transportation; immediate possession.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—THE KRALEN APARTMENTS—
N. E. cor. Lake-av. and 42d-pl.
Just completed; 3 elegant new 8-r. flats.
Finest on the South Side.
Parlors and libraries 30 ft. wide.
All light, outside rooms.
See janitor. Telephone Central 437.

TO RENT—ELEGANT APARTMENTS IN THE Foreston, n. e. cor. 33d-st.-blvd. and Forest-av., 7 rooms each, with all modern conveniences; rooms large, and all outside; janitor will show them. Terms moderate. WM. M. BAKER, 302, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3219 VERNON-AV., ELEGANT TWO-story stone front residence, 9 rooms and bath; new hardwood floors; interior newly decorated and exterior newly painted; house in first-class order; modern plumbing; $30. SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—THE MARMION, 8744-6 LAKE-AV., convenient to Ill. Cent., 6 and 7 room steam-heated modern apartments; rent $30 to $40 month.
CREMIN & O'CONNOR, 97 Clark-st.

TO RENT—4165 LAKE-AV., 1ST FLAT — 7 rooms; 3d flat, 8 rooms; steam heat, hot water, hardwood floors, halls carpeted, light, and very desirable.
J. S. SHEARER & CO., 4255 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL 2D AND 4TH FLATS, 2342 Calumet; fine decorated; hardwood floors; white enamel woodwork, open nickel plumbing, and porcelain tub; $40 and $35; reduced.
NICOLS & BRIGGS, 151 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—4526 AND 4528 ROSS-AV., NEAR Wentworth, handsome modern light stone-fronted 6 and 7 room flats; $25; large lawn front and back. Call.

TO RENT—BERKSHIRE APARTMENTS, 2305 Michigan-av.; large 7-room flats, steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, elevator, telephone, etc.; $45, $50. Apply on premises.

TO RENT—IN THE HODGES APARTMENT Bldg., suites of 3 and 4 rooms; steam, etc.; newly decorated; location convenient for businessmen. Apply at elevator, 90 22d-st.

TO RENT—THE LAURITA—TO RENT—
NEW, ELEGANT, MODERN 5 AND 7 ROOM FLATS.
3133 SOUTH PARK-AV.

TO RENT—7-R. FLAT, FACING GROVELAND-av.; location desirable; I. C. trains; steam heat, natural gas for range, oak floors; price $52.50. Apply to owner, 29 33d-st.

TO RENT — GERALD FIREPROOF APARTments, 3 and 5 rooms and bath, $15 to $22; steam heat, gas ranges, ice boxes, free telephone, elevator. See agent, s. w. cor. State and 36th-sts.

TO RENT—MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE; LARGE lawn, steam heat, furnished; reasonable rent to acceptable tenant. 3828 Ellis-av.

TO RENT—4, 5, 7 R. AND BATH, $18, $20, $23, $25; 4 rooms, no bath, $14 to $18; steam, hot water, elevator; modern. 3106 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 8 AND 9 ROOM FLATS, 4553 Wabash-av.; oak floors, steam heat, etc. M. HUTCHINSON, owner, 4612 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—COZY 6-ROOM FLAT; ALL MOD. 4637 Minerva-av.; 3 blocks to I. C. Ex. trains and Alley L.

TO RENT—484 42D-PL., DESIRABLE 3D FLAT, 8 rooms; steam heat, hot water, etc.; $35. J. S. SHEARER & CO., 4255 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—3731 LANGLEY-AV.—ELEGANT light flats, 2 to 7 rooms; $16 to $35; steam.

TO RENT—$32.50 FURNISHED, $30 VACANT, 7-r. flat, heated; view Grand-blvd. 3519 Vernon-av.

TO RENT—283 30TH-ST., NEAR MICH.-BLVD., modern 7 and 8 room light flats; $32.50 and $35.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—STEAM-HEATED FLATS—
LAKE-AV.: $321-3, 6 and 7 rooms and large reception halls; delightful new apartments; convenient to I. C. R. R. paneled Flemish oak dining-rooms, awnings, hall trees; reduced rents.
JEFFERSON-AV., s. w. cor. 54th-pl., 4, 5, 6, and 7 rooms, new; only 3 blocks to I. C. sta. express trains; beautifully decorated, tapestried halls, hardwood floors; very reasonable rents.
OAKENWALD-AV., s. w. cor. 44th-pl., 6 and 7 rooms, very choice, overlooking lake.
EVANS-AV., s. e. cor. 48th-st., 4 rooms; every room light; hardwood floors, sideboard, etc.; $23.
40TH-ST., 382, bet. Grand-blvd. and Vincennes-av., 7 rooms, large and light, new; cheap.
VERNON-AV., 3030, 1st and 2d flats, 7 and 8 rooms; hardwood floors, sideboards; $32.50 and $35.
RHODES-AV. 3128, 7 rooms, hardwood floors, sideboard; fine; $25; near I. C. Ry.; 2d flat.
PRAIRIE-AV., 4047 and 49, 7 rooms, hardwood floors, sideboards, fine light; $35 and $37.50.
WOODLAWN-AV., n. e. cor. 43d-st., 6 rooms, hardwood floors, sideboard, etc.; $27.50; near I. C. Ry.
WABASH-AV., n. e. cor. 43d-st., 6 rooms, fireproof, artesian water; $25 and $27.50.
INDIANA-AV., 4520, 2d flat, 7 rooms, sideboard, fine light; $25; near I. C. Ry.
E. G. HOWARD & CO., 101 Washington-st.
4305 Cottage Grove-av. and 47th and Grand-blvd.

TO RENT—SOUTH SIDE HEATED AND UNHEATED FLATS—Various locations.

4-room flats	$12 to $20
5-room flats	15 to 25
6-room flats	20 to 27
7-room flats	20 to 30

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RENTERS.

I have new four to eight room houses, best construction, containing modern improvements, beautifully decorated, in good neighborhood, North, South, and West, that I will sell on monthly payments from $13.50 to $27.50 per month, including interest. Only $100 to $150 cash payment required. You can pay for a home with your rent money. Call or write for plans of 150 new houses, located in all parts of the city and suburbs, for sale on monthly payments same as rent. Do not rent until you have seen what a cozy home you can buy for the same money. It costs only 1 cent to find out. Drop me a postal card and I will mail you plans. Write at once.
1,963 houses sold on monthly payments in 22 years.
S. E. GROSS, sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

TO RENT—
"THE HAYWARD," 5463 to 5481 Madison-av., just north of 55th-st., elegant, light, and convenient 6 and 7 room apartments, near Ill. Central fast trains.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—YALE AND 64TH, NEAR ROCK Island, nice 5-r. flat; $23.50; steam, hot water.

TO RENT— IN THE DE LEON,
1451 E. 60TH-ST.,
OVERLOOKING DREXEL-BLVD.
SEVEN AND EIGHT LARGE ROOMS, STRICTLY MODERN, EXPENSIVE AND DESIRABLE, SUNLIGHT IN EVERY ROOM; CROICEST SOUTH EXPOSURE; AWNINGS; TELEPHONE. APPLY PREMISES.

TO RENT—YES! HERE THEY ARE; ALLEY L. 4-room stylish flats, light, airy, up to date, Park View, 6237 and 9 Cottage Grove-av., flats A, G, and K, $20 and $22.50. E. flats, 6611 Yale-av., 4 bays to each, $25. 7 and 8 r. flats, 4517 and 19 Lake-av., $32.50 and $35. Best in Kenwood for the price; handsomely decorated and flats in Rock Island, 6802 Yale-av., $18; furnished, $20.
Owner, 175 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 4 AND 6 ROOM STEAM-heated modern flats in Hyde Park,
5401-5403 LAKE-AV.,
Hot water, janitor service; porches overlooking lake for every tenant; within 1½ blocks of 53d-st. I. C. depot; anywhere in city in 10 minutes on express trains; rent $18 to $25 per month.
Janitor on premises will show flats.
F. H. BRAMMER, 70 La Salle-st., Room 35.

TO RENT—HERE IS YOUR CHANCE—
REDUCED PRICES. TEL. OAK. 616.
THE NEWEST APARTMENTS IN THE CITY.
4 AND 5 ROOMS; $22 TO $36.
PALAIS ELYSEE. FLEUR DE LIS.
NEW, COR. WABASH AND 36TH-ST.
12 MINUTES BY L ROAD DOWN-TOWN.
MAHOGANY FINISH, MARBLE BATHROOMS.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED FLATS.
$42.50—3 LEXINGTON-AV.—$42.50
Every room light. Janitor and agent at building always. Rent, $25 up.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CITY REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. The best bargains in the city can be had by attending our real estate auction sales.

DAILY BULLETIN CHANGED DAILY.
Parties who have any idea of buying lots should attend these sales.
At sale last Saturday one buyer was offered $200 profit on his purchase.

TODAY, this Thursday, April 25, at 4 p. m., on premises, fine corner, n. w. corner of Huron and Albany-av., near boulevard and Humboldt Park. Both streets paved. Lot 95x125 ft. (2 lots.) Also three lots on Albany-av., near Huron-st. Street paved with asphalt. This property is near Chicago-av. cars, Kedzie-av. cars, less than a block from beautiful Humboldt blvd., and park. Also five minutes' ride on Northwestern R. R. Splendid place to build. Everything rents at once. Remember these lots are less than 3 miles from City Hall.

This Saturday, April 27, at 2 p. m., in big tent opposite premises, 4 splendid frame cottages, Nos. 3631, 3633, 3635, 3637, 3639, 3641 Princeton-av. Every building will be sold irrespective of price. Terms, 5 per cent cash at time of sale, $300 in 30 days, balance arranged five years at 5½ per cent. Terms never before offered on such property.

Monday, April 29, at 5 p. m., on premises, fine lot on 60th-st., 25x125 to 16-foot alley; 3d lot east of Justine-st. Easy terms.

Monday, April 29, at 5:30 p. m., on premises, fine south front lot on 59th-st., 4th lot west of Bishop-st. Easy terms.

Tuesday, April 30, at 4 p. m., on premises, s. w. corner 20th and Rockwell-sts., 2 lots, 25x126 to 16-foot alley; near 21st, 22d, and Western-av. electric cars and Metropolitan "L." Douglas Park division, one block from property. Easy terms.

Tuesday, April 30, at 4:30 p. m., on premises, s. w. corner 21st and Rockwell-sts., 2 lots, 25x123 to 16-foot alley; near cars as above. Easy terms.

Wednesday, May 1, at 4 p. m., on premises, fine double lot, 50x140 to 16-foot alley, fronting south on Adelaide-av., between Leavitt and Franklin, one block east of Austin-av., in beautiful Austin. Easy terms.

Saturday, May 18, at 4 p. m., on the premises, the houses on Park-av., Nos. 536 to 546.

Look out for big sale of lots at Maywood, June 1, in tent. Military band. Old times will be repeated.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT DOWN-TOWN CORNER, 55 x100, with 4-story and basement strong brick and iron building; four blocks from Court-House; building rents $120.00; lot $120.00; will sell cheap for $60,000; want offer immediately. This is business. It will sell in two years for $100,000.
E. E. HUNTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GET RICH SURE—BUY A HOUSE on monthly payments and rent for enough to pay them; surer than industrial, railroad, oil, or mining stocks; call or write for particulars. S. E. GROSS, 6th floor, Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—STORES INSIDE THE LOOP; cheap. Stickney and Chicago acres; 10 years' time, 3 cors. on Wash. Park; no one can undersell me. NELSON THOMASSON, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—$82,000. FOR SALE; State-st., near the "Loop." 40 ft., improved; long lease; A1 tenant; nets 6% on price.
H. J. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st., sole agts.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
3522 MICHIGAN-AV.

Brown stone residence, 12 rooms, modern, h. w. heat, hardwood finish throughout; immediate possession; large brick barn; will pay 5 per cent on $25,000; will sell at great sacrifice; no trade.

F. E. JENNISON,
At American Trust and Savings Bank.

FOR SALE—
MADISON-AV., just north of 55th-st.; lot running through to Kimbark-st., two fronts; 66x152; two frame cottages; price $8,000; no lot in Chicago will pay better to improve at price asked; can show you how; $48,000; owner will loan 70 per cent of cost of land ($8,000) and cost of proposed new apartment ($40,000).
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—AUCTION SALE—
Saturday, April 27, at 2 p. m., on premises; 7120 S. Chicago-av., 6-r. brick house with four-flat frame bldg in rear; rent $52 per mo.
7100 Greenwood-av., lot 62x125, both streets paved and paid; frame bldg., with five flats and one store, rented $52 mo. Look at these and be prepared to do business Saturday of this week at 1 p. m. (See 10-acre Side column, "For Sale" on Tuesday, April 30).
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN ENGLEWOOD—2-flat, 6-room cottage, 50th-st., near Ashland-av., $850. 6-room cottage, nr. 65th-st.; 33 ft. lot; only $1,500. 80 ft., Wentworth-av., near 59th-st.; only $850. 225-50 ft. Princeton-av., 50-ft. lot; only $2,200.
KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE—35½X150 FT., n. e. cor. Garfield-blvd. and Justine-st.; this choice corner, only 1 blk. east of Ashland-av. for only $3,250; worth double. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—BARGAINS.
LEXINGTON-AV., near 35d-st., 50 ft. $3,500
PRAIRIE-AV., E. F., near 32d-st.; 50 ft., with 2 frame houses; only 5,500
DOWIES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—A CHOICE 2-FLAT STONE FRONT and stone heat, Woodlawn, close to all car lines; rent $52.50 mo.; only $5,000.
KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS FOR RESIDENCES only; between 35th and 37th-sts., 50ft. east of Kimbark-av., near 36th-st., choice e. f. lot. Send for plat. W. A. PRIDMORE, 234 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL GRAND-BLVD. RESIdence, lot 50x186, has brick stable; worth $25,000; if sold this week $15,000 will hand it; owner. Address W 470, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GRAND-BLVD., 3616; HANDSOME residence with barn at a sacrifice; you can buy it today for less than you would expect to pay; open; go through it and get price at once.

FOR SALE—3837 VERNON-AV., TWO-STORY brick flat, 6-6 r.; pays 6 per cent on $8,000; will sell $6,200; h. e. corner Oxford-ct. and Vernon; with 7 r. cottage in rear. W 433, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN—THE ELEgant house and large barn; lot, 95x175; s. w. cor. 26th and Prairie-av.; address owner, GEO. SCATTERY, 381 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—LOT 200; BUYS ONE OF THE BEST located bldg. lots on Grand-blvd. Campbell Investment Co., 432, 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—163x125, ST. LAWRENCE AND 50TH-pl., near Park; $55; biggest bargain for builder in Chicago. JAMES CHOATE, 1001 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A SNAP, TWO-STORY BRICK FLAT building, Berkeley-av., near 42d-st.; $4,500.
L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—ST. LAWRENCE-AV., BETWEEN 47th and 48th; 50 ft. to alley at side; $75.
GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EQUITY IN 9-ROOM INDIANA-AV. residence, between 25th and 30th-sts.; pleasant home; cheap for cash. Address W 307, Tribune.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD FRAME RESIdence, 8 rooms; $2,800; Lafayette-av., near 67th-st. R. N. BADENOCH, 1106 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—THE GREATEST BARGAINS ON South Side flats, cash and time; easy terms; half price. L. WHITNEY, 84 La Salle-st., R. 723.

FOR SALE—LAKE-VIEW PLAIN-AV., 50X130, E. FT. of Ashland-av., near Belmont; $1,000; cash, $250. Inst. 40th and 50th; 6%. Owner, 3138 Prairie-av.

FOR SALE—6311 DREXEL—12 FLATS $14,000; unheated; rental, $1,800; cash, $2,000, bal. easy.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS BY OWNER—
302 Courtland-st., 3-story dwelling.
67 Marion-pl., 3-story brick dwelling.
1139 Milwaukee-av., 3-story brick store and 2 lots.
1159 W. Taylor-st., 2-story brick dwelling.
274 W. Chicago-av., 2-story frame dwelling.
3 lots on 26th-st. and Lawndale-av.
Which can be had at reasonable terms.
H. H. BOESENBERG, 183 W. Division-st.

FOR SALE—WANT IMMEDIATE OFFERS—
—GOOD HOUSES—GOOD HOUSES—
906 Jackson-blvd., 2-story and base. brick.
842 Adams, 2-story and base., stone front.
853 Adams, 2-story base. and attic brick; fine condition; possession now.
It will pay you to see owner at once.
H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle, R. 6.

FOR SALE—AUCTION SALE—
Tuesday, April 30, at 2 p. m., on premises, 91 S. Peoria-st., between Madison and Monroe-sts., 20-room 3-story brick house, with 2 cottages in rear, occupied by owner; would rent for $60 a mo. This will be sold on Tuesday, April 30, at 2 p. m. (See So. Side column for notice of our Saturday's sale).
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$1,750 BUYS 51 FLOURNOY-ST., near Leavitt-st.; 2-story brick; cistern, cement walk; worth $2,500. See us at once.
GEO. H. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ONLY $3,750; GREAT BARGAIN; 86 Warren-av., near Robey; brick house, ten rooms, barn, and lot. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., exclusive agents, 86 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—MODERN BRICK house, 9 rooms; vicinity Garfield-blvd. and Princeton-st.; must sell again if taken before May 1. R. J. MURPHY, 47th-st. and Grand-blvd.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—$3,500, MONTHly payments, rent, $35; stone sidewalk, hardwood floor; newly decorated. 1031 W. Lake-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—109 HAMLIN-AV., near Lake-st.; lot 25x175; facing Garfield Park.
HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—588 S. LAWNDALE—NEW 7-R. brick residence; can't enter; $4,000.
CALKINS & CALKINS, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON WASHINGTON-BLVD., near Leavitt; special bargain. W 330, Tribune.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—NR. METROPOLITAN ELEVATED.
SEE HOW THEY GO.
SEE HOW THEY GO.
SEE HOW THEY GO.
26 TWO-STORY HOUSES BUILT.
18 SOLD IN 25 DAYS.
12 ALREADY OCCUPIED.
GO AND SEE THEM. COUNT THEM.

Best arranged houses on West Side; contain reception hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, bath-room, 3 large bedrooms (some houses have 4 bedrooms); oak mantel, sideboard, open plumbing, marble washbowl, porcelain bathtub, sewer, water, and gas; beautifully decorated; excellent neighborhood; $60,000 school two blocks; price $2,500; $150 cash and $15 per month.
Located on N. Lawndale and Costello-avs., just north of Armitage-av.
HOW TO GET THERE.
Take Humboldt Park line Metropolitan Elevated to N. Lawndale-av. station and walk north four blocks to Costello-av., just north of Armitage-av.; or take Milwaukee-av. car, transfer to Armitage-av. car, get off at Lawndale-av., and walk north two blocks.

Houses open every day. Go and see them or call and be taken free to see houses.
S. E. GROSS, SIXTH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE, REAL ESTATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
11,963 HOMES SOLD IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—
FREE 75 NEW PLANS
FREE FREE FREE
75 NEW PLANS FREE FREE FREE

On receipt of postal card I will send you, free, new architectural designs of up-to-date modern homes, located on West, North, and South Sides of city and in suburbs, and which your rent money will pay for, on monthly payments of $9 to $25.

Monthly payments.		Price.
$ 9	5-room houses	$1,175
10	5-room houses	1,300
10	6-room houses	1,750
12	6-room houses	1,800
12	7-room houses	1,975
15	7-room houses	2,100
15	8-room houses	2,200
20	8-room houses	2,850
20	8-room houses	2,875
25	10-room houses	3,500

DROP POSTAL IN MAIL BOX TODAY OR CALL.

S. E. GROSS, SIXTH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE, REAL ESTATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
(11,963 homes sold on monthly payments in 22 yrs.)

FOR SALE—BE QUICK. BE QUICK. BE QUICK.
IF YOU WANT ONE.
ONLY SIX LEFT.
IDEAL HOMES ON MONROE-ST,
EAST OF GARFIELD PARK.

New Roman pressed brick and stone front houses containing 7 and 8 rooms; oak trim, hardwood floors, mantel, sideboard, open nickel plumbing, artistically decorated; modern in every detail; located on Monroe-st., just east of Sacramento-av.; price $4,200 to $5,000; $400 cash, $30 to $40 MONTHLY.

HOW TO GET THERE.
Take Lake-st. or Metropolitan Elevated or Madison-st. cable to Sacramento-av.; houses open every day; go and see them or call and be taken free.
S. E. GROSS, SIXTH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE, State and Randolph-sts.
11,963 HOMES SOMO ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—VERY SPECIAL BARGAIN TO SETtle estate—Three stone front residences, detached, 8 rooms, furnaces, 2348-50-52 Jackson-st., near 43d Mat. station; worth $6,000; will sell entire building for $3,000, two inside $2,750 each; take $500 each cash and arrange balance. See buildings and call. E. HERDER, 100 Dearborn-st. Main 3123.

WANTED—OWNERS WISHING TO MAKE quick sales, consult our Auction department. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., s. w. cor. Washington and Dearborn-sts.

WANTED—LAKE FRONTAGE, SOUTH OF Winnetka. Established 1873. Logan Square property. Address W 447, Tribune office.

WANTED—THE CARE AND MANAGEMENT of West Side real estate. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 161 W. Madison-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—BUSINESS PROPERTY; GOOD stand; drugs, grocery, or bakery; price $3,500; want cottage or vacant corner. Owner, 504, 234 La Salle-st. Also equity 2-brick flat, near Garfield Park; in Englewood flat $2,000; west of Halsted.

$50,000 WORTH OF CLEAR UNPAYABLE LAND TO exchange for flat bldg.; might assume. Address W 335, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE — CLEAR CORNERS, BOULEvard, 150 ft., and Alley L., 125 ft., for $25,000 modern flat; SAFETY. SHREWAN & SALOMON.

WILL EXCHANGE $12,000 ARGYLE OR $50,000 Edgewater clear improved vacant for clear modern improved. Address T 403, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

REAL ESTATE LOANS MADE IN 24 HOURS; UNDER $1,000; REPAYABLE WITHIN $5 MONTHLY TO $100; 6 MONTHS TO 3 YEARS; ONE YEAR; ON VACANT LOTS; ON 2D MORTGAGES, BEHIND SMALL FIRST MORTGAGES, OR SECURED BY RENTS.
1424, 79 DEARBORN-ST.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE IN amounts of $2,000 over at 5, 5½, and 5½ per cent interest, without commission or expense; prompt service.
I PAY ALL EXPENSES.
HENRY VAN ILYSSINGEN,
Main floor. 88 La Salle-st. Opp. City Hall.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUSTON & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

5% —REAL-ESTATE LOANS— 5½%
No commission—no attorney's fees.
BUILDING LOANS; DAILY INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS. 92 LA SALLE-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 per cent, according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon; low rates. Loans made by ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

WANTED—$3,500 FOR 3 YEARS ON 99 YR. ground lease; 6%; interest guaranteed; building and improvements cost $12,000; best location; state terms explicitly. Address W 467, Tribune office.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
84 and 86 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents. 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

WANTED—TO BORROW $1,000, LONG TIME; security, 2,500-acre farm, clear, well improved. For further particulars address Box 157, Chadron, Neb.

CHANDLER MORTGAGE CO. [NOT INCORporated], 110 Dearborn-st. First mortgage loans on Chicago real estate; building loans. Choice 5½ per cent mortgages for sale.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT GOLD MORTGAGES, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN & SON,
1001. 155 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. LOW interest, small expense; first mortgages for sale. ADOLPH DEUTSCHER & CO., 108 La Salle-st., Suite 627-628. [Established 1883.]

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications. Lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privilege.
BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERR & CO., 85 Washington-st.

TO LOAN—SPECIAL FUND, $500 AND UPwards, 5 and 6 per cent.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Main floor, 86 Dearborn-st.

4½% MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE; no commissions or other charges whatever. Try me once. HOYERMAN, 55, 140 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 15 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency.
JONAH J. KNIGHT & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

SEVERAL SUMS OF $1,000 TO $5,000 TO LOAN on good improved or vacant city or suburban real estate. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO LOAN—5 AND 6 PER CENT, ANY SUM, ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4¼ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
S. w. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayable in monthly payments.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

BARTLETT, WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE loans on real estate; lowest rates; prompt action.

JOHN C. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st., loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

MILANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; low rates on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

TO LOAN—$2,000 TO $50,000, ON CHOICE FIRST mortgage; Chicago money; no delay; no other business. WILLIAM MOORE, 204 Dearborn-st.

WANT TO BORROW $1,200, 2 YRS., AT 7%, ON leasehold worth $6,000. W 438, Tribune office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—NEW ENGLAND SEASHORE HOUSE

in southern Mass., on borders of Buzzards' Bay. Estate of 25 acres, high, cultivated land; ¾ mile from shore, overlooking village and harbor; also piece of shore land beach land near by. New York easily accessible; Boston 55 miles; frequent trains. Suitable for summer home, fancy farming, fine stock or poultry raising. Large new dwelling, 20 rooms; steam heat, gas, hot and cold water plumbing throughout, bathroom, water closets, laundry, perfect drainage, commodious barn; sheds, ice, tool and poultry houses, overseer's cottage, fruit trees, etc., etc.; all in fine condition; built by retired business-man, lately deceased. For photos, plans, details, and terms apply, with references to F. M. S., Box 452, New Bedford, Mass.

FOR SALE—SUMMER RESORT—" NATURE'S monopoly "; easy terms; most conveniently located; accessible from any part of Chicago; just the investment for an organized body. JOHN EVERETT, 303 Great Northern Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—IF YOU WANT ST. JOSEPH RIVer lake shore property, summer resort property, fruit, stock, or grain farms address HUBBARD & MERWIN, Benton Harbor, Mich.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BUY A VIRGINIA FARM; GOOD lands, fine climate, schools unexcelled; seat of University of Virginia. McKENNIE, Charlottesville, Virginia.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—285 ACRE FARM seventeen miles west of Chicago; all cultivated; clear; $30,000. REED & MORTON, 107 Dearborn.

FOR SALE CHEAP; DEVELOPED OIL LAND, Jasper County, Ind. Address W 427, Tribune.

MEXICAN LANDS.

FOR SALE—" WALL-ST. ADVISES MEXICAN INVESTMENTS." writes the N. Y. correspondent of the CHICAGO INTERIOR, April 15, 1901, and adds: "Mexican enterprises are now being financed to an extent never before approached, and some of the foremost banking houses in Wall Street are advising such investments." THE MONTEZUMA WEALTH AND PLANTATION ASSOCIATION, CHICAGO, an established, successful plantation of 2,500 acres, offers investors opportunity for safe investment with certain dividends; paid 10% last year. Dividends constantly increasing until returns equal 100% yearly; $15 per month insures income of $1,200. Price per share only $300, payable in small monthly installments. Refer to 450 Chicago investors. Booklets free. Call or write. 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Central 2555.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL 10 ACRES FRONTING on small lake in Michigan fruit belt for $100; one night's ride from Chicago. H O 276, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO OWNERS OR AGENTS—I AM prepared to sell desirable real estate by my new method; doing business quickly in real estate; particulars furnished on application. CHARLES J. SHAW, 1 La Salle-st.

WANTED—MODERN 6 OR 7 ROOM COTTAGE or house, well located in or near suburb, West or South; cash payment or exchange fruit farm, near town, Southern Michigan. Address Fruit Farm, 117 Courtland, Benton Harbor, Mich.

WILL EXCHANGE GROUND LEASE HAVING 8 yrs. to run, paying $750 per year over expenses, for good, clear property. Address W 428, Tribune, worth $4,000, clear. BALDWIN, 244 35th-st.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS OR AGENTS, REAL estate in city or suburbs at auction; best way to sell property today; previous sales satisfactory. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—A RESIDENCE IN WINnetka, Lakeside, Highland Park, or Lake Forest, worth up to $30,000; want possession as soon as possible. MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—RESIDENCE, IN HYDE PARK, FOR cash; must be A1 and modern, 10 to 12 rooms, $10,000 to $25,000; full particulars or no attention. Address W 466, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH CUSTOMERS—SOUTH Side modern 3-flat building, about $12,000; also Edgewater residence, about $7,000; owners call. E. H. SPEED, 100 Dearborn-st. Main 3123.

WANTED—OWNERS WISHING TO MAKE quick sales, consult our Auction department. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., s. w. cor. Washington and Dearborn-sts.

WANTED—LAKE FRONTAGE, SOUTH OF Winnetka. Established 1873. Logan Square property. Address W 447, Tribune office.

WANTED—THE CARE AND MANAGEMENT of West Side real estate. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 161 W. Madison-st.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—BUSINESS PROPERTY; GOOD stand; drugs, grocery, or bakery; price $3,500; want cottage or vacant corner. Owner, 504, 234 La Salle-st. Also equity 2-brick flat, near Garfield Park; in Englewood flat $2,000; west of Halsted.

$50,000 WORTH OF CLEAR UNPAYABLE LAND TO exchange for flat bldg.; might assume. Address W 335, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE — CLEAR CORNERS, BOULEvard, 150 ft., and Alley L., 125 ft., for $25,000 modern flat; SAFETY. SHREWAN & SALOMON.

WILL EXCHANGE $12,000 ARGYLE OR $50,000 Edgewater clear improved vacant for clear modern improved. Address T 403, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

REAL ESTATE LOANS MADE IN 24 HOURS; UNDER $1,000; REPAYABLE WITHIN $5 MONTHLY TO $100; 6 MONTHS TO 3 YEARS; ONE YEAR; ON VACANT LOTS; ON 2D MORTGAGES, BEHIND SMALL FIRST MORTGAGES, OR SECURED BY RENTS.
1424, 79 DEARBORN-ST.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE IN amounts of $2,000 over at 5, 5½, and 5½ per cent interest, without commission or expense; prompt service.
I PAY ALL EXPENSES.
HENRY VAN ILYSSINGEN,
Main floor. 88 La Salle-st. Opp. City Hall.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY.
BUILDING LOANS.
PEABODY, HOUSTON & CO.,
164 DEARBORN-ST.

5% —REAL-ESTATE LOANS— 5½%
No commission—no attorney's fees.
BUILDING LOANS; DAILY INSPECTION.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS. 92 LA SALLE-ST.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO real estate at current rates; no delay.
GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE.
CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st.
Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY LOANED ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 per cent, according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon; low rates. Loans made by ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

WANTED—$3,500 FOR 3 YEARS ON 99 YR. ground lease; 6%; interest guaranteed; building and improvements cost $12,000; best location; state terms explicitly. Address W 467, Tribune office.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
84 and 86 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—
GRAHAM & SONS, Bankers, Fire Insurance, and Steamship Agents. 134 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

WANTED—TO BORROW $1,000, LONG TIME; security, 2,500-acre farm, clear, well improved. For further particulars address Box 157, Chadron, Neb.

CHANDLER MORTGAGE CO. [NOT INCORporated], 110 Dearborn-st. First mortgage loans on Chicago real estate; building loans. Choice 5½ per cent mortgages for sale.

FOR SALE—6 PER CENT GOLD MORTGAGES, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., trustee. Send for list. SAM BROWN & SON,
1001. 155 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE. LOW interest, small expense; first mortgages for sale. ADOLPH DEUTSCHER & CO., 108 La Salle-st., Suite 627-628. [Established 1883.]

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications. Lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNT AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privilege.
BARNES & PARISH, 157 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERR & CO., 85 Washington-st.

TO LOAN—SPECIAL FUND, $500 AND UPwards, 5 and 6 per cent.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., MONEY loaned on Chicago real estate at lowest rates; immediate inspection. Main floor, 86 Dearborn-st.

4½% MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE; no commissions or other charges whatever. Try me once. HOYERMAN, 55, 140 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 15 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency.
JONAH J. KNIGHT & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

SEVERAL SUMS OF $1,000 TO $5,000 TO LOAN on good improved or vacant city or suburban real estate. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

TO LOAN—5 AND 6 PER CENT, ANY SUM, ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4¼ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK—
S. w. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.
Loans made on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayable in monthly payments.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

BARTLETT, WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE loans on real estate; lowest rates; prompt action.

JOHN C. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st., loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

MILANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; low rates on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

TO LOAN—$2,000 TO $50,000, ON CHOICE FIRST mortgage; Chicago money; no delay; no other business. WILLIAM MOORE, 204 Dearborn-st.

WANT TO BORROW $1,200, 2 YRS., AT 7%, ON leasehold worth $6,000. W 438, Tribune office.

NOTICE.

During the construction of the new building THE TRIBUNE business office will be in the premises now occupied by the Chicago National Bank, Dearborn and Monroe streets. The removal will take place on May 1. The editorial rooms will also be at the corner of Dearborn and Monroe streets, but the office of the managing editor, the city editor, and all the news departments of the paper will be at 126 to 132 Market street, where the mechanical work of the paper, such as typesetting, printing, and mailing, will be done.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

BUILDING LOANS—
We will make loans as small as $5,000 at 4½% where margin of security is unusually large.
Can you pay a portion of your present loan? If so, we can quote you very advantageous renewal rates. Prepayments allowed. No delay. We pass on security.
If under foreclosure, save your equity by sale of property through our
REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.
We have many clients with cash in hand looking for bargains in real estate.
BUILDING LOANS AT LOWEST RATES.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO.,
110 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago and suburban property at 5 and 6½ per cent, according to security; liberal payment privileges if desired.

Building loans a specialty.
Prompt attention given to applications.
ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

FINANCIAL.

WHY DEAL WITH PAWNBROKERS WHEN YOU NEED MONEY?
WE LOAN any sum from $5 to $500. Our dealings are courteous, honorable, strictly confidential, and you are absolutely safe while negotiating a loan with us.
LOANS made on watches, diamonds, jewelry, seal garments, etc. Our terms are less than one-half of what other concerns charge.
SALARY LOANS.
MONEY to salaried employes with responsible concerns on your plain note without any security.
LOANS ON FURNITURE.
MONEY loaned on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, fixtures, etc. FOR ONE MONTH to one year, and you keep full possession.
LOANS made anywhere in Cook County. We loan simply for the interest. NO OTHER CHARGES. You can repay in easy payments or just the interest. Information cheerfully given.
CALL OR WRITE.
BUSINESS done privately and we will deal honestly and honorably with you.
KINDLY bear in mind THE VERY LOWEST RATES OF INTEREST.
AMERICAN LOAN COMPANY,
ROOM 75 HARTFORD BUILDING,
140 DEARBORN-ST. CORNER OF MADISON.
OPEN 8 A. M. UNTIL 7 P. M.

MONEY ON YOUR OWN NOTE—
LOUIS WEBER & CO.,
113 to 121 E. Harrison-st.,
cor. Clark-st.
Money loaned to salaried employes on their plain notes.
We do not require any indorser, co-signer, or mortgage.
OUR RATES ARE LESS THAN ONE-HALF CHARGED BY REGULAR MONEY LENDERS.
Business strictly confidential.
Get our rates and plans if contemplating making a loan.
Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

SALARY LOANS ON YOUR OWN NOTE; NO INdorser or mortgage required; CONFIDENTIAL; quick service and courteous treatment; no good loan too large for us. J. A. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., Suite 23, OPPOSITE THE FAIR.

$20 UP LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE; NO SEcurity; everything private; easy payments.
THE NATIONAL DISCOUNT CO.,
218 LA SALLE-ST. R. 308.
TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED —LOANS on same, 6%; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies purchased at 6%; give full particulars and loan values than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same, 6 per cent per annum. Give larger cash and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERZFELD, 171 La Salle-st., R. 813. Established 1873.

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